November 4, 1772. NUMB. 2289.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

Burlington, October 26, 1772.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

You will gratify the Curioſity, as well as ſerve the Intereſts of your Jerſey Cuſtomers, by inſerting the Incloſed in your Paper of next Week.

EXTRACTS from the Votes of the Houſe of Aſſembly of New-Jerſey, reſpecting the Numbering of the Inhabitants of the ſaid Province.

A Meſſage from the GOVERNOR *to the* Houſe *of* Repreſentatives.

GENTLEMEN,

A RIGHT Knowledge of the Number of Inhabitants, Dwelling-houſes, Births and Burials, of a Country, is a Matter evidently of great Importance to the public Welfare; and is peculiarly neceſſary and proper to thoſe, who are Members of the Legiſlature. I have taken ſome Pains, during my Reſidence in this Colony, to obtain this uſeful Piece of Knowledge, but the moſt intelligent Perſons I could meet with, were as ignorant, in this reſpect, as myſelf. On my mentioning this Matter to His Majeſty's Council, and conſulting them on the Expediency of having the Numbers taken, they adviſed the having a Number of blank Liſts, proper for the Purpoſe, printed, and ſent to every Sheriff, with Directions to diſtribute them to the ſeveral Aſſeſſors in each County, and requeſt them to make the neceſſary Enquiries within their reſpective Diſtricts, as pointed out at the Head of the Liſt, and make Return thereof to the Sheriff, as ſoon as they conveniently could. This it was not doubted the Aſſeſſors would be ſo obliging as to do, as it would occaſion them but little additional Trouble, the Duty of their Office already requiring them to take an Account of the ſeveral Families in their reſpective Diſtricts. As yet I have received only one Return, which is from Mr. Skelton, the Aſſeſſor of Windſor, in the County of Middleſex; and, as it appears to be very accurately taken, I now lay it before your Houſe, for your Information, and that you may have an Opportunity of judging of the Expediency and Utility of Accounts of this Nature. Whether I ſhall have it in my Power to make many more Communications of this Kind is, at preſent, very uncertain, as I am credibly informed, that ſome of the Aſſeſſors object to complying with the Requeſt, which has been made to them, becauſe it is not required of them by Law; others, becauſe of an abſurd, ſuperſtitious Notion, which has long prevailed amongſt the Vulgar, that numbering the People is ſinful, and will be attended with fatal Conſequences to the Country; and others, becauſe they ſuſpect the Miniſtry have directed the Meaſure, in order to anſwer ſome particular Purpoſe of theirs; for which Suſpicion I can aſſure you, Gentlemen, there is not the leaſt Foundation, it not being even known to the Miniſtry, that any ſuch Thing is in Agitation: But the Refuſal of the largeſt Number is founded, I am told, on their Unwillingneſs to take any additional Trouble, where they are not to have an additional Allowance. This, however, Gentlemen, is no new Scheme. The Numbers of People have been twice before taken in this Colony, though not in ſo compleat a Manner as is now propoſed, and they have lately been taken in New-York, without any Difficulty, and none of the evil Conſequences, dreaded by ſuperſtitious People, have ever enſued either to this or that Colony.

I hope this Matter will appear to you in the Light its Importance deſerves, and that you will uſe your Influence, in your reſpective Counties, to promote the Completion of it, or otherwiſe give ſuch Encouragement to the Deſign, as may enſure its Succeſs.

September 9, 1772. WILLIAM FRANKLIN.

An ABSTRACT of the Return made by JOSEPH SKELTON, *Eſq; Aſſeſſor of the Townſhip of Windſor, in the County of Middleſex, which was laid before the Houſe with the foregoing Meſſage.*

		Total.
Dwelling-houſes in the Townſhip,		300
WHITE PERSONS,		
Of all Ages; Males 877, Females 946,		1823
More Females than Males, 69.		
Married; Males 270, Females 270,	540)	1823
Unmarried; Males 607, Females 676,	1283)	
Under 16 Years old; Males 448, Females 450,	898	1823
More Females than Males, 2.		
From 16 to 50; Males 360, Females 438,	798	
More Females than Males, 78.		
From 50 to 80; Males 66, Females 52,	118	
More Males than Females, 14.		
Eighty, and upwards; Males 3, Females 6,	9	
More Females than Males, 3.		
Marriages within the laſt Year, *viz.*		
From July, 1771, to July, 1772,		4
Births in the ſaid Year; Males 14, Females 14,		28
Burials in the ſaid Year, *viz.*		
Under 16 Years old; Males 3, Female 1,	4	9
From 16 to 50; Male 1, Females 2,	3	
Fifty, and upwards; Male 1, Female 1,	2	
Families moved out of the Province from this Townſhip, within the ſaid Year,		2
Conſiſting of Males 12, Females 3,		15
Moved into the Province, and ſettled in this Townſhip, within the ſaid Year,		0
NEGROES,		
Under 16 Years old; Males 18, Females 31,	49)	95
Sixteen, and upwards; Males 33, Females 13,	46)	
Births within the ſaid Year; Male		1
Burials within the ſaid Year,		0

Mr. SKELTON remarks,

That in Auguſt 1771, Mr. James Clarke, a Native of the County of Middleſex, died in this Townſhip, aged 80.

That there is now living in the Townſhip a Negroe Woman, aged 108.

That Windſor is a ſmall Townſhip, being, on the North Bounds, about five Miles wide, from North to South, about fourteen Miles in Length, terminating in a Point on Monmouth Line, in the Whole about ſeven Miles ſquare. The ſeveral Farms occupied contain about 29,000 Acres of Land, great Part of which has been ſettled ſince the Year 1733.

Mr. Skelton, though one of the moſt intelligent Men in the County, aſſured the Governor, that he did not imagine there were ſo many People, by 500, in the Townſhip, as he found on taking their Numbers. And that about the Year 1733 there were not above 40 Farms in the Townſhip, and now there are near 300.

It is alſo to be noted, that the New-Jerſey College is within the Townſhip of Windſor, in which College there are 3 Tutors, 1 Maſter of the Grammar School, 85 Students, and 45 Grammar Scholars, Total 134, not included in the foregoing Liſt.

A Meſſage from the GOVERNOR *to the* Houſe *of* Repreſentatives.

GENTLEMEN,

I have received a Return from ſeveral of the Aſſeſſors of the County of Hunterdon, of the Number of Inhabitants, &c. in their reſpective Townſhips, with a Petition, requeſting a Recompence for their extraordinary Trouble in taking the Liſts, which I now lay before your Houſe. As many of them were not made acquainted with my Requeſt, until after they had been about their Townſhips to take the Rateables, and therefore had the Trouble of going about a ſecond Time, and as they have executed the Buſineſs with Care and Aſſiduity, I cannot but recommend them, and ſuch others, as ſhall hereafter appear to have acted in the ſame obliging and public-ſpirited Manner, to your Houſe, for ſome Compenſation, adequate to their Services.

September 15, 1772. WILLIAM FRANKLIN.

Houſe of Aſſembly, Wedneſday, September 16, 1772.

His Excellency's Meſſages of the 9th and 15th Inſtant, reſpecting the Numbering the Inhabitants, and an Allowance to the Aſſeſſors, &c. for taking the Liſts, were read the ſecond Time, and, after ſome Debate thereon, on the Queſtion,

Ordered,

That Mr. MEHELM, and Mr. HEWLINGS, do wait on his Excellency, and inform him, That the Houſe have taken his Excellency's Meſſages of the 9th and 15th Inſtant, into Conſideration; and, as the Time of aſſeſſing the Inhabitants by Law is paſſed, and there is now no Probability that a compleat Liſt can be had this Year, that the Members of this Houſe will, in their ſeveral Counties, countenance the Taking the Liſts, propoſed by his Excellency, at the Time of next aſſeſſing the Inhabitants, when the Houſe hopes the Liſts will not only be taken with Accuracy, but with leſs Expence and Trouble, both to the Aſſeſſors and the People, and, that when the Returns are compleated, that the Houſe will take the Matter into farther Conſideration.

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on the PREMISES,

TWO good PLANTATIONS or TRACTS of LAND, one containing 232 acres, the other about 150 acres; each conſiſting of good wheat land, and meadow. About 100 acres of upland, and 40 acres of meadow, are cleared on the firſt mentioned place, which will be ſold on the 16th of this inſtant November; and about 60 acres of upland and 30 acres of meadow, cleared on the laſt mentioned place, which will be ſold on the 23d of this inſtant; the reſt good woodland, and ſwamp, for meadow. There are on the ſaid plantations, good dwelling-houſes, barns, orchards, fences, and other improvements; lying on the ſouth ſide of Mill-creek, in Northampton, about 4 miles from Burlington, one mile from a navigable landing on Ancocas-creek, and about 4 miles from Mount-holly. The conditions to be ſeen at the times and place of ſale, and a good title made by

‖ 1 *w.* THOMAS ELTON, and ABRAHAM LEEDS.

MARGARET DUNCAN

HAS removed her STORE, four doors above where ſhe formerly dwelt, and three doors below the corner of Arch-ſtreet, in Second-ſtreet; where ſhe has for ſale, a large aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, imported in the laſt veſſels from Europe, which ſhe is determined to diſpoſe of, on the loweſt terms, for caſh, or the uſual credit.

N. B. Said *Duncan* has a number of LOTS, in Southwark, to LETT, on Groundrent. ¶ 6 *W.*

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on the 18th day of this inſtant November, at two o' clock in the afternoon, will be expoſed to ſale, at the houſe of William Doyle, Tavern-keeper, in Warwick townſhip, Bucks county, a certain meſſuage, plantation, and tract of land, ſituate in New-Britain townſhip, in ſaid county, containing 100 acres, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by lands of Joſeph Hair, Jacob Yeether, Richard Wildgooſe, John Dungan, and the Widow Catherine Dungan, with a good ſtone dwelling-houſe and barn thereon, &c. late the eſtate of John Stephens; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by RICHARD GIBBS, Sheriff. ‡

TO BE SOLD,

A SMALL PLANTATION, ſituate in Benſalem townſhip, Bucks county; bounded by lands of Joſeph Galloway, and John Swift, Eſquires, Mr. James Benezet, and Herman Vanſant; containing 73 acres. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may be informed of the terms, by applying to RICHARD GIBBS. ‖

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on the premiſes, the 28th day of this inſtant November (if not before diſpoſed of by private ſale) for the benefit of the creditors of Chriſtopher Fenigan,

A PLANTATION, containing 93 acres of LAND, whereon ſaid Chriſtopher Fenigan now lives, ſituate in Cheſterfield, in the county of Burlington, about one mile above Bordentown, adjoining Croſſwick's creek, on which there is a good landing; it commands an agreeable proſpect of the river Delaware, and of the large meadows in Nottingham; there are on ſaid plantation, a good frame houſe, barn, &c. about 60 acres of cleared land, of a kind fertile ſoil, the remainder is good woodland. Alſo to be ſold, at the ſame time and place (and with the above, if it ſuits the purchaſer) 40 acres of meadow, nearly adjoining the above tract, of an excellent quality, 30 acres of which are embanked. The titles are indiſputable. One half the purchaſe money will not be wanted for a number of years. Any perſon, inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to ISAAC PEARSON, ISRAEL WRIGHT, and JACOB LAWRENCE, Aſſignees. ‖ 7 *ſ* 6.

ALL Perſons, who are indebted to the Eſtate of JOHN BIGHAM, late of Bart Townſhip, Lancaſter County, deceaſed, either by Bond, Book Account, or otherwiſe, are hereby deſired to make immediate Payment, to the Subſcribers; and thoſe having any Demands are deſired to make the ſame known, in order for Settlement, by JAMES MILLER, JOHN PAXTON, and JOHN HAIR, Adminiſtrators. ¶

TAKEN up by William Sinkler, in Weſt-Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, near the ſign of the Waggon, a light ſorrel horſe, about 14 hands high, well built for the gears, and has been worked, and is branded on the far thigh with ſeveral remarkable marks. The owner is deſired to come, deſcribe the brand and marks, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. WILLIAM SINKLER. *October* 24, 1772. §

For the ENTERTAINMENT of the CURIOUS.

MR. KINNERSLEY propoſes to exhibit his Electrical Experiments at the College, in this city, To-morrow, and next Day; and again on Monday and Tueſday next week; to begin at ſix o' clock in the evening. In this courſe, conſiſting of only two Lectures, many curious and intereſting experiments will be exhibited, tending to ſhew the nature and properties of lightning, and how to avoid the danger of it; among which, the following will not be deemed the leaſt remarkable.

Flaſhes of lightning viſible under water; iron heated red hot and even melted by lightning, whilſt under, and in contact with, common cold water.

Thoſe Gentlemen and Ladies, who intend to honour theſe Lectures with their company, are requeſted to be furniſhed with tickets, that no money may be taken at the door. Tickets may be had at Mr. KINNERSLEY's houſe, near the college, at Half a Dollar for each Lecture.

As Electrical Experiments can be beſt exhibited when the air is pretty dry; if it ſhould not prove dry enough in any of the evenings above appointed, the exhibition muſt be deferred till the next dry evening after.

N. B. Mr. KINNERSLEY has room in his houſe to accommodate two more young boarders for the college. §

FOR LONDON,

THE SHIP CATHERINE, JAMES SUTTON, COMMANDER;

HAS extraordinary Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will ſail with all convenient Expedition. For Freight, or Paſſage, apply to HENRY KEPPELE, JOHN STEINMETZ, or HENRY KEPPELE, junior, or ſaid Commander on board, at Maſſey's Wharff, or at the London Coffee-Houſe.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, ſituate in Saliſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, near Sarah Hopkins's Tavern, and within one mile of Pequea Meeting; late the eſtate of John Miller, deceaſed; containing 120 acres, part thereof cleared, the reſidue well timbered, ten acres of extraordinary meadow, and a great deal more can be made, and the whole well watered; good orchard, all grafted fruit, houſes, barn, and ſtables; the plantation is in very good repair, and the title indiſputable. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſaid tract of land, may know the terms of ſale, by applying to ELIZABETH, JOSEPH, or ALEXANDER MILLER, Executors, living on ſaid place.

October 31, 1772. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, at the ſign of the Black Horſe, in Martick townſhip, Lancaſter county, a dapple grey HORSE, branded on the near buttock (ſuppoſed to be) M, much marked with the collar, large hanging ears, a heavy thick ſtout made horſe. The perſon ſuppoſed to have ſtolen him is a thick ſet fellow, with a ſurtout of a browniſh grey colour, good buckſkin breeches and boots, blackiſh hair, tied behind. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe and thief, ſo that the owner may have the horſe, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or FORTY SHILLINGS for the horſe, and reaſonable charges, paid by ROBERT DUNCAN.

The perſon above deſcribed was ſeen (a few days ago) having a likely brown mare, 12 years old, her hind feet white. Any perſon giving intelligence of the horſe or thief, to ſaid DUNCAN (by letter or otherwiſe) ſhall be ſatisfied for their trouble.

October 24, 1772. ¶

STRAYED, or STOLEN, from the ſubſcriber, in Hemphill townſhip, Lancaſter county, on the 27th of Auguſt laſt, a black MARE, ten years old, her hind feet white, and a ratch down her face, that ſpreads over one of her noſtrils. Whoever takes up the ſaid mare, and ſecures her, ſo that the owner may get her again, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by MARY SCOTT.

Philadelphia, October 30, 1772.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Second-ſtreet, laſt night, a dark brown MARE, about 14 hands high, and about 8 years old; ſhe hath neither brand nor ear-mark, but has had a lump under her near ſhoulder, which, however, is now ſo far gone that it is not obſerved, but by the ſkin's being looſer at that place than the reſt. She is a genteel creature, and a natural pacer. Whoever takes up the ſaid mare and thief, ſo that the owner may have the mare again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward of SIX POUNDS, and for the mare alone THREE POUNDS, and reaſonable charges, paid by me GEORGE SLOSSER. ‖

STOLEN, the 16th day of October, out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Montgomery, Philadelphia county, a yellowiſh dun GELDING, 6 years old laſt ſpring, about 14½ hands high, paces, trots and gallops well, but moſt inclines to pace, ſhod before, a ſtar in his forehead, a brown ſpot on each ſide of his ſhoulder, with a black liſt along his back, the lower half of his ears of the ſame colour as his body, and nearer the end of a dark brown, and the points white, his legs ſpotted, his hind feet white, one more white than the other. Whoever ſecures the horſe and thief, ſo that the owner may have him again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS reward, but for the horſe only, THIRTY SHILLINGS, and all reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN DRAKE. §

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Warminſter townſhip, Bucks county, near Nathaniel Ellicott's Tavern, in the night of the 26th of October laſt, a dark grey MARE, 7 years old, 14½ hands high, trots and paces ſwift, carries her head low, and has a lump under her belly, like a large navel. Whoever ſecures the thief and mare, ſo that the owner may have his mare, and the thief be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or THREE POUNDS for the thief, and FORTY SHILLINGS for the mare, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM MAN. ‖

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the Fourth Page.*]

The QUEEN *of* DENMARK's *Account of the late* REVOLUTION *in* DENMARK; *written while her Majeſty was a Priſoner in the Caſtle of* Cronenburgh; *and now firſt publiſhed from the original Manuſcript, ſent to a noble Earl.*

THE Deſign of this Pamphlet is to exculpate the unhappy Queen from the Charges, brought againſt her at the Time of the Revolution in Denmark; the principal of which (according to this Account) were, 1. The Plotting againſt the King her Huſband, in order to diſpoſſeſs him of the Crown, in Concert with Counts Brandt and Struenſee. 2. Infidelity to the King.

The Reaſonings againſt the Probability of the Truth of theſe Accuſations, adduced by the Writer of this Account, are as follow:

"I ſhall now proceed to offer ſome Reaſons for the Improbability of my being guilty of the Crimes laid to my Charge. To begin then with the Charge of my being concerned in a Conſpiracy to depoſe the King; to have engaged in a Scheme of this Kind, would have been giving a Proof of as much Weakneſs as of Wickedneſs. For, even ſuppoſing that ſuch a Deſign had been effected, the Conſequences of it muſt have been, in the higheſt Degree, diſadvantageous to me; as the Danes would certainly never have ſubmitted to be governed by me (a Foreigner) in either of the Capacities of Queen or Regent; and in that Caſe, either the depoſed King would have been again put in Poſſeſſion of the Throne, or the Succeſſion would have been entirely altered, by the Advancement of Prince Frederick to the Crown. Thus, which ever Event was to happen, my Ruin would be certain; but, granting that the Enterprize had ſucceeded, and that I had been permitted to aſcend the Throne, I could not have expected to maintain an undiſturbed Poſſeſſion of my Seat; as the Queen Dowager would naturally, under the Pretence of reinſtating the depoſed King, have ſought the Aſſiſtance of foreign Powers to diſpoſſeſs me of my aſſumed Authority. France, whoſe Intereſt at this Court is, through the Power of that Party, very conſiderable, would gladly have lent her Aid on this Occaſion; whilſt England muſt, in Juſtice, have withheld all Aſſiſtance from the Uſurper, though ſo cloſely allied to her: Add to this, the ſtrong Oppoſition I ſhould have met with from a conſiderable Party among the Natives themſelves, who are cloſely connected with the Queen Dowager, and Prince Frederick. Thus ſurrounded with Difficulties, I ſhould have been ſoon worſted in the unequal Conteſt; and, in Conſequence, precipitated from my airy Heighth, with the Loſs of Power, Liberty, and (moſt probably) Life. But ſuppoſing that I could be blind in ſome Reſpects to the Dangers and Difficulties, attending ſuch an Enterprize, on what Side was I to look for Aſſiſtance in the Execution of it? The Army have proved, by the Part they took in the late Revolution, that all Application to them would have been ineffectual; the greateſt Part of the Nobility were in the Intereſt of the Queen Dowager; the common People were too much prejudiced againſt me, by the falſe and malicious Inſinuations thrown out by my Enemies, for me to expect the leaſt Aſſiſtance from that Quarter; the Joy they expreſſed, when my Reverſe of Fortune was made known, plainly ſhews in what Eſtimation I was held by them. Never yet was a national Revolution effected (even attempted) in which there was not at leaſt a conſiderable Part either of the Army or Commonalty engaged; but I am charged with having conceived the Deſign of bringing about ſuch a Revolution, at a Time when, it is apparent, the far greater Part of the Nobility, and the Whole of the Army and Commonalty, were in League againſt me. Thus ſurrounded with Enemies, as powerful as they were numerous, to whom could I look for Protection from their Machinations, ſave to the King, my Huſband? And can it poſſibly be imagined, that I ſhould be ſo far infatuated, as to ſeek to deprive him of that Power, which alone could be my Defence againſt any Deſigns they might form to my Prejudice? Surely the Abſurdity of this Charge can be equalled only by the Malicioufneſs of it.

"The next Accuſation is of a ſtill deeper Dye than the foregoing one. It was neceſſary to aſſign ſome Motive of apparent Weight for my embarking in an Enterprize, ſo replete with Dangers and Difficulties: My whole Conduct, while at the Court of Copenhagen, proves, that the Thirſt of Power (though a Frailty natural to my Sex) was the Foible which, of all others, I was moſt exempt from: I never attempted to raiſe a Faction in my Favour, even when I could not but perceive, that there was a ſtrong Party formed againſt me: But, placing the utmoſt Confidence in my own Innocence, and the Favour of the King, my Huſband, I heard, without Apprehenſion, the Rumours of the ſecret Cabals, in which they had been for ſome Time engaged. My Foes were therefore obliged to fix on ſome other Motive, than merely that of a Wiſh to encreaſe my Power, for my attempting to dethrone the King; and accordingly ſuggeſted, that I had engaged in a criminal Intercourſe with Count Struenſee; conſequently, that it had become neceſſary, to the Safety both of the Count and myſelf, to deprive the King of that Power, which we were certain would be exerciſed with the utmoſt Severity over us, in caſe the Criminality of our Conduct ſhould at any Time come to Light. They hinted, that (as a ſtrong Preſumption of my Guilt) a Reſemblance of the ſaid Count, might be plainly traced in the Features of the Infant, my Daughter. They grounded this Accuſation upon a (pretended) Familiarity between me and the Count, which (ſaid they) was totally inconſiſtent with that Dignity, which I ought to have maintained in all my Behaviour, as Conſort of the King. It is averred, that the unhappy Count confeſſed himſelf to have been guilty of ſuch criminal Connection with me, in the Courſe of his Examination before the Court of Enquiry. I ſcarcely can conceive it poſſible, that the Count could thus caſt a Stain upon my Reputation, and his own Honour, by an Accuſation ſo totally devoid of Truth. But even admitting that he did make this Confeſſion, as it was avowedly forced from him by the Tortures of the Rack, ſuch Evidence alone, without any corroborating Circumſtances, ought not to have been admitted as Cauſe ſufficient for my Conviction. But my Judges were predetermined to condemn me, though it ſhould be at the Expence of Law, Juſtice, and Reaſon. This Proceeding ſurprizes me the leſs, when I conſider the Influence under which they acted; for I am fully convinced, that the Nomination of the Members of the above Court, and alſo certain Regulations, according to which they were to proceed, were made by the ſelf-ſame Authority with that, by which the King was compelled to ſign the Order for my Arreſt. It is obſervable, that there is not the leaſt Suggeſtion thrown out againſt the Legitimacy of the Prince, my Son. A pretended too great Familiarity between the Count and me was the Foundation, on which my Enemies grounded the Charge againſt me; and this Familiarity, they alledged, was viſible to the whole Court. If this had really been the Caſe, whence happens it, that the King ſhould be ſo long ignorant of ſuch a material Circumſtance? It is plain he was an entire Stranger to it, at the very Time of my Arreſt, otherwiſe he would never have heſitated to ſign the Order for that Purpoſe. And beſides, it muſt have been a Proof of the higheſt Degree of Infatuation in me, to have behaved with ſuch Want of Circumſpection in a Court, where I well knew, that a great Part of the Perſons who appeared before me, were in the Capacity of Spies upon my Actions."

LONDON.

Auguſt 11. On Monday laſt arrived at Spithead, his Majeſty's bark Endeavour, from the Falkland Iſlands. She left England, Dec. 5, 1771, which is the quickeſt paſſage ever known.

Extract of a Letter from Compeigne, July 25.

"The Sieur de Kerguelen, Lieutenant in the navy, who was ſent out to make diſcoveries of the terra auſtralis, is lately returned, and the following particulars of the ſucceſs of his voyage are publiſhed here:

"After three weeks navigation from the iſland of Bourbon, the Sieur de Kerguelen diſcovered, in 47 degrees of ſouth latitude, weſtward of that iſland, an unknown country, which he has named South France. He coaſted along an extent of fifty leagues, and according to the report of ſome of his people, whom he ſent aſhore, the country is very fine, and appears to be extremely fruitful. It is peopled by a vaſt number of inhabitants of a blackiſh complexion; there are foreſts, and meadows covered with numberleſs herds of cattle."

Auguſt 20. It is ſaid, that the opinions of the Crown Lawyers have been taken, on the legality of the Court of Directors ſending a commiſſion with dictatorial powers to the Eaſt; and they have reported upon the caſe, "That the government of the ſettlements in Aſia are by charter veſted in a Governor and Council, which mode of government has been recognized by various acts of Parliament, that, therefore, any change in that form, by a commiſſion from the company, is illegal, and a ſufficient cauſe for the forfeiture of the charter."

Auguſt 27. A conſiderable number of the Merchants, trading to the Britiſh Colonies, having prepared the following addreſs to the Earl of Hillſborough, a Committee from them waited on, and preſented it to, his Lordſhip on Tueſday.

To the Right Hon. the Earl *of* Hillſborough.

"My Lord,

"The reſignation of ſo important an employment, as your Lordſhip lately filled with ſuch diſtinguiſhed abilities, though a circumſtance extremely intereſting to the nation at large, affects the whole body of Merchants, connected with the commerce of the Britiſh colonies, in a very particular manner, and calls upon them to bear a public teſtimony to your character.

"During your Lordſhip's continuance in office, the Merchants were received with the utmoſt reſpect at your Board, and experienced every attention, that could juſtly engage their eſteem; they found the mutual proſperity of the Mother Country, and her dependencies, the unalterable object of your attention, and even in any ſpeculative points, where the Miniſter differed from their opinion, they always retired highly charmed with the politeneſs of the Man.

"The Merchants connected with the commerce of the Colonies, my Lord, do not feel more gratitude for the diſtinction with which they were treated, while you held the American Secretaryſhip of State, than admiration for the motives, which induced you to reſign it.

"They do not mean, my Lord, to enter at all into the political rectitude of theſe motives, the liberality of them is ſufficient for their purpoſe, and it gives them unſpeakable ſatisfaction, that their gracious Sovereign himſelf has honoured them with an exalted proof of his royal approbation.

"The Gentlemen, my Lord, who now addreſs your Lordſhip, would feel your loſs with an aggravated ſenſibility, if the well-known integrity of your ſucceſſor did not furniſh them with ample conſolation. In that integrity they repoſe great confidence, and are perſuaded, that your Lordſhip's example will lead every Board, which the Merchants have occaſion to attend, to merit a like encomium from ſo conſiderable a part of the community."

To which his Lordſhip was pleaſed to give the following anſwer:

"Gentlemen,

"I am truly ſenſible of this very obliging and honourable mark of your attention to me in my preſent ſituation.

"Your approbation of my poor endeavours to promote the King's ſervice, and the joint intereſts of this kingdom and her colonies, adminiſters conſolation to me at a time, when I have found myſelf under the diſagreeable neceſſity of relinquiſhing the ſervice of a moſt gracious Maſter, for whom I entertain the moſt dutiful and reſpectful affection, of giving up my ſhare in adminiſtration, whoſe principles and meaſures I in general approve, and in quitting an office which, in ſome degree, conſtituted me agent for the Merchants of Great-Britain, and was in many reſpects moſt pleaſing and deſirable to me.

"I am happy on your account, as well as that of the public, in the integrity and ability of my ſucceſſor, whoſe amiable character and diſpoſition cannot fail to give univerſal ſatisfaction."

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, Auguſt 21.

"By advices from Warſaw we are informed, that M. de Saldern, Ambaſſador from Ruſſia to the King and the Republic of Poland, is upon the point of quitting that city, on his return to Peterſburgh. It is pretended that his ſhort ſtay at Warſaw is occaſioned by his haughty behaviour, which has rendered him odious to the Poles.

"The above letters add, that no particular account has been yet received at Warſaw, relative to the negociations of peace carrying on at the congreſs near Fokzany, but that all the advices from thence ſtill give the greateſt hopes of a ſucceſsful iſſue to thoſe negociations; and the more ſo, as the Ottoman Miniſters Plenipotentiary continue to teſtify a great and ſincere deſire for the reeſtabliſhment of peace, and that an happy accommodation between the two belligerant powers may put an end to the war.

"Although the Poliſh Prince Czartoriſky has been at the Hague ſome days, we do not learn that he has yet taken the leaſt ſtep towards obtaining an interview with the States General, on the affairs of Poland."

Auguſt 31. One Nicholas Goldſmith, a cowherd, in Saxe Gotha, was lately broke upon the wheel there, for the murder of children, whom he had killed and eaten. There was a cave near his cottage, in which he cooked and feaſted on the Fleſh of the unhappy victims; and before he was diſcovered, he had made away with no leſs than fifteen, which he confeſſed at the place of execution. Another herdſman traced him to his cave, and caught him in the fact, and gave information againſt him to a Magiſtrate, by which his inhuman cruelty was detected.

CHARLES-TOWN *(in South-Carolina) October* 8.

Many and great Loſſes are ſuſtained in this Province, in Conſequence of the late Failures in Europe; but happily the Sufferers are ſuch as were moſt able to bear them.

A letter from Placeen, in the Voightland (in Germany) dated the 14th of June laſt, repreſents that Country in ſuch extreme Diſtreſs, that the Inhabitants could not procure Proviſions under the following enormous Prices, viz. Rye, at Twelve Dollars per Buſhel; Barley, at Eight; and Oats, at Four.

Notwithſtanding the Diſtance (Seventy-Five Miles) of the Town of Beaufort, Port-Royal, from this, which has been the eſtabliſhed Seat of Government from the firſt Settlement thereof; whence none of the Public Offices can be removed; and where all the Public Records are lodged; and notwithſtanding alſo, the Riſk which every Man is expoſed to, who leaves Charles-Town to go into the Country at this Seaſon of the Year, of loſing his Health; all our late elected Repreſentatives are gone, either by Sea, Inland, or over Land, to attend the Service of their Country, agreeable to His Excellency the Governor's Will and Pleaſure, at Beaufort aforeſaid; this being the Day on which the Writs are made returnable at the Court-Houſe there---No Meaſure of any Governor was ever more freely and generally condemned; but we ought not to doubt that His Excellency had moſt weighty Reaſons for adopting it.

October 12. On Wedneſday laſt his Excellency the Right Honourable Lord CHARLES GREVILLE MONTAGU, Governor in Chief, &c. of this Province, arrived at Beaufort about Seven o' Clock in the Evening, under a Diſcharge of the Cannon on the Bay-ſtreet. The next Day the Cannon at Lyttleton's Baſtion ſaluted his Excellency, and the Gentlemen of the Town paid their Compliments.

On Friday the principal Inhabitants of Beaufort waited on his Excellency with a Congratulatory Addreſs, which was preſented by John Barnwell, jun. Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Aſſembly. The SPEECH of his Excellency the Right Honourable Lord CHARLES GREVILLE MONTAGU, Captain-General, Governor, and Commander in Chief, in and over His Majeſty's Province of South-Carolina, Vice-Admiral of the ſame, *&c.* delivered at the Opening of the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of the ſaid Province, at Beaufort, Port-Royal, on Saturday, the 10th of October, 1772.

Honourable Gentlemen,

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly,

MY conſtant Attention to preſerve the Laws of this Province from Violation, was the only Cauſe of my calling the General Aſſembly at this Time. My Knowledge of the Situation of Affairs in this Country, and of her real Intereſts, and my ardent Wiſhes to promote them, induced me to ſummon this General Aſſembly to meet in this Town. I have exerciſed, and ſhall continue to exerciſe, the Royal Prerogative, in ſuch a Manner, as, in my Opinion, may promote His Majeſty's Service, and the general Advantage of the People, over whom I have the Honour to preſide: And while I am cautious, in the moſt extreme Degree, that I do not violate the Laws, I ſhall be perfectly ſatisfied with my Conduct, ſo long as I exerciſe ſuch Powers only, as are conſtitutional.---Such I ſhall always exerciſe with the beſt Intentions, and with a correſponding Firmneſs.

A long Space of Time having elapſed, ſince the Inhabitants of this Province have received Benefit from the Deliberations of a Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, many ſalutary Laws have expired, and others are near expiring, which ought to be revived and continued; the People have not acquired ſuch new Laws, as recent Circumſtances have rendered neceſſary; and the public Creditors, for Years paſt, are yet unpaid their juſt Demands. I wiſh the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly may remember, that a Delay of Juſtice is a Denial of Juſtice.

Being ſenſible of the only Cauſe of the late public Diſſentions, and of the Inconveniencies and Diſtreſs, with which this Province is loaded, I cannot but moſt ſincerely lament the diſtreſſed Situation of our public Affairs: And, as there is not any Inſtance of a lawful Houſe of Commons having ever appropriated, and cauſed Money to be iſſued for public Services, of their ſole Authority, and againſt the Conſent of the other Branches of the Legiſlature, or even having at any Time claimed ſuch a Power; ſo, upon the Principles of our Conſtitution, of Law, and of Reaſon, it cannot be allowed, that any Commons Houſe of Aſſembly of this Province can, or ought to have any ſuch Power.

Careful as I am, not to invade the conſtitutional Rights of a Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, it is my indiſpenſible Duty, to endeavour to preſerve, to each Branch of the Legiſlature, its native Powers of Legiſlation; and I do earneſtly wiſh, that the weighty Affairs of this Province may be deliberated upon, and tranſacted, with that truly patriotic Spirit, which can, with Magnanimity, condemn and abandon any Meaſure, that is an Alien to, incompatible with, and deſtructive of, the Rights and Powers of that Mode of Legiſlation, from which our own is modelled, and from which alone the People of this Province derive all their Liberties, as Engliſh Subjects, and all thoſe Rights, Privileges, and Powers of Legiſlation, which can be legally exerciſed by their Repreſentatives in General Aſſembly.

By as much as you all prize and value the Rights of Engliſh Subjects---by ſo much let it be your Care to demonſtrate, by Acts, which are of much more Conſequence than Words, a due Veneration of that Form and Spirit of Government, which has granted, and now regulates and preſerves, thoſe invaluable Privileges to the Inhabitants of this Province. As it is your Intereſt to preſerve the Engliſh Spirit of Government, ſo it is your Intereſt to preſerve to each Branch of the Legiſlature, ſuch Powers as are peculiar or common to each. In this Caſe, the ſafeſt Means to preſerve the Conſtitution, is to maintain each particular Part of it inviolate. Innovations are dangerous---they are, in general, ſure to create Contentions; which, unhappily for Mankind, too often make quick Progreſs to Anarchy. Wherefore, let me recommend to you, in the ſtrongeſt Terms, that you be careful to endeavour to annihilate any Innovation, which, by violating conſtitutional Privileges of Legiſlation, thereby evidently tends to deſtroy that happy Poiſe of Power, which is the peculiar Characteriſtick and Palladium of Legiſlature, founded upon, and aſſimilated, as nearly as may be, to Principles of Britiſh Legiſlation; the conſtitutional Spirit of which is ſo admirably tempered and compounded, that nothing can endanger or hurt it, but Attempts and Innovations calculated to deſtroy the Equilibrium of Power between one Branch of the Legiſlature and the reſt.

The Commons Houſe of Aſſembly claiming to iſſue Monies for public Services, of their ſole Authority, has ſo alarming a Tendency, that it cannot be too anxiouſly guarded againſt. Such a Meaſure is evidently capable of deſtroying and overturning every fundamental Principle of that Conſtitution of Government, which is the Envy of admiring Nations: To perſiſt in ſuch an unconſtitutional Claim, would be in Effect to declare a Deſign to acquire a Power, which is inconſiſtent with the Engliſh Conſtitution; a Meaſure which, in the natural Conſequences of Things, is pregnant with the moſt formidable and certain Dangers to the true Intereſts of the People of this Province; but, to annihilate an unconſtitutional Claim, is moſt virtuous and moſt honourable. Such a Proceeding is the moſt infallible Criterion of a true Patriot, and a wiſe Senator. By ſuch a Conduct you will, in the moſt laudable Manner, diſcharge your Duty to your King, to your Country, and to yourſelves. I am willing to hope for ſuch a diſtinguiſhing Proof of true Patriotiſm from this Commons Houſe of Aſſembly; ſuch a Conduct will, of Courſe, render the Exerciſe of unuſually exerciſed Prerogatives unneceſſary, which, although to a few Perſons, they may be diſpleaſing Remedies, to operate againſt the Orders of the State, are not therefore the leſs legal or inadequate to effect their ultimate End, and the Good of the People.

At this, my firſt Meeting with this General Aſſembly, I chuſe to deliver my Sentiments thus fully and candidly, upon a Point of ſo high Conſequence, as the Preſervation of our Legiſlative Powers in their native Force. With the beſt Intentions for the public Service, I do recommend this moſt ſerious Subject to your moſt attentive Conſideration. I ſhall, at all Times, give every Encouragement in my Power, to engage you to proceed to the Conſideration of public Affairs, with that Temper, Candour, and Benevolence, which muſt naturally prevail in public Deliberations, when the public Good is truly underſtood, and is really meant to be promoted: And as I have now ſome Reaſon to think, that the ſpeedy Sitting of the General Aſſembly in CHARLES-TOWN may induce ſuch Deliberations, and I pledge myſelf to you, that at all Times, I ſhall exerciſe my Authority in ſuch a Manner, as I may think will have a Tendency to induce ſuch Deliberations as may be of public Benefit, I do prorogue this General Aſſembly to the Twenty-ſecond Day of this inſtant October, to be then held at the uſual Place in CHARLES-TOWN; and this General Aſſembly is accordingly prorogued.

Beaufort, October 10, 1772. CHARLES GREVILLE MONTAGU.

NEW-YORK, November 2.

Wedneſday Night laſt the Brig Diana, Capt. Van Horne, arrived here from the Bay of Honduras, in 8 Weeks, who, on the 4th of September, off Cape Anthony, Lat. 20: 10, met with a very violent Gale of Wind, the Severity of which continued about four Hours, veering all round the Compaſs, in which he loſt his Maintopſail, ſplit his Foreſail, loſt many Articles off his Decks, and expected every Minute to have loſt both his Maſts; and in which Gale he parted with the Brig Dolphin, Capt. Goddard, from the Bay for the Streights. Capt. Van Horne ſpoke with the following Veſſels, viz. Sept. 10, Lat. 23: 30, with a Spaniſh Snow, from the Havanna for La Vera Cruz, who had alſo received conſiderable Damage in the above Gale; the 14th, Lat. 24, with Capt. Prince, in a Brig, from the Bay for Philadelphia, 33 Days out, who informed him, that, in Lat. 23, he had ſpoke with the Carysfort Frigate, from Jamaica for Penſacola, who had loſt her Main and Mizen-maſts, Boat, and every Thing off her Decks; the 19th, in Lat. 23: 13, with the Ship Royal Captain, Capt. Key, from the Muſquito Shore for London, who told him, that the Garland Man of War had ſailed from that Place, for Jamaica, a few Days before him, and that he had ſeen, on his Paſſage, the Wreck of a large Veſſel, but could learn no further Particulars. Oct. 12, Lat. 30: 30, Long. 77: 47, with a Sloop, from Jamaica for North-Carolina, the Capt. of which acquainted him, that on the 4th of September, Capt. Stoddard, in a Brig, belonging to Rhode-Iſland, from Jamaica for Philadelphia, was caſt away near Cape Anthony, but the Crew were ſaved, and taken off by ſome Veſſel, that he had met with a few Days before; the 17th, Lat. 33: 30, Long. 77: 28, with the Snow James and Mary, Capt. Watſon, from Belfaſt for South-Carolina, 7 Weeks and 3 Days out; the 19th, Lat. 34, Long. 76: 20, with the Schooner Greyhound, Capt. Judah, from Hiſpaniola for Rhode-Iſland, 19 Days out, who, on the Paſſage, had taken up a Boat, with the Crew of a Ship, from Port au Prince for Bourdeaux, that, on the 18th of September, had been ſtruck with Lightning, and ſunk immediately.

The Brig Tryon, Captain Saunders, arrived here laſt Monday, after a tedious Paſſage from Jamaica, having ſailed from thence the

26th of Auguſt, and on the 4th of September, had the Misfortune to loſe his Maſts in the Bite of Leoganne, but was ſo near the Land, that he luckily recovered moſt of his Rigging, &c. the next Day, which was drove aſhore.

Between Twelve and One o'Clock laſt Friday Noon, they had a moſt ſurprizing Guſt of Wind at Newark, in New-Jerſey, attended with a very heavy Rain, by which the Inhabitants of that Place have loſt more than 500 Apple Trees, beſides many of their Buildings have ſuffered much, particularly the Dwelling-houſes of Iſaac Ogden, Eſq; Mr. Timothy Johnſton, Mr. Samuel and Mr. Elias Baldwin. The Guſt happened on the Change of the Wind, and its Width was ſuppoſed not to be more than 30 Rods.

Yeſterday arrived here Captain Gardiner, in 25 Days from St. Thomas's, and informs, that the late Hurricane had done as much Damage at that Iſland, as at St. Chriſtophers.

Jonathan Trumbull, Eſq; Governor of the Colony of Connecticut, has iſſued a Proclamation, dated the 22d ult. offering a Reward of Thirty Pounds *lawful*, for apprehending a certain James Shields, or Sheels, who it is ſuppoſed murdered one James Johnſon, a tranſient Man, whoſe Body was found in a Grove of Wood, near Saybrook Ferry, in the County of New-London: The ſaid Sheels is of a middling Stature, thick ſet, of a dark Complexion, about 30 Years old, lively and active; had on a large blue Veſt, and ſailed out of New-Haven about two Years ſince.

We have heard the following further Circumſtances, relating to the above Murder: That the two Men, both travelling on Foot to the Weſtward, happened, about 13 Days ago, to meet upon the Road, a little to the Eaſtward of Saybrook Ferry, that they ſeemed to be Friends and Acquaintance, that as they croſſed the Ferry, Shields ſaid to Johnſon, "The laſt Time we travelled together, you had no Money, and I bore your Expences; and now you have Money and I none, you may bear mine;" that after croſſing the Ferry they called at a Tavern together, and had a Dram---That ſome Time after, they were ſeen ſitting down by the Side of the Road, eating Bread and Cheeſe together, and not far from that Place the Murder was committed; a Perſon paſſing the Road, obſerved a Cloth lying at a Diſtance, under which he found the Body of Johnſon, ſtabbed in ſeveral Places about the Breaſt, and diſfigured in the Face. The Cloaths and all his Effects were taken away, a Pair of Shoes were left, and known by the Ferrymen to be the ſame Shields had on. As ſoon as the Magiſtrates got Notice, a Meſſenger was ſent towards New-York, in Purſuit of the ſuppoſed Murderer, and heard of him all the Way on the Road, till he entered this Government, ſince which he has not been heard of.

The following were the Goods taken away from Johnſon, a Felt Hat, a checked Shirt, Buckſkin Breeches, a Button-hole on each Side ſtanding back of the uſual Place of buttoning; a new Pair of turned Pumps, a Pair of grey ribbed Stockings, Pinchbeck open worked Shoe Buckles, a Snuff coloured Broadcloth Veſt, the Back of a different Colour.

PHILADELPHIA, *November* 4.

On Tueſday, the 20th ult. the Aſſembly of the Lower Counties on Delaware, met at New-Caſtle, and unanimouſly choſe THOMAS M'KEAN, Eſq; Speaker, and DAVID THOMPSON, Eſq; Clerk to the Houſe.---And on Saturday following the Houſe adjourned to the 29th Day of March next.

MARRIED. Laſt Sunday Evening, in this City, DANIEL HUGER, Eſq; to Miſs ELLIOTT, both of South-Carolina.

By Captain Hanſe, from Jamaica, we learn, that the late Hurricane did not reach that Iſland; that they had bluſtering Weather there for ſome Days, but he did not hear of any Damage done thereby; that the Brig Sally, Captain Hunter, from this Port, arrived there diſmaſted, and in a ſhattered Condition, having been laid on his Beam Ends in the Hurricane, and his Cargoe much damaged; and that Captain Steward, in a Brig, from Virginia, alſo arrived there, having loſt his Maſts, Bowſprit and Boats. On the 9th ult. in Lat. 21:56, Long. 73:49, he ſpoke with Captain Hervey, in a Snow, belonging to this Port, bound from Lucea for Liverpool, out 15 Days; and on the 21ſt, in Lat. 31:30, Long. 75:30, he ſpoke a Ship, Captain Allen, from Africa for South-Carolina.

Monday laſt the Snow Live-Oak, Captain Moore, arrived here from Madeira, but laſt from Charles-Town, in South-Carolina; on the 19th of September, in Lat. 27:30, Long. 60:29, he met with a very hard Gale of Wind, that continued for 36 Hours, in which he ſhifted his Cargoe, and received conſiderable Damage in his Sails; on the 26th, in Lat. 28:59, Long. 70:12, he ſpoke a Brig, Captain Lockhart, from Madeira for St. Auguſtine, out 29 Days, who had his Sails very much ſhattered in the above Gale; on the 26th of laſt Month, juſt on the Edge of Soundings, ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Brown, from Virginia for Antigua, out one Day; and at Night ſpoke another Sloop, Captain Campbell, from Virginia for Barbados; 29th, off Cape-Charles, ſpoke a Ship, from Tobago for Virginia; and on Friday laſt, about 7 or 8 Leagues E. by S. from our Capes, he ſaw the Brig Charles-Town Packet, Captain Wright, from this Port for South-Carolina.

By Captain Stewart, from Hiſpaniola, we learn, that Captain Caton, in a Brig, from this Port, arrived there the 25th of September, having loſt his Foremaſt, Bowſprit, Boats, Cahouſe, and Quarter-rails; alſo had two Negroes waſhed overboard and drowned; and that the Snow Stirling, Captain Thompſon, and the Sloop Peggy, Captain Bingley, both from this Place, are arrived ſafe at the Mole.

Captain Higgs, from Jamaica, on the 30th ult. in Lat. 37, Long. 74, ſpoke a Sloop, from St. Chriſtophers for New-York, 12 Days out, all well, but could not learn the Maſter's Name.

Captain Alibone, from Dominica, on the 12th ult. in Lat. 24, Long. 66, ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Caſey, from the Iſland of St. Thomas for New-York, out 4 Days; and on the 21ſt, in Lat. 34:44, Long. 74, he ſpoke a Snow, Captain Morgan, from South-Carolina for Briſtol, out 5 Days, all well.

Captain Forſter, from Hiſpaniola, on the 6th ult. in Lat. 27:40, Long. 71:56, ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Hewlings, from Boſton for Providence, out 19 Days, all well.

Since our laſt the Ship General Wolfe, Captain Hunter, arrived here, after a very long Paſſage, from Londonderry.

We are informed, that about the 15th ult. came aſhore at Matompkin, about 100 Miles to the Southward of Cape-Henlopen, a large Sloop, with a Brimſtone Bottom, ſuppoſed to be a Whaling Sloop from New-England: She appeared to have been ſome Time overſet, and her Maſts and Rigging were all gone. She went to Pieces on the Breakers, and ſundry Things drifted aſhore from her, among which were ſeveral Barrels of Oil, and Water-caſks, all marked R. C. with ſmall Marking-irons, a Number of Buckets uſed for Oil, ſome ſmall Articles of Cloathing, ſundry Cheſts, broke to Pieces, and the Body of a Man in Seaman's Dreſs, which was taken up and buried. More Particulars could not be learnt, as ſhe went aſhore on the Breakers on Drum Shoal, and the Sea ran ſo high, as to make boarding her impracticable.

Arrived at Jamaica. Captain M'Culloch, from Philadelphia; Thurſton, Hawkins, and Armſtead, from North-Carolina; Zuille, Stewart, and Brodie, from Virginia; Kent, from Boſton; Mumford, from New-London; Ingerſol, from Salem, and Captain Hilton, from New-England.

At the MAYOR's Court, held in this City laſt Week, John Underwood, for Counterfeiting and paſſing Counterfeit Money of this Province, was ordered to be whipt, ſtand in the Pillory, and have both his Ears cut off, and nailed to the Poſt; three others were ordered to be whipt, and ſtand in the Pillory, for divers Felonies, and five more to receive the Diſcipline of the Poſt, which was put in Execution on Saturday laſt.

Friday laſt the Gentlemens Subſcription Purſe of £ 50 was run for over the Center Courſe, when the ſeveral Colts came in as follows.

Mr. Iſrael Waters's Bay Filly, Miſs Milemay, bred by Mr. Jacob Hiltzheimer,	4	1	1
Mr. M'Farling's grey Colt, Blue Grey,	2	3	2
Mr. Archibald Dick's grey Colt, Partner,	3	4	3
Mr. Weatherhead's bay Filly,	1	2	
Mr. Jones's bay Filly, Merion,	5	Dr.	

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia.* INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop William's Relief, C. Place, from Turks Iſland. Schooner Neptune, J. King, and Schooner Sally, W. Clelland, Dominica. Sloop Betſy, J. Forſter, and Sloop Beveridge, C. Stewart, Hiſpaniola. Brig Nancy, J. Hanſe, Jamaica. Sloop Good Intent, J. Creaton, and Schooner Chatham, B. Fleetwood, Maryland. Ship Severn, J. Hathorn, Briſtol. Ship Carolina, B. Loxley, London. Schooner Little Archy, W. Bargay, Sloop Ruth, P. Gennode, Schooner Beggar's Beniſon, E. Drew, Schooner Mulberry, C. Rothery, and Schooner Peggy, G. Crombie, Virginia. Sloop Mulberry, J. Warden, Schooner North-Carolina Packet, A. Dyer, Schooner Lydia, J. Allen, Sloop Polly, G. Walton, and Sloop Betſy, E. Waterous, N. Carolina. Sloop Sally, J. Pike, from Falmouth, New-England.

OUTWARDS. Ship Newry Packet, D. Campbell, for Antigua. Sloop Friendſhip, J. Treeby, R. Iſland. Ship Ann, G. Fortin, Briſtol. Sloop Patty, J. Emmerſon, and Brig Molly, J. Mullet, for St. Kitts.

CLEARED. Brig Rawlinſon, T. Fryer, and Sloop Morning Star, J. Vezey, to St. Vincent. Brig Venus, W. Williams, Ship Hawke, J. Gutcheus, and Ship Charming Sally, R. Gill, Jamaica. Ship London Packet, J. Cook, Grenades. Brig Bolton, J. Harr, Barbados. Schooner Molly, E. Rodgers, Boſton. Brig Venus, J. Bennet, Antigua. Schooner Fanny, W. Cannon, Schooner Neptune, J. King, and Schooner Nancy and Peggy, J. Warden, N. Carolina. Sloop Squirrel, S. Millener, Sloop Rachel, J. Watſon, Sloop Greyhound, R. Maſon, and Brig Recovery, C. Alexander, Virginia. Brig Georgia Packet, G. Bunner, Georgia. Sloop Friendſhip, B. Treeby, R. Iſland. Brig Harriot, P. Young, St. Croix. Sloop Betſy, P. Stafford, St. Auguſtine, Brig Thomas, R. Woods, Dominica. Brig Charming Nancy, J. Cox, Liſbon.

By AUTHORITY,
By the AMERICAN COMPANY,
At the THEATRE in SOUTHWARK, THIS EVENING,
will be preſented, An OPERA, called,

LOVE IN A VILLAGE.

Juſtice Woodcock, by Mr. DOUGLASS,
Hawthorn, by Mr. WOOLLS,
Young Meadows, by Mr. HENRY,
Sir William Meadows, by Mr. MORRIS,
Euſtace, by Mr. BYERLEY,
Hodge, by Mr. PARKER,
Lucinda, by Miſs STORER,
Mrs. Deborah Woodcock, by Mrs. DOUGLASS,
Margery, by Mrs. MORRIS,
Roſetta, by Miſs HALLAM.
Servants at the Statue, by Mr. GOODMAN, Mr. WALL, Mr. JONSON, Mr. BOBERTS, Mrs. HENRY, Mrs. HARMAN, Miſs RICHARDSON, *&c. &c.*
In Act I. a COUNTRY DANCE.
The ORCHESTRA to be conducted by Mr. HALLAM.
To which will be ADDED,

THE OLD MAID.

The Old Maid, by Mrs. HARMAN,
Captain Cape, by Mr. MORRIS,
Cleremont, by Mr. WALL,
Mr. Harlow, by Mr. BYERLEY,
Mr. Heartly, by Mr. PARKER,
Mrs. Harlow, by Mrs. HENRY.

The Doors to be opened at Four, and the Play to begin exactly at Six o'Clock.---No Perſon, on any Account whatſoever, can poſſibly be admitted behind the Scenes.---Places in the Boxes may be taken at the Theatre.---Ladies and Gentlemen will pleaſe to ſend their Servants at Four o'Clock.----TICKETS, without which no Perſon can be admitted, are ſold at the Bar of the Coffee-houſe.
BOXES 7s. 6d. PIT 5s. GALLERY 3s.

TO THE PUBLIC.

MR. BATES, intending in a ſhort Time to leave the Province, and being deſirous of manifeſting his Gratitude to this City, propoſes to exhibit, on THURSDAY next (if the Weather is good) otherwiſe on the ſucceeding SATURDAY, at the Upper End of MARKET-STREET, *All his various Feats in*

HORSEMANSHIP,

having Confidence in the generous Attendance of the Citizens; as the Sum, which may be then collected, ſhall be depoſited in the Hands of three Gentlemen of Reputation, who will apply it, in the advancing inclement Seaſon, to the Relief of ſuch modeſt Poor, as have experienced better Days.--------The Doors to be opened at Three o'Clock, and to mount preciſely at Four.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Monday, the 9th of November inſtant, preciſely at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Septimus Levering, in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia (near the Barracks) Three Copper Stills, one of them containing about 1200 gallons; one other of them containing about 350 gallons; and the other of them containing about 8 gallons; together with the Tubs, Worms, Spouts, &c. thereunto belonging. Alſo ſundry houſhold goods, kitchen furniture, &c. late the property of the ſaid Septimus Levering, ſeized and taken in Execution by
November 2, 1772. JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

SPERMACETI CANDLES, warranted pure, Rhode-Iſland CHEESE, COFFEE, PEPPER, a few Hogſheads of dried CODFISH, two Tons of LIGNUM-VITÆ, and a Quantity of Halifax GRINDSTONES,
TO BE SOLD, BY
JOSIAH HEWES,
IN CHESTNUT-STREET.

Juſt imported in the Ship Anne, from BRISTOL,

COPPER, and INGOT BRASS,

WHICH, with former importations, compleats a very valuable and extenſive Aſſortment; particularly, ſheets and quarters of copper, of various dimenſions, from the weight of 7 lb. per ſheet, at a regular advance of about 1 lb. each, up to 100 lb. alſo bottoms, from 14 inches diameter, at the intermediate ſizes of about 1 inch per bottom, up to 66 inches: From which large ſtock, perſons in want of copper, for all common uſes, can ſcarcely fail of being ſupplied in the moſt convenient manner. The ſtrong copper is now ſold at 2s. 2d. thatch at 2s. 4d. and ingot braſs at 21d. per lb. by
AMOS STRETTELL,
Who continues to ſell borax, ſpelter, copper bars, and copper kettles, without bails; alſo Weſton's beſt SNUFF, by the caſk, dozen, or bottle; at his new ſtore, on the north ſide of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, midway between Front and Second-ſtreets, and communicating with the ſame lot whereon his ſtore was formerly kept, in Front-ſtreet, through which there is ſtill a paſſage to his preſent ſtore. ¶

N. B. He will ſell a few ⅞ Iriſh linens, a quantity of buttons, and ſome other ſmall wares, very cheap, to finiſh old accounts.

WAS taken up, on the 14th day of October laſt, by the ſubſcriber, living near Newgarden Meeting-houſe, in Cheſter county, a grey HORSE, with blackiſh legs, 9 years old, near 14 hands high, has no brand, is a natural pacer. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. JACOB GIBSON. ¶

Philadelphia Goal, November 3, 1772.

WHEREAS *the following perſons were taken up and put in this goal, on ſuſpicion of being runaway ſervants, viz.* George Peters, *who ſays he is ſervant to William Griffin, of Cæcil county*; John Mitchell, *who ſays he is ſervant to George Linkenfelder, of Tawney-town, Maryland*; *and*, Daniel Montgomery, *who ſays he is ſervant to ------ Johnſton, Eſq; juſtice of the peace, in Weſt New-Jerſey. This is to give notice to their maſters, that unleſs they come, within* 15 *days from the date hereof, pay the charges for ſaid ſervants, and take them away, they will be ſet at liberty.*
JEHU JONES, *Goaler.*

A Salary of ONE HUNDRED a Year,

WILL be given to any Perſon, who can be well recommended, as qualified to inſtruct Ten or Twelve young Gentlemen in the ENGLISH & LATIN LANGUAGES; alſo in *Writing*, *Arithmetic*, and the *Rudiments of Mathematics*.

The Place, in which he will be required to reſide, is about 35 Miles diſtant from Philadelphia, in an agreeable Neighbourhood.

Any Perſon, recommended and qualified as above, may hear of further Particulars, by applying to the Printers hereof. tf.

Philadelphia, November 2, 1772.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the CORPORATION for the Relief of poor and diſtreſſed Preſbyterian Miniſters, and their Widows and Children, are to meet, on Thurſday, the 26th of this inſtant November, at the Firſt Preſbyterian Church in this City, at Eleven o' Clock before Noon, to concert Meaſures, for the more ſafe and certain Payment of Annuities, and to nominate ſome Perſons for Truſtees, as ſeveral have been lately removed by Death; and to do ſuch Buſineſs as may be thought neceſſary, by FRANCIS ALISON, Secretary. ¶

LAND-OFFICE, *October* 25, 1772.

THOSE who have taken up LOTS in the Town of SUNBURY, by the Terms of their Tickets, are to take out their PATENTS in Six Months from the Date of their Tickets. They are therefore to take Notice, that unleſs they take out their Patents in Time, the Lots will be granted to any Perſon who will apply for them.
JAMES TILGHMAN, Secretary of the Land-Office.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE,
on Wedneſday, the 11th of November, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, in Kenſington,

A CERTAIN LOT, or PIECE of GROUND, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Queen-ſtreet, in Kenſington, in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, on Queen-ſtreet aforeſaid, 30 feet, and extending in depth, into the river Delaware, as far as low water mark; bounded weſtward by Queen-ſtreet aforeſaid, northward by a houſe and lot, late of John Walſh, now of Bowyer Brooks, eaſtward by the river Delaware, at low water mark aforeſaid, and ſouthward by ground of John Norris. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame at private ſale, may know the conditions, by applying to BOWYER BROOKS. ¶

WANTED.

A SMALL PLANTATION, about 8 or 10 Miles from Philadelphia, good Land and well timbered, with a convenient Houſe, ſuitable for a ſmall Family; alſo a good Barn and Out-houſes, &c. Whoever may have ſuch a Place to diſpoſe of, may hear of a Purchaſer, by applying to the PRINTERS. ¶

TO THE PUBLIC.

WHEREAS ſundry perſons are ſoliciting the charitable contributions of the inhabitants of the city of Philadelphia, under pretence of labouring under great diſtreſſes, from the conduct and behaviour of the Proprietors of the China Houſe towards them; and whereas the Proprietors, think it as well their duty to forewarn the Public of ſuch impoſitions, as to vindicate their own characters, they requeſt the general opinion may be ſuſpended, until a plain and impartial ſtate of the caſe, as far as relates to the Workmen coming over from England, and their treatment here, is made out, and publiſhed, which ſhall be done with all poſſible diſpatch. *Southwark, Nov.* 2, 1772.

STRAYED away, on the 27th of October, a ſmall young red COW, with a white face, but black about her noſe and mouth, her belly, hind feet, and end of her tail white, ſhe has ſmall horns and teats, and ſuppoſed to have a red ring round one eye. Whoever brings her home to the ſubſcriber, living in Water-ſtreet, Southwark, ſhall have TEN SHILLINGS reward, from NATHANIEL IRISH. §

Hunterdon County, Weſt New-Jerſey, October 29, 1772.

PUBLIC *notice is hereby given, to the creditors of JOHN PARLEA, now confined in the county goal of the county of Hunterdon, that, purſuant to an Act of Inſolvency of this province of New-Jerſey, the Court of Common Pleas, in and for the ſaid county of Hunterdon, have appointed the firſt day of December next, for the creditors of the ſaid John Parlea, to appear before WILLIAM CLAYTON, and MICAJAH HOW, Eſquires, two of the judges of the ſame Court, at the Court-houſe, in Trenton, in the county aforeſaid, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why an aſſignment of his eſtate and effects ſhould not be then made, purſuant to the ſaid Act of Inſolvency, and his body diſcharged from confinement, he having complied with all other things required by the ſaid Act.* ¶

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBERS,
on the premiſes, on the 23d day of this inſtant November,

A LOT of LAND, containing about three acres, a ſtone dwelling-houſe and kitchen, barn and ſtable, a ſtone houſe, in which is kept a large ſtore, a good well at the door, the garden and meadow very well fenced. Alſo another plantation, both near Plymouth Meeting-houſe, containing 95 acres, with a two ſtory brick dwelling-houſe, and kitchen, a good barn, ſtables, and a large chair-houſe, with a good well, orchard, and good meadowing; the clear land under good fence, about 40 acres of woodland, exceedingly well timbered. And on the 24th inſtant, will be expoſed to ſale, another plantation, containing about 101 acres, with a two ſtory ſtone houſe, large barn, and ſtables, fine ſprings and watered meadows, more than half fine woodland, and all in very good repair. Another ſmall plantation, adjacent to the laſt mentioned place, in Plymouth aforeſaid, containing 33¼ acres, with a dwelling-houſe, and cooper's ſhop, 103 perches front on the river Schuylkill, where may be made a very good fiſhing place, and a very fine bottom for meadow, and a fine ſpring. And on the 25th inſtant, will be expoſed to ſale, that noted tavern houſe and plantation, containing 21 acres, in the townſhip of Radnor, near the Meeting-houſe, in Cheſter county; the whole is watered meadow, orchards, and gardens; the houſes, ſtables, ſheds, and fences, in good repair, and is an ancient and well accuſtomed tavern. The ſale to begin each day on the premiſes, between the hours of one and two o'clock P. M.
WILLIAM LAWRENCE, and SAMUEL DAVIS, Executors.

N. B. To be ſold likewiſe, a good ſtage-waggon, hung on ſprings, and harneſs for two horſes; alſo a good fore horſe. ¶7/6.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Lebanon townſhip, Lancaſter county, on the 21ſt of Auguſt laſt, a Negroe man, named JACK, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, full faced, has a down look, talks very good Engliſh; had on when he went away, a new oxenbrigs ſhirt and a new pair of oxenbrigs trowſers, an old felt hat, a red waiſtcoat without ſleeves, a pair of good ſhoes, tied with ſtrings, and an iron collar about his neck. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Negroe, in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ *CURTIS GRUBB.*

RUN away from Cornwall Furnace, otherwiſe Grubb's Furnace, the 19th of October, a ſervant man, named WILLIAM RICHARDSON, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, a Chimney-ſweeper by trade, a very ill looking fellow, wears his own hair, of a reddiſh colour, wants one of his fore-teeth; had on, when he went away, an old felt hat, a reddiſh coloured ſurtout, an oxenbrigs ſhirt, a pair of brown cloth breeches, an old pair of yarn ſtockings ribbed, a pair of ſhoes, with ſtrings in them, which he is apt to run down at the heel. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, or brings him to ſaid Furnace, ſhall have a reward of FORTY SHILLINGS, and all reaſonable charges, paid by †
CURTIS GRUBB.

WANTED,

AS an APPRENTICE to a GOLDSMITH; a LAD, who can be well recommended for his ſobriety and honeſty; any Perſon, whom this may ſuit, may be acquainted with the Terms, by applying to the PRINTERS hereof.

N. B. A healthy SERVANT LAD's Time to be ſold, who has four Years and a Half to ſerve. ¶

LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, at Trenton.

JAMES ANDERSON, Coleſnake; William Anderſon, David Adair, Hopewell; John Anderſon, Trenton.

B. Henry Bailie.

C. James Carroll, Pitt's-Town; Hugh Cooper, Johanna Council, Andrew Cunningham, Arney's-Town; William Clark, Freehold; Hugh Camble.

E. William Eagan, Bordentown; Jacob Earwine, Merchant.

H. William Hays, William Harknie, Jedediah Holmoak, Barnſtable; Charles Hurſt, Eſq; John Hinchman, Eſq; Haddonfield; David Helm, Somerſet County; John Hudnut, Amwell; Joſeph Hickman, Hanover; Thomas Hamilton.

I. Mary Jordan, James Jennings, Allen-Town; Benjamin Jones, Kingwood; James Johnſton, Maidenhead.

K. Samuel Kitchen, Amwell-Mills.

L. Peter Lecont, John Eaton Lecont, Monmouth County; Ralph Lapells, John Lowry.

M. Thomas M'Caughry, William M'Clellan, Minebrook; Robert M'Galliard, George M'Kicham, John M'Dowel, Lomington; William Mills, Arney's-Town; James Milliken.

N. Patrick Neal, Doctor Norton, Trenton; James Nealen, Reckleſs-Town.

O. James Alexander Owen.

P. James Parker, Peter Perrine.

R. John Roſs, Ringwood Furnace; Mary Reed, Freehold; Daniel Richardſon, Trenton.

S. Elizabeth Sharp, Dougald Smith, James Smith, Somerſet Court-houſe; Robert Shaw, John Steil, Somerſet County.

T. Andrew Todd, Samuel Tuttell, Morris-Town.

V. Court Voorhees.

W. John Carlos White, William Brown Wilſon, Mercy Whitehead, James Whalon, Lomington; John Wilſon.

FOUR POUNDS TEN SHILLINGS Reward.

STOLEN, on Monday night, the 19th of October, 1772, from the ſubſcriber, living in Charleſtown townſhip, Cheſter county, a black MARE, about 7 years old, about 14 hands high, paces faſt, heavy bodied, bald faced, one white hind foot, ſhod before, neither brand nor ear-mark. Suppoſed to have been ſtolen by JAMES M'MACHAN, an Iriſhman, about 22 or 23 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, thick bodied, much pock-marked, fair ſhort hair, and very talkative; his apparel, a brown broadcloth coat, green jacket, brown velvet breeches, rough beaver hat, and his other apparel not particularly known. Any perſon that ſecures the mare, ſo as the owner may have her again, ſhall receive a reward of THIRTY SHILLINGS, and for apprehending and ſecuring the thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive a reward of THREE POUNDS, paid by

JENKIN DAVIS.

CAME to the plantation of LAWRENCE GARRET, in Blockley townſhip, about the 22d day of October laſt, a dark brown MARE, about 14 hands high, neither brand nor ear-mark, a ſtar, with a ſmall ſlip in her face. The owner is deſired to come, pay charges, and take her away.

Reading, October 26, 1772.

WHEREAS a certain JOHN BROWN, a Miner, was committed to the goal of Berks county, in Pennſylvania, on the ſecond day of this inſtant, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway ſervant, who afterwards confeſſed himſelf to be an indented ſervant to a certain WILLIAM PETTIT, living in Bucks county, in ſaid province, Miller, and that he abſconded on the firſt day of this inſtant; he is about 15 years of age, ſandy hair, of a fair complexion, has on a light coloured jacket, a pair of tow trowſers, coarſe ſhirt. His maſter is hereby deſired to come within ſix weeks after date, pay the charges, and take him away; otherwiſe he will be ſold out, in order to ſatisfy the ſame, without further notice, by

JOHN WITMAN, junior, Goaler.

TO BE SOLD,

A SMALL plantation, or tract of LAND, containing 20 acres, under good fence, with a frame tenement, and ſmall orchard, ſituate in the Northern Liberties, about 4 miles from the city, on Frankford road, and on a two perch lane, by the lands of the heirs of Samuel Coats, deceaſed, to the weſt and northward, by the heirs of Samuel Clark, deceaſed, pleaſantly ſituated for a gentleman's country ſeat; the title indiſputable. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the above, may view the premiſes, and know the terms, by enquiring of the ſubſcriber, living on Mr. George Emlen's place, at the four mile ſtone, on Frankford road.

FREDERICK PAST.

AGREEABLE to Adjournment, will be expoſed to Sale, on Wedneſday, the 11th November inſt. preciſely at 12 o'Clock at Noon, at the Houſe of Benjamin Davids, the Corner of Second and Arch-ſtreets, A certain two Story Stone Meſſuage, and three ſeveral diſtinct Pieces or Lots of Ground, ſituate in Germantown Townſhip; one of them (whereon the ſaid Meſſuage is erected) containing about 1 Acre and 10 Perches; bounded by Germantown Main-ſtreet, and by Lands of John Adam Hogermaid, Ann Metzler, and others; one other of them containing about 3 Acres and 60 Perches; bounded by a Mill-road, leading from the Main-ſtreet aforeſaid to Roxborough Townſhip, and by Lands of the ſaid Hogermaid, Ernſt Kurtz, Peter Bockius, and others; and the other of them containing about 16 Acres and 36 Perches, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by a Croſs-ſtreet, called Briſtol-ſtreet, and by Lands of Chriſtian Warner, Peter Kehr, and others; late the Eſtate of Samuel North; ſeized and taken in Execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

AGREEABLE to Adjournment, will be expoſed to Sale, on Monday, the 23d November inſt. at 5 o'Clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-Houſe, A certain two Story Brick Tenement, and Lot or Piece of Ground, ſituate on the North-Side of Plumb-ſtreet, in the Diſtrict of Southwark, containing in Breadth 15 Feet 8 Inches, and extending in Depth about 90 Feet; bounded by Plumb-ſtreet aforeſaid, and by Ground of Gunning Bedford, ---- Reed, and others; ſubject to a Groundrent of Forty Shillings per Annum; late the Eſtate of Iſaac Harman, deceaſed; ſeized and taken in Execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

Cæcil county, Maryland, October 21, 1772.

To be RENTED, for a TERM of YEARS, and may be entered on the firſt day of December next,

A MERCHANT MILL in the county aforeſaid, on a good ſtream of water, and in a very good part of the country for the purchaſe of wheat, fit for making ſuperfine flour; the mill-houſe is 40 feet long and 30 feet wide, three ſtories high, in it are two pair of ſtones, one of them French burrs; proper boulting and hoiſting gears, which go by water, as does a fan, with a ſcreen, for cleaning wheat; there is alſo a boulting cheſt, that goes by hand, for country work. On the premiſes are a good framed dwelling-houſe, with two rooms on a floor, a log kitchen, meat-houſe, ſtable, and cooper's ſhop; a garden, and a ſmall field for paſturage, and 4 or 5 acres of good marſh meadow, adjoining the ſaid premiſes, may be eaſily made; the river Bohemia is navigable within a mile of the mill, flats at high water can come up to the mill tail, and it is not more than twelve miles from the ſaid mill to Appoquinimink landing. Any perſon inclining to rent, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, who lives within a mile of the premiſes.

G. MILLIGAN.

COARSE SALT,

JUST IMPORTED in the ANNA, Captain LIVINGSTON, FROM CADIZ,

And to be ſold by THOMAS CLIFFORD, and SONS, From on board ſaid Veſſel, at their Wharff.

SAMUEL SHAW,

Has juſt imported, per the Captains SPARKS and OSBORNE, from *LONDON*,

A NEAT ASSORTMENT of MERCHANDIZE, which are now opening at his STORE, at the Corner of ARCH and WATER-STREETS, and will be ſold, on low Terms, for Caſh, or ſhort Credit.

Leeſburg, Loudoun County, Virginia, Auguſt 15, 1772.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the Court of Loudoun county, in Chancery, will be ſold to the higheſt bidder, for ready money, on Monday, the 23d of November next, on the premiſes Four Lots or Half Acres of Land, in the town of Leeſburg, on one of which ſtands a genteel ſtone houſe, 40 by 32 feet in the clear, has four rooms, with three fire places, and a paſſage below ſtairs, one of which, fronting the moſt public ſtreet, is completely fitted out for a ſtore, four rooms, with two fire places above ſtairs, a convenient dry cellar the ſize of the whole houſe; there are alſo a good garden, well pailed in, a lumber houſe, a kitchen, a ſtable, and other neceſſary houſes; together with a well of exceeding fine water, walled up, on this lot. The other three ſtand on ſtreets alſo, are encloſed, and with a ſmall expence may be rendered very valuable. At the ſame time will be ſold, 258½ acres of land, adjoining the ſaid town, the ſoil of which is peculiarly adapted to grain, and inferior to none in the county, one third of it is well fenced in, and fit for the plough, about 15 acres of meadow may be made, and the reſt well timbered; there are on this tract of land, a large new barn, with other neceſſary houſes for farming: The country round about, is remarkable for raiſing large quantities of wheat, and manufacturing flour, all of which is carried through Leeſburg, about 40 miles to Alexandria, conſequently this place is as well ſituated for trade as any in the colony: A merchant or tavernkeeper would find his account in ſettling here. The lots of land will be ſold either together or ſeparate, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers, to whom a good title will be made, and immediate poſſeſſion given.

WILLIAM ELLREY, GEORGE JOHNSTON, Truſtees.

VIRGINIA, July 15, 1772.

THE ſubſcribers hereby give notice, that they have to diſpoſe of TWO TRACTS of LAND, lying nearly contiguous, in the county of Culpepper, on Stanton river, containing about 3200 acres; part whereof is level, and part mountainous; and a conſiderable part is as rich as any to be found among the Great Mountains. On one of the ſaid tracts of land there is a rich mine of iron ore, which, in the opinion of good judges, has an uncommon advantage in its ſituation, on account of thoſe eſſential articles wood and water, and almoſt every other neceſſary for erecting and ſupporting iron works.

On the other tract of land there is a ſmall though valuable Griſt-mill, to which the water is conveyed from the river by a canal. The ſaid Mill has lately been rebuilt, and is kept in repair with very little trouble or expence, being quite out of danger from any freſhes. There is alſo a new dwelling-houſe, 32 feet by 18, and ſundry other houſes.

There are plantations on each tract, ſuitable for either farming or planting, and good apple-orchards on both. There is a good waggon road from the ſaid land to Frederickſburg and Falmouth, the neareſt trading towns on Rappahannock river, being about 65 miles. Any perſons inclinable to purchaſe are deſired to apply to the ſubſcribers, in Spotſylvania county, who will ſhew them the land, and make known the terms, which will be reaſonable; they live within 25 miles of Frederickſburg, where directions may be had of Mr. James Maury, Merchant, or Mr. Benjamin Johnſon.

JOHN LEWIS.
WALLER LEWIS.

¶8W.

TO be SOLD by the Subſcriber, in Baltimore county, in the province of Maryland, 216½ acres of patent LAND, about 30 acres of which are lately cleared, and under good fence, the remainder remarkably well timbered and watered, there being ſundry fine ſprings on the ſame; the ſoil is good for tobacco, Indian corn, wheat, rye, or other grain; ſeveral acres of fine meadow may be made at ſmall expence; there are two ſmall tenements thereon, and ſome peach-trees; the ſaid land lies within ten miles of the flouriſhing town of Baltimore, and on the great road leading thereto. Any perſon wanting to view the land, may be ſhewn it, by Mr. William Ede, living near the premiſes, and for further particulars, enquire of the ſubſcriber, living about two miles from Nottingham Forges, and ſix miles from Joppa.

Sept. 5, 1772. JOHN HOWLAND. ¶10*W.*

Wilmington, Tenth-Month 12, 1772.

TO THE MILLERS IN GENERAL.

THE ſubſcriber having invented and made ſundry Machines for raiſing Mill-ſtones, and turning them on their back, fit for dreſſing or waſhing in five minutes or leſs, by one hand only, and with ſafety, without hurting the plaiſter on burr ſtones, propoſes to furniſh any Miller with ſaid Machine, on reaſonable terms, at a ſhort notice, by ſending a line to DANIEL BYRNES, JOSEPH TATNALL, WILLIAM STARR, at Brandywine mills, or SAMUEL REYNOLDS, at Wilmington.

The above *Samuel Reynolds* has made each of the ſubſcribers one of the ſaid Machines, and we find them very advantageous, as the Mill-ſtone is taken up by them, with great eaſe and ſafety, and certainly is preferable to any method ever before invented.

Daniel Byrnes, Joſeph Tatnall, William Starr. §

Kennet, Tenth Month 12, 1772.

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RAN away, laſt Night, from the Subſcriber, living in Kennet Townſhip, Cheſter County, an Iriſh Servant, named THOMAS LONGUE, about 18 Years of Age, about five Feet nine Inches high, has ſome Impediment in his Speech, a Wart or Mole on or near one of his Eye-lids, brown Hair, and looks to be a ſimple Fellow: Had on, when he went away, an old Felt Hat, an old light blue Coat, ſtriped double-breaſted Jacket, flaxen Shirt, and Tow Trowſers, lightiſh coloured Yarn Stockings, and old Shoes. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Servant, ſo as his Maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

JOHN LAMBORN.

N. B. It is thought he will endeavour to get on board ſome outward bound Veſſel; therefore all Maſters are cautioned not to harbour him at their Peril.

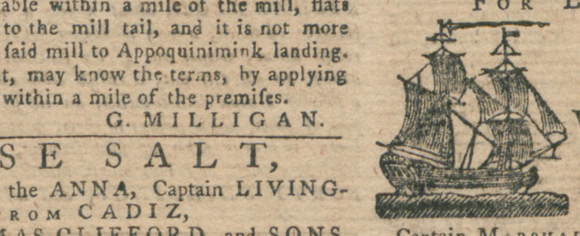
New-Caſtle County, St. George's Hundred, October 6, 1772.

TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

WAS broken open, a deſk, about the hour of 12 o' clock at night, on the 26th of September laſt paſt, and ſtolen out Fourteen Pounds Fifteen Shillings in caſh, a bundle of papers, with ſundry invoices and receipts, ſome notes, and an old leidger book of accounts. Whoever can give any intelligence of the above, ſo that they may be reſtored, and the thief or thieves brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward; or if the above leidger book of accounts, and bundle of papers be returned ſafe, ſhall have a reward of TEN POUNDS caſh, and no queſtions aſked them, paid by

JOHN JONES. ‖ 7*ſ*6.

FOR LONDONDERRY,



THE BRIG BOSCAWEN, GEORGE MARSHALL, MASTER;

WILL ſail with the firſt Flaxſeed Veſſels, having a great Part of her Cargoe already engaged. For Freight, or Paſſage, apply to CALDWELL and WILSON, or the MASTER on board.

Captain MARSHALL has a few Barrels of choice Iriſh Beef, and Herrings, to diſpoſe of. *October 26, 1772.*

BOULTING-CLOTHS,

A LARGE and complete Aſſortment, of 5 and 6-qr. fine, ſuperfine, middling and coarſe, imported by ELLIS LEWIS, and to be ſold, on the loweſt Terms, at his Houſe, in Second-ſtreet, near Spruce-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

Millers and others, that are not well acquainted with BOULTING-CLOTHS, may depend on being ſupplied with the beſt in Quality, and Directions how to affix them on the Reels.-----A proportionable Diſcount will be made to thoſe that purchaſe to retail.

He has ſeveral Pair of Cologne Mill-ſtones on Hand, four Feet to four Feet four Inches broad, which will be ſold very low for Caſh or ſhort Credit. T.b.c.t.f.

Philadelphia, October 17, 1772.

STOLEN out of the ſubſcriber's paſture, in Southwark, in the night of the 15th, or the morning of the 16th inſtant, a brown MARE, 14½ hands high, a natural trotter, 7 years old, in very good order, branded on the near buttock L. S. and ſhod all round. The perſon ſuſpected to have taken her, is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, thin viſaged, with ſhort brown hair, inclinable to red, commonly wears a brown coat, and blue jacket, is a German, and named Jacob -------. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and ſecures the thief, ſo that the owner may have her again, and the thief be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS reward; for the mare only, FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

§ THOMAS PRYOR.

FOR BRISTOL,

The SHIP ANN, GEORGE FORTIN, Maſter;

IS expected to ſail in three Weeks, having great Part of her Cargoe engaged. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to WILLIAM FISHER, & SON, or ſaid Commander on board, at their Wharff, near the NEW-FERRY.

FOR DUBLIN,

The BRIG CONOLLY, ALEXANDER CAINE, MASTER;

WILL ſail in two Weeks, having the greateſt Part of her Cargoe ready to go on board. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to CALDWELL and WILSON, or the MASTER on board. *October 26.*

FOR BELFAST,

The SHIP FRIENDSHIP, WILLIAM M'CULLOCH, MASTER;

IS a remarkable faſt ſailing ſhip, and has good accommodations for paſſengers; as great part of her cargoe is engaged, ſhe will ſail with the firſt flaxſeed ſhips. For freight or paſſage, apply to JAMES STUART, in Second-ſtreet, or ſaid MASTER on board, at Samuel Miffiin, Eſquire's wharff. *N. B.* Imported in ſaid ſhip, from Cork, a few barrels of beſt cargoe BEEF, to be ſold as above. *Tbc.*

Annapolis, October 20, 1772.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, a red leather POCKET-BOOK, which contained, among other papers, a ticket in the Pettie's Iſland lottery, No. 2209, ſigned by Mr. Whitehead Humphreys, and indorſed on the back, *paid James Williams 22ſ6.* As the thief may probably preſent this ticket to ſaid Mr. Humphreys, he is requeſted to ſtop the ſame, and give notice thereof to THOMAS HYDE. ¶

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, from the SUBSCRIBER, living in Philadelphia, an apprentice Iriſh lad, named WILLIAM WILLIAMS, about 17 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, has a very ſmooth face, and lightiſh hair; had on when he went away, a white ſhirt and trowſers, light grey ſhort coat, ſmall felt hat, cocked up all round, a good pair of pumps, and ſilver plated buckles. Whoever takes up ſaid apprentice, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by CONRAD ALSTER. § 8 W.

It is ſaid he has a falſe paſs in Iſaac Jones, Eſquire's name.

ISAAC and JOSEPH PASCHALL,

At the ſign of the Red Handſaw, on the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, directly oppoſite the end of Elbow-lane, have for ſale, a large Aſſortment of IRONMONGERY, BRASSWARE, CUTLERY, SADLERY, &c. *viz.*

THREE-PENNY, 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. and 20d. nails, anvils, vizes, of different ſorts, roll plate iron, ſteel, mill-ſaws, frying-pans, roaſting jacks, dripping-pans, braſs and iron-head fire-ſhovels and tongs, warming-pans, japanned waiters; hand, pannel, tenant, ſaſh, compaſs, and key-hole ſaws; braces and bitts; braſs, braſs knobed, and braſs handle, door locks; braſs knobed and thumb latches; H, HL, rule joint, cheſt, box, and dove-tail hinges; carpenters, joiners, and upholſterers hammers; rules, compaſſes, heading chiſſels and firmers, plane irons, ſhoemakers knives, hammers, punches, pincers, nippers, ſlotes, raſps, maſheen, awls, and tacks; braſs handles and eſcutcheons, for drawers; tea-table catches; ſingle wheel, and 3 wheel caſtors; cloak pins, and curtain rings; deſk, book-caſe, and ſide hinges; cheſt, cupboard, till, box, pad, and ſtock locks; coffin furniture; brick and plaiſtering trowels; buckles and metal buttons; ſheep and other ſhears; ſciſſars, buck, ſhambuck, and ſplit-bone knives and forks; piſtol capt, cutteau, and pen-knives; fine, baſtard cut, and coarſe files; raſps; braſs, braſs bell, common and poliſhed candleſticks; bedſcrews; woodſcrews, from ½ to 3 inches long; ſprigs, trunk and hob nails; fiſhſkin, fine Turkey oil-ſtones, glue, ſhot, Taylor's window-glaſs; a neat aſſortment of mens and womens horſe-whips, ſome of them ſilver mounted; coach and chaiſe furniture; a variety of ſilver plated, poliſhed, and tinned bitts and ſtirrups; ſilver plated and poliſhed ſpurs; ſetts, ſtaples and plates; tuft nails, clout nails and tacks; worſted and linen webbs, livery lace, orris, worſted bridle reins, fringe, croſs barred, and other ſwanſkin; a neat parcel of pluſhes; white dreſſed calf, and ſheep-ſkins; ſadlers tools; Engliſh ſaddle-trees, riveted; curry-combs; ozenbrigs; fine, middling, and coarſe broadcloths, &c. &c. &c.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all maſters or owners of any veſſel, coaſting to or from any port, or creek, between the capes and Philadelphia, that from and after the date hereof, every ſuch veſſel, coming to my wharffs, or within my piers, at Cheſter, will be ſubject to the payment of *Eighteen-pence*, from their firſt coming to, and *Eighteen-pence* for every 24 hours they ſhall lie there in the ſummer, fall, or ſpring ſeaſons; and in the winter months *Three Shillings*, from their firſt coming to, and the like ſum for every day they ſo lie there afterwards. As theſe wharffs have been built by the ſubſcriber, at a very great expence, and are of extenſive ſervice to the public, it is hoped it will be thought agreeable to the laws of reaſon and equity, that ſome conſideration ſhould be paid for the ſervice. FRANCIS RICHARDSON.

September 3, 1772. ¶

IF GEORGE MOORE, of London-Grove Townſhip, Cheſter County, or ROBERT MOORE, his Son, be living, they may hear of ſomething greatly to their Advantage, by applying to A. CALDWELL, and J. WILSON, of Philadelphia.

October 28, 1772. 2 w.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

November 11, 1772. NUMB. 2290.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

From the UNIVERSAL MAGAZINE.

How ſweet it is to be virtuous!------A Paſtoral Rhapſody.

OLD Palemon, ſeated on the brow of a hill, was warming himſelf by the rays of the ſun, and contemplating at the ſame time the wonders of nature. Nature, though always the ſame, is always pleaſing, and ſeems always to have new charms. Palemon had often before ſurveyed and admired the face of nature; Palemon ſaw, and ſtill admired it: How beautiful is nature! His ſon Lycidas, who was with him, and was delighted to ſee him ſo contented, at length interrupted his ſilence, and put him in mind of his having promiſed a ſong: With all my heart, ſon, replied Palemon; I now find myſelf in better ſpirits than uſual; Hark! and thus he began to ſing:

How ſweet it is to be virtuous! The juſt man is the happieſt man. For him the earth adorns herſelf with a thouſand colours, and makes the gayeſt and ſweeteſt-ſcented flowers to ſpring up: For him her precious harveſts ripen into their yellowiſh hue: For him the autumn teems with the moſt delectable fruits: For him, alſo, the winter comes, as it were, to ſtupify the earth in drowſineſs; and, by lulling her into a profound ſleep, recruits her ſtrength by its rigours, eaſes her of her pains, by putting a ſtop to her fertility, and renders her more fit, ſoon after, for diſplaying all her treaſures. How ſweet it is to be virtuous!

The juſt man is the happieſt man. For him the ſun illumines the fields: For him, we ſee him firſt ſhed, with ſo much pomp, his new-born light; the earth was, a moment ago, inveloped by profound night; the darkneſs, by which ſhe was encompaſſed, veiled from our eyes the ſight of all her riches; but ſhe ſuddenly iſſues from her grave; nature revives with day; already Aurora, cloathed with roſes, announces its return; the ſun then appears and gilds the tops of mountains; all is light, all bears the reſemblance of fire. Soon will he viſit theſe fields: Already the flocks fly from his heat, and ſeek the freſhneſs of the ſhade; already the weary ſwain repairs to the firſt leafy tree, to throw himſelf on a bed of green turf, within the arms of ſweet repoſe; whilſt the ſun, darting on all ſides his ſcorching beams, ripens our ears of corn, beſtows fire and colour on our fruits, gives birth to the moſt beautiful flowers, and enriches them with that juice, that precious juice, which the induſtrious bee carefully collects, for elaborating honey of the moſt exquiſite flavour. For the juſt likewiſe, and for procuring him a more tranquil ſleep, already the ſun puts an end to his brilliant courſe; he re-aſcends the mountains he had deſcended in the morning; already their ſhadows extend in width, and line our vallies with mourning; already a miſt ſkims nature over with obſcurity; the ſun has withdrawn his luſtre; he diſappears; the night comes; but the juſt is not then abandoned: To return in ſafety to his cot, and to guard him on his way againſt maleficent animals, thouſands of fires are kindled up in the heavens, and amidſt them preſides in ſplendid majeſty the ſilvered moon: At firſt ſhe ſhews but a part of her white light; next, more and more ſhe unveils her pale orbit; at length, ſhe expoſes to our eyes her entire lamp, and ſeems to pride herſelf in it: How ſweet it is to be virtuous!

For the juſt exiſts nature, charming and beautiful nature: The divine Author of all beings did form her for him: Every thing is for the juſt; the juſt is the cauſe and end of all thoſe miracles. How ſweet it is to be virtuous!

The wicked, it is true, ſhares with the juſt the light of the day. The night ſtretches her ſable mantle over the one, as well as the other: Over the one, as well as the other, Providence ſhowers down its benefits. But virtue and vice admit of great diſcriminations. Enjoyment proves the goodneſs of a thing, and makes us happy. The ſame preſents of Heaven, that conſtitute the felicity of the juſt, who knows how to enjoy them, are a ſource of ills for the wicked that abuſes them. That liquor ſo ſweet, ſo neceſſary to the induſtrious man; that precious nectar, which gives him a new ſupply of ſtrength, and makes light to him the heavieſt labours, becomes a poiſon, a mortal juice, a hurtful and bitter beverage, to thoſe that quaff it to exceſs. It diveſts them of the ſtrength its deſign was to preſerve to them; and, far from invigorating them, renders their limbs weak and tottering.

The juſt man is the happieſt man. He apprehends no miſhap: Unacquainted with fortune, her caprices are unknown to him. He is conſtantly happy; God conſtantly protects him. His field is always fertile; his grateful grounds exceed always his wiſhes, and multiply whatever he has confided to them: His trees are always loaded with fruits: His hut is always embelliſhed with green foliage; for him, for his pleaſure, a thouſand birds of all kinds join to produce the melody of the ſweeteſt notes; his herds and flocks multiply; every night and morning his cows come, with a ſlow pace and udders diſtended with milk, to bring him this the ordinary tribute of their gratitude: At break of day, his docile oxen are ready to ſerve him, and ſtretch of themſelves their ſtout necks to the yoke preſented to them. His faithful dog is always by his ſide; or, if he leaves him, it is to aſſemble about him his ſcattered flocks, or to reſcue from the enemy the prey he had ſurpriſed: Then, quite joyous, he returns to receive the careſſes and benefactions of his maſter; he is ſeen to turn inceſſantly about him, to wag his tail, and to be very ſolicitous in ſhewing him the moſt ſenſible marks of his zeal and attachment. How ſweet it is to be virtuous!

The juſt man is the happieſt man. His life, the life of the juſt, glides on as peaceably as the undiſturbed waters of a clear rivulet ſlowly flow through meadows enamelled with flowers. As they do, the juſt marks his paces by benefits, and leaves after him felicity, plenty, and joy; as they alſo, he is thirſted after, deſired, cheriſhed, and regretted. Wherever he goes, hearts ſeem flying to attend on his ſteps: The father ſhews him to his ſon, and dies content to ſee himſelf ſo well replaced; like unto the rays of the ſun which, after a gloomy ſtorm, break out, to recreate with their preſence, and animate by their warmth, the languid and lifeleſs fields, the juſt brings every where along with him feſtivity, happineſs, and comfort.

And, indeed, all-gracious Providence watches over all his ways. It grants him wife and good parents to rear him in his infancy, to be careful of him in his weak ſtate, and to form him to virtue: More advanced in years, they form him to exertions of ſtrength and hardy life, and put him in a condition of being a help to his parents already enfeebled, and of repaying them all he had received from them: But nature ſoon ſpeaks; her tender and pure heart ſeeks after an union, and feels the want of a companion: Soon does a worthy ſpouſe appear, to ſatisfy and content his innocent deſires: Love, the chaſteſt love, comes to link them in its ſoft bonds; at laſt they conſent, and unite for ever: A lovely and numerous poſterity is the fruit of ſuch ſacred nuptials; their whole care is taken up in conſulting the welfare of their children, that hereafter they may deſerve a juſt return: Years multiply; this virtuous couple bend inſenſibly; and at length fall under their weight: Regretted by their own, ſatisfied with them, they die as peaceably as they lived. Such is the life of the juſt; ſuch are the rewards awaiting virtue.

God loves the juſt man. He grants him a thriving infancy, a healthy youth-age, and an amiable old-age. He gives him wiſe parents, a chaſte wife, obedient children, perfect health, fertile grounds, a happy life, and a death replete with conſolation. How ſweet it is to be virtuous!

The juſt man is the happieſt man. Sometimes, however, a few clouds may darken the ſun-ſhine of his days; ſometimes his happineſs may be checquered with ſome pains and difficulties; but this is an ingenious preeaution of Heaven to inform him thoroughly of its value. Whatever reverſe of fortune happens to him, he conſtantly retains,---O the precious good!---the delectable happineſs!---a tranquil heart, an upright mind, a good ſoul that ceaſes not to comfort, by telling him, "Fear nothing, thou art juſt;" how ſweet it is to be ſo! The juſt man is indeed the moſt happy man.

Tears flow from thy eyes, my ſon, continued the good old man, embracing his ſon: Ah! how I love thee!---Thou are ſenſible of this happineſs:---This painting affects thee; be therefore always juſt, and thou wilt be always happy; thy hairs will whiten as mine on thy head; the number of thy years will equal that of mine; thou wilt bend down as I do, and, as I ſhall, thou wilt die happy, and reach the grave in a path of flowers. Be therefore always juſt; do always good to others; 'tis the greateſt good thou canſt do; ſtrew with one hand, and with the other thou wilt receive much more.-----Be juſt.-----The juſt are always happy.

After this ſong, Lycidas helped up his father, and ſupporting his ſteps, led him gently to his cottage. But he never forgot his ſong; he had always a lively ſenſe of it, remembered every word of it, and often repeated it to his children.

To be SOLD, at private SALE,

A LOT of GROUND, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, about 60 feet to the northward of Saſſafras-ſtreet, containing in front, 20 feet, and in depth 102 feet, has a 6 feet alley at the end thereof, running into Saſſafras-ſtreet. On this lot are four tenements, each two ſtories high, and a pump of good water in the yard, which belongs to this and the adjoining lot.---The whole rents at preſent for £ 52 per annum, and is ſubject to a groundrent of £ 3:5:0, currency. One half the purchaſe-money to be paid at executing the deeds, the remainder in 12 months, giving ſecurity and paying intereſt. Apply to THOMAS BOUDE, in the Northern Liberties, or to MATTHEW CLARKSON, Notary Public.

TO BE SOLD, at the ORIGINAL COST,

On Account of the MANUFACTURERS, by

CARSAN, BARCLAY, and MITCHELL,

THIRTY Pieces of ſuperfine and coarſe Broadcloths, and Twenty Pieces of Duffils and Coatings; alſo Linen and Sail Canvas, an Aſſortment of Woollen and Linen Goods, Cottons, Calicoes, &c. &c.

WANTS A FREIGHT, to any Part of Europe, A good ſtout VESSEL, now lying at Baltimore, will carry about 1800 Barrels, apply to SAMUEL SAM CARSAN, & Co. at Baltimore, or to CARSAN, BARCLAY, and MITCHELL. 5w.

WILLIAM BARRELL

Hath imported in the very laſt ſhips from LONDON, &c. A very large and moſt compleat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN *and* EAST-INDIA GOODS, *ſuitable to all ſeaſons, but particularly adapted to the preſent and approaching; conſiſting of*

WOOLLENS, in every branch, from baizes and half-thicks to the very beſt broadcloths, with ſuitable trimmings; Mancheſter goods, of all kinds, viz. velvets, velverets, cottons, checks, ſtripes, &c. hair and common grazets, miſſenets, broglios, crapes and poplins, hairbines, double allopeens, double and ſingle damaſks, plain and ſtriped ruſſels and calimancoes, rattinets, ſhaloons, anteloons, durants and tammies, womens calimancoe and durant quilts, very good, drawboys and everlaſtings, prunella or Queen's ſtuff, and ſattinet or denim, plain and ſtriped camblets and camblettees; a large aſſortment of hoſiery; ſtout milled yarn caps and gloves, womens and boys worſted mitts and gloves, mens and womens ſilk mitts, gloves and hoſe; paduaſoys, ducapes, luteſtrings, taffeties and perſians, rich ſattins, pelongs, ſarſnets, modes, &c. ſilk, linen and cotton handkerchiefs, of all kinds, Engliſh and real Barcelona ditto, of the beſt qualities and colours; a large and elegant aſſortment of ribbands and ſilk ferreting, fine white and clouded thread for weaving and knitting, cruels and ſlacks, finely aſſorted, cottons, calicoes and chintzes, muſlins of all kinds, from 4/6 to 21/ per yard, cambricks and lawns, Iriſh linens, ſheetings, dowlas and table-cloths, buckrams, ravenſduck, ticklenburghs and ozenbrigs, Flanders ticks, ticking and bunts, cotton counterpanes, and blankets of various kinds.------Alſo a large aſſortment of CUTLERY and HARD-WARE; among which are, beſt London nails, of all kinds, Engliſh and German ſteel, frying-pans, box and ſad-irons, ſhot and ſmall bar lead, needles and pins, of all kinds, plated, Pinchbeck and common metal ſhoe, knee and ſtock buckles, of all faſhions, metal buttons, of all kinds, ſtone lockets, ſleeve buttons, ſett and Bath links, hard metal and beſt London pewter; gun-powder, London made glue, firebellows, ruled accompt books, writing paper, ink-powder, black and red cake ink, beſt Dutch quills, ſealing wax, &c. &c. together with almoſt every article, uſually imported from Great-Britain. All which *(as they are ſupplied him on the very beſt terms)* he is determined to diſpoſe of, at the moſt moderate rates, to thoſe perſons, who will be ſo kind as to favour him with their good cuſtom, both by WHOLESALE and RETAIL, at his NEW STORE and SHOP, the north-eaſt corner of *Market* and *Second-ſtreets*.

A MARRIED MAN, upwards of 30 Years old, from Mancheſter, in England, who has been trained up to Buſineſs from a Child, and well recommended to ſeveral in this City, would be glad to ſerve as a Clerk in Town, or keep a Gentleman's Store in the Country. Enquire of the PRINTERS. §

Woolwich Townſhip, Glouceſter County, Oct. 22, 1772.

To be SOLD, by way of PUBLIC VENDUE,

on the 19th of November next,

A VALUABLE plantation and tract of land, ſituate on the North Branch of Raccoon-Creek, containing 353 acres, about 100 cleared, of which near 30 acres are mowable meadow, and about 40 more may be made; on the premiſes is a ſmall orchard of good fruit; alſo 2 good new dwelling-houſe and kitchen, a new barn, hay-houſe, ſtable, cow-houſes, &c. The conditions will be made known at the time and place of ſale, on the premiſes, by ROBERT TAYLOR. §

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD, by

JAMES HUMPHREYS, junior,

At the lower Corner of Black-horſe-alley, in Front-ſtreet,

THE UNIVERSAL ALMANACK, for the year of our LORD 1773; containing the equation of time for every day; the motions of the ſun and moon; the true places and aſpects of the planets; the riſing and ſetting of the ſun; the riſing, ſetting and ſouthing of the moon; the lunations, conjunctions, eclipſes; riſing, ſetting and ſouthing of the planets; judgment of the weather; feſtivals, and other remarkable days; tide table; table of the value and weight of coins; Quakers yearly meetings; fairs, courts, roads, &c. &c. Alſo a very uſeful PERPETUAL ALMANACK; rules and maxims for promoting matrimonial happineſs; religion, a poem; Flavella, an elegiac; the crooked ſtick, a tale; the bleſſings of life, by a lady; ſundry choice and experienced receipts; an experienced method of guarding againſt ſmutty crops of wheat; the unfaithful depoſitary; the ancient Romans receipt for eſtabliſhing true friendſhip, and the modern method; the induſtrious Roman; on calumny; jeſts; anecdote; on death; on faſhion; on the grave; to know whether it will be a long winter, and how the winter will be; an epigram, &c. &c. The calculations of this ALMANACK may be depended upon, as performed with the greateſt exactneſs and truth, being the performance of that ingenious maſter of mathematics, Mr. DAVID RITTENHOUSE, of this city, and it is the only Almanack publiſhed of his calculating. In order to render it more uſeful and neceſſary, he has been pleaſed to add a column more to every month, of the *equation of time*, for every day in the year.

N. B. Said *Humphreys* carries on the PRINTING BUSINESS, in the moſt general manner; alſo the STATIONARY BUSINESS, and now has for ſale, a neat variety in that way, as paper of all kinds, ſome very neat London faſhioned bladed penknives, common ditto, black lead pencils, ſealing-wax, wafers, Engliſh, Dutch and country quills, ink-powder, office and other blanks, &c. &c.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JOHN CORREY, deceaſed, are once more deſired to make immediate payment to the ſubſcribers. As repeated notice of this kind has been given, they may depend this will be the laſt, and that all ſuch as are delinquent, will be proceeded againſt according to law, by JANE CORREY, GEORGE CORREY, ROBERT CORREY, ſenior, and JAMES READ, Adminiſtrators.

To be LETT, a large commodious STABLE, ſituated in Church-alley, near Third-ſtreet, capable of containing 18 or 20 horſes, with a hay-loft over the whole, a paved yard, and large ſhed, for carriages. Enquire as above, ¶

Philadelphia, November 5, 1772.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

WAS STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, a cheſtnut coloured MARE, about 14½ hands high, between 6 and 7 years old, with a ſtar and ſnip, and part of her off eye laſh cut off, ſhod all round, will pace and trot. Whoever takes her up, ſhall receive THREE POUNDS reward, and for ſecuring the thief THREE POUNDS more, and all reaſonable charges, paid by JAMES CRESSON. §

St. George's Hundred, New-Caſtle County, Nov. 2, 1772.

TO BE RENTED,

And may be entered on in April next,

THAT noted INN and PLANTATION, of 245 acres of land, known by the name of Bird's Tavern; the building is all in good order for carrying on ſaid buſineſs, except a new ſtable, which will be built early in the ſpring; but as the place is ſo well known, nothing need be ſaid to recommend it. Therefore any perſon that chuſes to rent it, and can be well recommended, may, for terms, apply to

JOHN HYATT, of Mount-pleaſant.

N. B. If the renter chuſes, he may have ſome good timothy and clover meadow, within two miles of ſaid plantation. ‖ 7/6

FOR LONDONDERRY,

The Ship JENNY,

ARCHIBALD M'ILLWAIN,

COMMANDER;

WILL ſail in about three weeks, having the greateſt part of her cargoe engaged. For freight or paſſage, apply to the Captain on board, at Stamper's wharff, or to *Carſan, Barclay,* and *Mitchell.*

N. B. The indentures of a healthy ſervant GIRL, who has four Years to ſerve, are to be diſpoſed of, by Captain *M'Illwain.* 5w.

FOR LONDONDERRY,

The Ship WALLWORTH,

CONOLLY M'CAUSLAND,

COMMANDER;

WILL ſail in about three weeks, having the greateſt part of her cargoe engaged. For freight or paſſage, apply to the Captain on board, at Stamper's wharff, or to *Carſan, Barclay,* and *Mitchell,* who have for ſale a few FIRKINS of IRISH BUTTER. 5w.

FOR LONDONDERRY,

The Ship ALEXANDER,

JAMES HUNTER,

COMMANDER;

A STOUT new veſſel, with excellent accommodations for paſſengers; will ſail in about three weeks, having the greateſt part of her cargoe engaged. For freight or paſſage, apply to the Captain on board, at Stamper's wharff, or to *Carſan, Barclay,* and *Mitchell.* 5w.

Weſt Caln Townſhip, Cheſter County, November 4, 1772.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, laſt April was a year, a red and white ſpotted STEER, a year old paſt, marked with a ſlit in the near ear. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

‖ SAMUEL WITHROW.

CAME to the plantation of John Eby, in Warwick townſhip, Lancaſter county, about three weeks ago, a red and white ſpotted BULL, about two years and a half old. The owner may have him again, on proving his property, and paying charges. JOHN EBY. ‡

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the Fourth Page.*]

REFLECTIONS *on* GALLANTRY; *and on the* EDUCATION *of* WOMEN.

LOVE at preſent is only the Taſte of Pleaſure allied with Vanity. Social Inſtinct does not touch vulgar Souls, of which there are many at all Times, and which, in the preſent State of Things, are weakened likewiſe by Example. Men ſeek for Pleaſures, and do not find them, becauſe the greateſt have their Source in the Heart, and in the ſocial Affections. They, who ſeek them only in the Senſes, will ſoon find a Chaſm in themſelves, which renders them uneaſy, and makes them run from one Object to another. This Uneaſineſs produces in its Turn Libertiniſm, an Irregularity which ought not to be leſs ſhameful in thoſe, who give themſelves up to it, with Women of a certain Claſs, than in thoſe, who abandon themſelves to the very Refuſe of the People. The Contempt, with which ſome Women load themſelves by the Indecency of their Behaviour, nouriſhes this Libertiniſm; none but mean Souls can attach themſelves to a deſpicable Object. The Individuals of both Sexes, who abandon themſelves groſly to Pleaſure, prepare for themſelves, after a Youth full of Thorns, a miſerable Old-age. All that then remains to them is public Contempt, bitter Remorſe, an exhauſted Heart, and an impaired Conſtitution.

Some have diſtinguiſhed two Sources of Love; the one ſeated in the Senſes, the other in the Head. This laſt, which depends only on Curioſity, and on a diſordered Imagination, is, we are told, the moſt common. If the Diſtinction be not a good one, it proves at leaſt, that the Love of our Days is not ſo much influenced by the Libertiniſm of the Senſes, as by an ill-placed Vanity.

If, in Effect, the Senſes determined the Choice of the Object beloved, Men would always chuſe what affects them moſt. But it is not faſhionable to be attached to the Object that pleaſes; the Preference is given to that which is likely to be moſt talked of, and whoſe Conqueſt promiſes Vanity the greateſt Portion of that deſpicable Glory, which flatters corrupted Hearts. The Preference is given to Women who, by Dint of vilifying themſelves, have acquired a Name, and whoſe illuſtrious Reputation reflects back upon their Lovers. Women, like thoſe Savages who eſteem a Man in Proportion to his being covered with frightful Scars, love a Man only in Proportion to the Number of Women he has ruined. They ſnatch from each other thoſe travelling Trophies of the Favours granted by their Sex. Neither Merit nor Accompliſhments are neceſſary to make a Man a Favourite of the Ladies; he need only declare himſelf illuſtrious in that Career.

To make one Conqueſt that is talked of, is not enough; the Number muſt be multiplied. Our frivolous Heroes and Heroines purſue this noble Ambition with ſuch Ardor, that, like Alexander, who wanted another World, they ſeem to regret, that there is but one Sex to conquer. What abject Meanneſs muſt there be in the Soul of that Man, who can pride himſelf upon the poor Advantage of ſeducing Women! Could he think it a Merit in him, if he reflected a Moment on the ridiculous Motives, which moſt commonly determine the Choice of Women! It is given to a few ſuperior Men to join the truly amiable with the real ſolid Qualities; and it is given to few Women to reliſh thoſe extraordinary Men.

Though a Man finds Happineſs in a rational Attachment, he muſt break it off to be faſhionable. Lovers are reduced to as melancholy a Situation as that of the antient Kings of Spain, who, let them like the Place where they were never ſo well, were obliged to change their Abode at a certain ſtated Time, becauſe it was the Cuſtom. What can be more unreaſonable, than to ſubject one's Enjoyments of Life to the Caprices of an arbitrary Mode?

Our Manners, in regard to Love, are very diſadvantageous to the Happineſs of Individuals, and to that of the Public. We deviate from Nature, who never fails to puniſh thoſe that are deaf to her Voice. Inſtead of hearing her when ſhe calls us to real Pleaſures, we run after only the Happineſs of Vanity. We no longer know Pleaſure; we taſte but the Opinion of it; we embrace a Cloud. If Women were ſenſible of their own Intereſts, they would know how much Modeſty and Decency embelliſh them, and heighten their Charms; how much thoſe amiable Qualities enliven and add to every Enjoyment. They would alſo know on the other Hand, how much Boldneſs and affected Airs render them, and their Commerce, diſagreeable and diſguſting, and ſpoil all their Pleaſures. Both Sexes would feel that their Happineſs requires Connexions founded on ſomething more ſolid, than the ſlight Impreſſion of an accidental Glance, or a tranſient Liking.

There is an Effect of theſe Manners ſtill more fatal to our Happineſs. The Habit of that Inconſtancy, of that Levity, extends to the whole Conduct of our Life, even to the moſt eſſential Duties. A Paſſion, which engroſſes the Years of our Life the moſt ſuſceptible of Impreſſion, gives the Soul a Turn difficult to be altered. By ſuffering Frivoloufneſs and Levity to enter into the Manner of treating Love, Men accuſtom themſelves to uſe it on all Occaſions. The Taſte for Virtue, which requires conſtant Culture, is loſt. Men grow more afraid of the Imputation of Ridicule, than of the Reproaches of Vice. Inconſtancy, the Daughter and Mother of Weakneſs, enervates their Souls, and renders them incapable of any elevated Sentiment. It is with Reaſon that the reſt of Europe accuſe the French of having ſpoiled all Nations, by infecting them with the Taſte of Foppery.

This Influence is full as viſible with reſpect to the Mind and Talents. Somebody has ſaid, that the Introduction of Coaches was the Ruin of the Sciences and of Letters. One may ſay, with greater Juſtice, that our falſe Gallantry circumſcribes the Talents, and contracts their Sphere. Frivoloufneſs, by bringing it into Vogue, and conferring Honours upon little Talents, the moſt eaſy to be acquired, diſcourages Men from attempting great Things, which may require Labour and Application. Enervated Minds, abſorbed in Trifles, will no longer be able to ſubject themſelves to that Application, and to attempt great Things. We have amiable Miniſters, pretty Captains, gallant Philoſophers, and few great Men.

The only Remedy, which can heal radically the Injuries done to Society by the Prejudices concerning Love, is a better Education of the Women. That which is given them, is only turned towards Trifles: It fills, with mere nothings, Heads made for better Purpoſes: It gives a Looſe to the wildeſt Paſſions.

It is afflicting to ſee how many excellent Qualities this Negligence leaves uncultivated. A delicate Organiſation, a great Senſibility, a happy Imagination, lively Paſſions, give the Fair Sex an univerſal Diſpoſition to every Talent, and every Virtue. Let us do Juſtice to the Women: Among thoſe whoſe Situation, or Circumſtances, have enabled them to receive a good Education, or who have been ſo fortunate as to acquire it of themſelves, there are found, perhaps, more Talents, and more real Merit, than among Men; and, what is more, thoſe eſtimable Qualities accompanied with the ſmiling Graces, natural to their Sex, but unattainable by ours.

If theſe excellent Diſpoſitions were cultivated with more Care, they would prove the Happineſs of both Sexes, and that of Society. The Women muſt know little their Intereſts, if they would not concur in ſo advantageous a Change. The Time for being young and pretty is very ſhort. That Age once paſt, the Woman, who had only Beauty to recommend her, returns to nothing. Being no longer propped up by the frail Support of the Flatteries of Men, ſhe feels a Chaſm, a Wearineſs of Mind, which plunges her into Slander, or into a froward Devotion. If, on the contrary, ſhe has a Mind well cultivated, and Merit, ſhe finds Reſources within herſelf; ſhe ſecures to herſelf, by her Talents, an Empire over Men, more pleaſing than that of Beauty; and ſhe will be, in a more advanced Age, the Delight of her Friends, as ſhe was, before, that of her Lovers. Even in her Youth, her ſuperior Underſtanding will ſave her from thoſe humiliating Choices, thoſe ſhameful Attachments, which diſhonour more than the Paſſion itſelf: She will know how to reliſh a Man of Merit, whoſe Converſation leads her Curioſity into new Countries, and feeds agreeably the Vivacity of her Mind. Wearineſs of Mind, that cruel Enemy to the Sex, will vaniſh: She will know true Pleaſures, of which frivolous Beings ſee only the Shadow. She will no longer be forced to judge of Men by their Appearance; ſhe will be ſcreened from the humiliating Suſpicion of knowing how to make but one Uſe of a Man.

Theſe Lights, diffuſed over the Fair Sex, will unfold the latent Seeds of all the Virtues. Let not Men deceive themſelves with ſome ſuperficial Moraliſts, who talk of Virtue in ſuch a Manner, as if none but Idiots could be virtuous. Ignorance produces more Vices than the Abuſe of Knowledge and of the Paſſions. To obſerve one's Duties, one muſt know them, and be able to diſtinguiſh thoſe that are real from thoſe which are only nominal: The Mind muſt always be impreſſed with ſure Principles. Cuſtom may give the Appearance of Virtue; only ſolid Knowledge can give it in Reality. Enlightened Women will be penetrated with that delightful Sentiment, which ariſes from Virtue, which only can make us happy. They will no longer derive a deſpicable Glory from their Weakneſſes, from their Inconſtancy of Taſte, from the Levity of their Behaviour; inſtead of abandoning themſelves blindly to their Paſſions and Fancies, they will know how to govern and direct them.

By this Merit, the Sex will be the pleaſing and uſeful Ornament of Society; its Commerce will no longer be the fruitful Source of Frivoloufneſs, and the Channel through which it circulates in every State. The Men, naturally inclined to court the good Graces of the Fair, will no longer be obliged to degrade and vilify themſelves, in order to pleaſe them. The two Sexes, inſtead of mutually corrupting, will reciprocally enhance the Value of each other. What Encouragement to Merit and Talents muſt ariſe from the Perſuaſion, that Beauty will be their Reward! What Maſter more perſuaſive than a fine Mouth, which teaches Truth with Graces peculiar to itſelf, and leads to Virtue by a Way ſtrewed with Flowers! The Eſteem, with which the two Sexes will inſpire each other, will be a continual School of Urbanity and Politeneſs. Women, deſtined to be the Mothers of Families, will no longer be the greateſt Bar to the Education of their Children, by their Frivoloufneſs, their Ignorance, and their irregular Conduct: They will no longer ruin Families by their Whims, their Inconſiſtencies, and their extravagant Amuſements.

Love will aſſume a new Form, that which Nature avows, with which ſhe inſpires us to make us happy, and comfort us under the Bitterneſs of Life. It will not be a groſs Inſtinct, which leads to Libertiniſm, nor a chimerical Idea, formed for our Torment, nor a wrong Turn of the Imagination, which dwells only upon the Emptineſs of Vanity. It will be compoſed of all that can fill delightfully the entire Capacity of the Soul, of all that is moſt delicate in Pleaſure; the moſt tender Friendſhip, the moſt ſatisfactory Confidence, and the moſt pleaſing Eſteem.

This Form of Love will render the married State more fixed, more honourable, and will conſequently remedy the Inconveniencies which ariſe to Society, from the Contempt and Inſtability of that State. It is natural to be attached to the Object of one's Eſteem, and ſuch an Attachment cannot be ridiculous. The Union of a Man of Merit with a frivolous Being is always monſtrous, and little durable. Qualities ſo oppoſite, and which the Parties concerned hold reciprocally in ſo ſmall Eſteem, inſpire only Diſguſt; or, if Beauty ſnatches ſome tranſient Reliſh, it can laſt but a Moment. But how delightful is that Society, in which every Inſtant furniſhes either Side with new Reaſons to commend and rejoice in their Choice; in which Glory and public Approbation ſhine continually upon two fortunate Perſons, who have given themſelves to each other for Life; in which all their Deſires are inceſſantly ſatisfied; and in which the Love of Diſtinction has nothing to ſeek beyond that Society?

ANECDOTE.

WHEN Veſpaſian commanded a Senator to give his Voice againſt the Intereſt of his Country, and threatened him with immediate Death if he ſpoke on the other Side; the Roman, conſcious that the Attempt to ſerve the People was in his Power, though the Event was ever ſo uncertain, anſwered with a Smile, "Did I ever tell you I was immortal? My Virtue is in my own Diſpoſal; my Life in yours: Do you what you will, I will do what I ought; and if I fall in the Service of my Country, I ſhall have more Triumph in my Death than you in all your Laurels."

BOSTON, October 29.

Sunday laſt was the Anniverſary of His Majeſty's Acceſſion to the Throne, when he entered the 13th Year of his Reign: The Day following was celebrated here by the Firing of the Guns at Caſtle William, and the Batteries in this Town at One o'Clock; as alſo on board his Majeſty's Ships in this Harbour.

On this Occaſion alſo, his Excellency's Company of Cadets, commanded by the Hon. Col. Hancock, had their fourth Training. The Company being under Arms, and in uniform Dreſs, made a very fine and reſpectable Appearance, they were exerciſed on the Common until Noon, when, having refreſhed themſelves at the Colonel's, they marched into King-ſtreet, where, after firing three Vollies, they performed the Manual Exerciſe, a Variety of Evolutions, with Platoon, Street and other Firings, in a very regular Manner, and to the great Pleaſure of a vaſt Number of Spectators:---In the Afternoon they again went through a Number of Military Manœuvres, and finiſhed with firing a Feu de Joy. Their Performances, in the Opinion of good Judges, were equal to any Corps that ever performed in this Town.

Yeſterday the Freeholders, and other Inhabitants of this Town, met at Faneuil-Hall, to enquire into the Grounds of a Report that prevails, that Salaries are appointed to the Judges of the Superior Court of Judicature, of this Province, whereby they are rendered independent of the Grants of the General Aſſembly for their Support, contrary to ancient and invariable Uſage; and to take ſuch Meaſures thereupon, as might be proper upon ſo alarming an Occaſion.

After the cooleſt and moſt candid Debate and Deliberation, the Town came into a very full Vote (there being only one Hand held up againſt it) to prepare a decent and reſpectful Meſſage to the Governor, for the firſt Purpoſe aforeſaid. And in the Afternoon ſuch a Meſſage was prepared, ſetting forth, that the Report above mentioned had ſpread a general Alarm among all conſiderate Perſons, who had heard of it, in Town and Country; ſuch an Eſtabliſhment being conſidered as tending rapidly to complete that Syſtem of Slavery, which originated in the Houſe of Commons of Great-Britain, aſſuming a Power and Authority to give and grant the Monies of the Coloniſts, without their Conſent, and againſt their repeated Remonſtrances. This Draft of a Meſſage was freely canvaſſed, and finally accepted, by a very full Vote, *Nemine contradicente*, and thereupon William Phillips, Eſq; the Hon. James Otis, Eſq; Mr. Samuel Adams, Dr. Joſeph Warren, Dr. Benjamin Church, Mr. Timothy Newell, and Col. Thomas Marſhall, were appointed to wait on his Excellency with the ſame.

Then the Meeting was adjourned until Friday, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, to receive his Excellency's Anſwer, and to proceed to ſuch further Meaſures, as may be judged proper. It is hoped there will be alſo a very full Meeting at the Adjournment. It is obſervable that, throughout the whole Debates, the Citizens concerned in it, manifeſted the greateſt good Humour and Patience with each other, the whole Town being deeply ſenſible of the Importance of the Matter before them.

The MESSAGE abovementioned is as follows:

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

THE Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the Town of *Boſton*, legally aſſembled in *Faneuil-Hall*, beg Leave to acquaint your Excellency, that a Report has prevailed, which they have Reaſon to apprehend is well grounded, that Stipends are affixed to the Offices of the Judges of the Superior Court of Judicature, &c. of this Province, whereby they are become independent of the Grants of the General Aſſembly for their Support; contrary to antient and invariable Uſage. This Report has ſpread an Alarm among all conſiderate Perſons who have heard of it, in Town and Country; being viewed as tending rapidly to compleat the Syſtem of their Slavery, which originated in the Houſe of Commons of Great-Britain, aſſuming a Power and Authority to give and grant the Monies of the Coloniſts, without their Conſent, and againſt their repeated Remonſtrances. And, as the Judges hold their Places, during Pleaſure, this Eſtabliſhment appears big with fatal Evils, ſo obvious, that it is needleſs to treſpaſs on your Excellency's Time in mentioning them.

It is therefore the humble and earneſt Requeſt of the Town, that your Excellency would be pleaſed to inform them, whether you have received any ſuch Advice, relating to a Matter ſo deeply intereſting to the Inhabitants of this Province, which gives you Aſſurance, that ſuch an Eſtabliſhment has been, or is likely to be, made. *Atteſt.* WILLIAM COOPER, *Town-Clerk.*

Nov. 2. On Friday the Town met according to Adjournment, and the Committee, which had been appointed to wait on the Governor, reported from his Excellency the following Anſwer to their Meſſage, viz.

GENTLEMEN,

IT is by no Means proper for me to lay before the Inhabitants of any Town whatſoever, in Conſequence of their Votes and Proceedings in a Town Meeting, any Part of my Correſpondence, as Governor of the Province, or to acquaint them whether I have or have not received any Advices, relating to the public Affairs of the Government. This Reaſon alone, if your Addreſs to me had been in other Reſpects unexceptionable, would have been ſufficient to reſtrain me from complying with your Deſire.

I ſhall always be ready to gratify the Inhabitants of the Town of Boſton, *upon every regular Application to me on Buſineſs of public Concernment to the Town, as far as I ſhall have it in my Power, conſiſtent with Fidelity to the Truſt, which his Majeſty has repoſed in me.*

T. HUTCHINSON.

Province-Houſe, Oct. 30, 1772.

To the Inhabitants of the Town of Boſton, *in Town Meeting aſſembled, at* Faneuil-Hall.

The foregoing Anſwer being read, it was moved, that a Committee be appointed to prepare a humble Petition to the Governor, praying, that he would be pleaſed to order a Seſſion of the General Aſſembly at the Time to which it now ſtands prorogued; and Mr. *Otis*, Mr. *Adams*, and Mr. *Cuſhing*, were appointed accordingly, who reported a Draft; which being read, it was voted, that the ſame Gentlemen, who had before carried the Meſſage of the Town, wait on his Excellency with the following Petition, viz.

To his Excellency the GOVERNOR of the Province,

The PETITION of the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the Town of *Boſton*, legally aſſembled, by Adjournment, in *Faneuil-Hall*, on Friday, October 30, 1772,

Humbly ſheweth,

THAT your Petitioners are *ſtill* greatly alarmed at the Report, which has been prevalent of late, viz. That Stipends are affixed to the Offices of the Judges of the Superior Court of Judicature of this Province, by order of the Crown, for their Support.

Such an Eſtabliſhment is contrary, not only to the plain and obvious Senſe of the Charter of this Province, but alſo, to ſome of the Fundamental Principles of the Common-Law; to the Benefit of which all Britiſh Subjects, wherever diſperſed throughout the Britiſh Empire, are indubitably entitled.

Such a Jealouſy have the Subjects of England for their Rights, Liberties and Privileges, and ſo tender Regard has been ſhewn to them by his Majeſty, that notwithſtanding the Proviſion made at the Revolution, that the Judges of the King's Superior Court of Law there, ſhould hold their Commiſſions, not at Pleaſure, but during good Behaviour; and ſince that Time for their Support, His Majeſty among other the firſt Acts of his Reign, was graciouſly pleaſed to recommend it to Parliament, and an Act paſſed, that their Commiſſions ſhould not ceaſe at the Demiſe of the King; whereby every Thing poſſible in human Wiſdom ſeems to have been done, to eſtabliſh an Impartiality in their Deciſions, not only between Subject and Subject, but between the Crown and the Subject----Of how much greater Importance muſt it be to preſerve from the leaſt ſuppoſeable Bias, the Judges of a Court, inveſted by the Laws of this Province, which have been approved of by Majeſty, with Powers as fully and amply, to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever, as the Courts of King's-Bench, Common Pleas and Exchequer, within his Majeſty's Kingdom of England have, or ought to have.

Your Excellency will allow your Petitioners, with due Submiſſion, to repeat, that this Eſtabliſhment appears to them pregnant with ſuch fatal Evils, as that the moſt diſtant Thought of its taking Effect fills their Minds with Dread and Horror.

Theſe, Sir, are the Sentiments and Apprehenſions of this Metropolis; expreſſed however with due Deference to the Sentiments of the Province, with which your Petitioners are anxiouſly ſolicitous of being made acquainted.

It is therefore their earneſt and humble Requeſt, that your Excellency would be pleaſed to allow the General Aſſembly to meet at the Time to which it now ſtands prorogued; in order, that in that *Conſtitutional* Body, with whom it is to enquire into Grievances, and redreſs them, the joint Wiſdom of the Province may be employed, in deliberating and determining on a Matter ſo important and alarming."

Then the Meeting was further adjourned till Monday, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, to receive an Anſwer to the Petition, and take ſuch further Meaſures as this moſt important Affair may require.

Capt. Cornelius White, arrived here from Cape Nichola-Mole, in Lat. 39:30, Long. 69:35, came acroſs a Wreck, which proved to be Captain John Boardman, of Wethersfield, in Connecticut, who, together with his Crew, Captain White took off, and brought in with him.

Capt. Solomon Hatch, arrived at Wood's Hole, in Lat. 37, took up a Cheſt, with a new Suit of Cloaths, a new Beaver Hat, a Quantity of Caſh, and a Quadrant, with the Name John Smith at Length thereon. Any Perſon, proving Claim thereto, may have the above, by applying to ſaid Hatch.

NEWPORT, November 2.

Capt. Bourke, who arrived here laſt Week, brought in Capt. William Stoddard, and Hands, late of a Brig belonging to North-Carolina, which had foundered in the late Hurricane in the Weſt-Indies.

Laſt Friday P. M. we had a very ſevere Storm of Wind, Rain, Thunder and Lightning; in the Midſt of which ſeveral Veſſels arrived, belonging to this and the neighbouring Colonies; notwithſtanding the Violence of the Gale rendered it impoſſible, with any Degree of Safety, for a Veſſel to pay thoſe mere Compliments to his Majeſty Ship ſtationed here, which in a moderate Time might be expected, ſeveral Shot were fired from the Mercury at thoſe Veſſels, which were flying into this Harbour, for an Aſſylum from the Storm, one of which Shot would inevitably have gone through a Sloop's Bottom, had it not been intercepted by a Rock, at the North-end of Goat-Iſland, which lay between the Ship and the Sloop.---How Captain K--l-r can juſtify ſuch raſh Proceedings, we are at a Loſs to conceive; of this we are morally certain, that had not the Shot been providentially obſtructed, the Sloop muſt have been ſunk, and all the People periſhed, as it was not in his Power, at that Time, with all his Crew, to afford them any Aſſiſtance.

NEW-YORK, November 5.

We hear from England, that the ingenious Mrs. Wright, whoſe ſurpriſing Imitations of Nature, in Wax Work, have been ſo much admired in America, by a diligent Application and Improvement in the ſame Employment, has recommended herſelf to the general Notice and Encouragement of Perſons of the firſt Diſtinction in England, who have honoured her with peculiar Marks of their Favour; and as ſeveral eminent Perſonages, and even his Majeſty himſelf, have condeſcended to ſit ſeveral Times for her to take their Likeneſſes, it is probable ſhe will enrich her Collection, and oblige her Friends in America, with a View of the moſt remarkable Perſons of the preſent Age, among which will be the immortal, inimitable Garrick, whom ſhe had begun; ſhe has already compleated, and ſent over to her Houſe in this City, where they may be ſeen, the moſt ſtriking Likeneſs of the celebrated Dr. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, of Philadelphia, now in London, and of Mrs. CATHERINE M'CAULAY, ſo much admired for her great Learning, fine Writing, and amiable Character.

The Sloop Thomas, T. Roberts, Maſter, belonging to Norfolk, in Virginia, bound to St. Vincents, on the 28th of Auguſt, Lat. 21:25, Long. 59:40, in a ſevere Gale, loſt his Maſt, Boom, Square-ſail-yard, Main-ſail, and the Rigging thereunto belonging, with Ca-

houſe, &c. in this deplorable Condition he lay 10 Days, when, near the East End of Hiſpaniola, a French Ship, the Tortola, from France bound to Cape Francois, Captain Freſcarob, with great Humanity, took him in Tow, and conducted him ſafe into Cape-Francois, with the Whole of his Cargoe, where he arrived on the 17th Day of September.

A Gentleman in England writes his Friend here, that the ſending ſuch great Quantities of Ship Timber in Rafts to England, will ſink the Price of Ships there, and raiſe it in America.

November 9. The Firſt Battalion of the 60th, or Royal American Regiment, under the Command of Colonel Prevoſt, ſailed from Amboy, for Jamaica, on Friday laſt.

On Saturday, the 31ſt of October, embarked on board the Tranſports, deſtined for the Iſland of Antigua, the Second Battalion of his Majeſty's 60th, or Royal American Regiment of Foot, under the Command of Major George Etherington.

In January, 1765, when the above-mentioned Battalion was ordered to march from Quebec to Montreal, they were held in univerſal Eſteem with the Inhabitants of that Capital; and when they left Montreal (although their Stay there was not much above four Months) the Inhabitants in general regretted the Loſs of them very much: And, we have been credibly informed, they have maintained their Character unblemiſhed ever ſince. Their leaving the Poſts of Niagara, Detroit and Michillimackinac, was looked upon by the Inhabitants as an ineſtimable Loſs, as their Humanity and good Behaviour had, on all Occaſions, appeared ſo conſpicuous; and, ſince their Arrival here, have conducted themſelves greatly to the Satisfaction, and deſerving the Applauſe of the Inhabitants of this City. The good Conduct of the Gentlemen Officers contributes very much to their own Honour, and the Behaviour of their Inferiors.

We hear, that a few Days ago no leſs than nine Men were committed to Goal in Albany, on Suſpicion of being concerned in counterfeiting our laſt Emiſſion of Paper Money, as a Quantity of the ſame, and many bad Dollars, with Inſtruments for operating on both, were found in their Poſſeſſion.

A Letter from Detroit, of the 29th of September, ſays, "Yeſterday Iſhiwabami and Shawaneſe, two Ottowa Chiefs, with two young Men of their Nation, came in here from Saguinan Bay, and brought a Letter from one Beaulieu (a French Trader there) to Major Baſſet, our Commandant, informing him, that Phineas Pond (an Engliſh Trader, with his two Battoemen, were murdered by the Chippawas, on their Way from Michillimackinac to this Place, near the River au Gre. Iſhiwabami ſpoke to Minitowabe (one of the Murderers) and reproached him for his Behaviour, in ſeeking to diſturb the Tranquility of the Land, when all was Peace and Quietneſs; he anſwered, that Liquor was the Cauſe of it, they were drunk. Major Baſſet ſent back the Meſſengers this Day, to tell the Chiefs, and principal People of the Nation, that he inſiſts abſolutely on their delivering up the Murderers, that he will not pardon them on any other Condition, and will put a Stop to their Trade, &c.

Captain Wilſon, from Liverpool, the 21ſt ult. in Lat. 38: 30, Long. 69, ſpoke with a Brig, from Virginia for New-London; and the 29th following, in Lat. 39: 30, Long. 70, with Captain Oar, in a Sloop, from Rhode-Iſland for Barbados, all well.

Captain Fullerton, in a Ship belonging to this Port, that ſailed from St. Auguſtine with Troops for St. Vincents, put into Bermuda, the 27th of September, in a diſtreſſed Condition, having met with a Hurricane, on the 17th of the ſame Month, in Lat. 27, Long. 56, the Wind at N. E. which was ſo violent, that the Ship would not ſteer, but broached to, and lay on her Beam Ends for 4 Hours, the Hold ſhifted at the ſame Time, and ſuch a Quantity of Water therein, that it waſhed againſt the lower Deck, which obliged Captain Fullerton to cut away his Mizen Maſt, when the Ship righted, and got before the Wind; and by the Help of the Soldiers, with their Camp Kettles, they got the Veſſel clear of Water after 48 Hours hard Work, having moſt of their Proviſions damaged, and ſo little freſh Water left, that both Officers and Men were reduced to a Purſer's Half Pint per Day.

Laſt Week the Harriot Packet Boat, Captain Lee, ſailed with the Mail for Falmouth.

PHILADELPHIA, *November* 11.

Captain Gregory, from Liſbon, on the 17th of laſt Month, in Lat. 28, Long. 58, ſpoke the Sloop Ready Money, Captain Pray, from Georgia for Antigua, out 66 Days; and being in very great Want of Proviſions, Captain Gregory ſupplied him with what he could ſpare; the next Day he ſpoke a Brig, from Norfolk for Barbados, out 17 Days, all well; alſo the ſame Day he ſaw a Veſſel to Windward of him, which he took to be a Brig or Schooner, with yellow painted Sides, and a green Stern, ſtanding to the Southward, under a Jury-maſt, rigged like a Sloop, but as ſhe did not hoiſt any Signal, or offer to bear down to ſpeak with him, he imagines they were not in Want of any Thing.----Captain Gregory left Liſbon the 18th of September, and informs, that Captain Lawrence, in a Ship, belonging to Baltimore, was to ſail about the 20th.

Captain Carliſle, from St. Chriſtophers, on the 17th of laſt Month, in Lat. 28, Long. 65: 30, ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Hutchings, from this Place for St. Chriſtophers, out 9 Days, all well.

Captain Ferguſon, from Jamaica, on the 16th of October, in Lat. 22: 48, Long. 79, ſpoke the Brig Ann, Captain Proby, from Kingſton for North-Carolina, out 38 Days, who informed him, that the Day before he ſpoke a Ship, from Jamaica for London, out 8 Weeks, and a Brig, from Kingſton for this Port, out 30 Days, but that he did not learn the Maſters Names; and on the 17th, in Lat. 23, Long. 79, he ſpoke a Ship, Captain Wallace, from Jamaica for New-York, out 8 Days, all well.

Captain Harris, from Georgia, informs us, that the late bad Weather obliged him to put into Ocracock, in North-Carolina, from whence he ſailed the 28th of laſt Month, in Company with three Sloops, one of which, Captain Harlow, for this Place; one for Boſton, and the other for Rhode-Iſland, Names unknown; and that he left Captain Robinſon, in a Schooner, from this Port for the Weſt-Indies, at Ocracock,

Captain Martin, from Cape-Nichola, on the 11th ult. in Lat. 23: 20, Long. 75, ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Hamilton, from the Mole for Virginia, out 7 Days, all well; and on the 19th, in Lat. 23: 48, Long. 75: 50, he ſpoke a Brig, from Leoganne for New-York, but could not learn the Maſter's Name.-----Captain Martin informs, that a Brig, Captain Sinclair, having parted her Cables, and drove aſhore in the late Hurricane, was afterwards got off again, but had received ſo much Damage, that it was thought ſhe would be condemned.

The Brig Carpenter, Captain Williams, is arrived at Liſbon, from this Port.

On Saturday laſt KAYASHUTA, the great *Seneca Chief*, returned to this City from *Johnſon-Hall*, where he has been on a Viſit to Sir WILLIAM JOHNSON, of the greateſt Importance to the Colonies. The Entertainment he received, when laſt here, at ſeeing a few Electrical Experiments, has ſo much engaged his Attention and Admiration, that, we are informed, his firſt Enquiry at his Return was, whether he could have another Opportunity of ſeeing Thunder and Lightning produced by human Art? And we hear, he is determined to attend Mr. KINNERSLEY's Lectures at the College, on Thurſday and Friday Evenings next.

*** We are informed that Mr. KINNERSLEY intends to continue his Lectures here no longer than next Week, and the Week after.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*. INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Dove, J. Higgs, and Brig St. James, C. Ferguſon, from Jamaica. Schooner Suſanna, A. M'Cormick, Montſerrat. Brig Induſtry, W. Keith, Antigua. Brig Content, W. Price, Honduras. Ship Minerva, D. Gregory, Liſbon. Schooner Felicity, W. Grymes, and Sloop Sally and Betſey, R. Heath, Virginia. Schooner Nancy, D. Badger, Sloop Betſey, A. Gurling, and Schooner Molly and Fanny, B. Woods, N. Carolina. Sloop Peace and Plenty, J. Anthony, Rh. Iſland. Schooner Becky, R. Harris, from Georgia.

OUTWARDS. Brig Molly, J. Mullet, for St. Kitts. Brig Grenada Packet, F. Illingſworth, Grenada. Schooner Suſanna, P. Thomſon, Georgia. Ship Magdalen, J. Wallace, and Brig Nancy, J. Hanſe, Jamaica. Brig Two Friends, A. Waide, Liſbon. Sloop Dove, J. Higgs, St. Euſtatia. Brig Rachell, R. Collins, Madeira. Sloop Good Intent, J. Creaton, for St. Vincents.

CLEARED. Ship Sally, S. Covill, Ship Commerce, A. Henderſon, and Brig Sophia, W. Heaſleton, to Liſbon. Sloop Mulberry, R. Long, Sloop Polly, G. Walton, Schooner Nancy, T. Green, and Schooner Dove, E. Beebe, N. Carolina. Brig Friendſhip, J. Blewer, S. Carolina. Ship Newry Packet, D. Campbell, and Brig Charming Peggy, G. Conyngham, Antigua. Brig Kitty, P. Lacy, Jamaica. Sloop Peggy, G. Crombie, Sloop Little Archy, W. Barzey, Schooner Beggar's Beniſon, E. Drew, Sloop Charlotte, J. Cobourn, Brig George, J. Wilſon, Sloop Friendſhip, C. Fulgham, Sloop Mulberry, C. Rothery, and Ship Nancy and Sukey, J. Robertſon, Virginia. Schooner Rachel, L. Hammond, Africa. Sloop Speedwell, J. Sooy, N. York. Schooner Polly, J. Greely, Boſton. Brig Molly, J. Mullet, and Sloop Patty, R. Emerſon, St. Kitts. Brig Betſey, C. Jenkins, Nevis. Schooner Polly, R. Inkſon, St. Euſtatia. Sloop Sally, C. Lowe, Grenada. Schooner Suſanna, P. Thompſon, to Georgia.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following* GOODS *in* Philadelphia.

Flour 21s. 6d. Wheat 7s. 9d. Indian Corn 3s. 9d. Ship Bread 21s. 6d. Middling Ditto 33s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 4l. Hogſhead Ditto 6l. 10s. Red Oak Ditto 5l. 10s. Iriſh Beef 3l. 10s. Country Ditto 3l. Pork 4l. 15s. Weſt-India Rum 3s. 10d. New-England Ditto 2s. 4d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 4d. Madeira Wine 50l. to 70l. Muſcovado Sugar 45s. to 55s. Melaſſes 22d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 14s. Turpentine 17s. 6d. Rice 24s. Liſbon Salt 3s. Bohea Tea 4s. 3d. Hemp 6d. Cotton 16d. Bar-Iron 28l. Pig Ditto 8l. 10s. Flaxſeed 9s. 6d.

By AUTHORITY,
By the AMERICAN COMPANY,
At the THEATRE in SOUTHWARK, THIS EVENING,
will be preſented, A TRAGEDY, called,

THE MOURNING BRIDE.

Oſmyn, by Mr. HALLAM,
The King, by Mr. DOUGLASS,
Garcia, by Mr. HENRY,
Gonſalez, by Mr. MORRIS,
Heli, by Mr. PARKER,
Selim, by Mr. WALL,
Alonzo, by Mr. BYERLEY,
Perez, by Mr. WOOLLS,
Zara, by Mrs. MORRIS,
Leonora, by Miſs STORER,
Almeria, by Miſs HALLAM.
SINGING, by Mr. WOOLLS.

To which will be ADDED,

THE MAYOR OF GARRAT,

With ALTERATIONS.

Major Sturgeon, by Mr. GOODMAN,
Sir Jacob Jollup, by Mr. DOUGLASS,
Sneak, by Mr. MORRIS,
Lint, by Mr. WALL,
Bruin, by Mr. BYERLEY,
Roger by Mr. PARKER,
Mrs. Bruin, by Mrs. HARMAN,
Mrs. Sneak, by Mrs. HENRY.

To conclude with a COUNTRY DANCE *by the Characters.*

The Doors to be opened at Four, and the Play to begin exactly at Six o' Clock.---No Perſon, on any Account whatſoever, can poſſibly be admitted behind the Scenes.---Places in the Boxes may be taken at the Theatre.---Ladies and Gentlemen will pleaſe to ſend their Servants at Four o' Clock.----TICKETS, without which no Perſon can be admitted, are ſold at the Bar of the Coffee-houſe.

BOXES 7s. 6d. PIT 5s. GALLERY 3s.

ABRAHAM SHELLEY,
THREAD-MAKER, in PHILADELPHIA,

HAS removed from Lombard-ſtreet, up Second-ſtreet, 3 or 4 doors above Cheſtnut-ſtreet, where he continues to make and ſell all ſorts of fine coloured threads, of the beſt quality, for ready money; as the goods he makes are well known to be much ſuperior to what are imported, and as he is now ſituated handy to all the ſtore and ſhopkeepers in this, and towns adjacent, he hopes they will favour him with their orders, for what they may want in his way, which he will always with gratitude acknowledge, as well as endeavour to merit. He gives ready money to good flax-ſpinners; and ſells tow of all qualities.

He has a parcel of Nigeragua Dye-wood to ſell. ¶

To be SOLD, or LETT,
And may be entered on immediately,

A PLANTATION, ſituated in Waterford townſhip, Glouceſter county, Weſt New-Jerſey, about 6 miles from Philadelphia, containing 250 acres, one half cleared, the reſt well timbered; bounded by Penſhawkin Creek, about a mile above the Bridge, and by land of Joſeph Armſtrong, the Widow Hoſier, and others; now in the tenure of Jennings Stevenſon; there are on the place a good ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, two rooms on a floor, a ſtone kitchen, and a well of good water at the door, eleven acres of drained meadow, and as much more may be made, a large frame barn and ſtables, an orchard of 200 apple and other fruit trees; it is very convenient to mill and market. For further particulars, enquire of the ſubſcriber, oppoſite the Shambles, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia. ROBERT TOWERS.

Strayed away from ſaid *Towers*, on the 3d of October laſt, an iron grey Filley, 3 years old paſt, branded on the near ſhoulder with a diamond and an L, has a long ſwitch tail and mane; whoever will give information where ſhe is, ſhall have FIFTEEN SHILLINGS reward. ¶

Philadelphia, November 10, 1772.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, at the houſe of John Cunningham, Innholder, on the Commons, on Monday, the 30th of this inſtant, being the laſt day of the fair,

A LOT of GROUND (lately patented) being a corner lot, lying on Cheſtnut-ſtreet, and the ſixth ſtreet from Schuylkill, belonging to the heirs of Randal Croxton, deceaſed, it is ſituated about a gun-ſhot from ſaid Cunningham's Tavern, to be ſtruck off preciſely at five o' clock in the afternoon.

N. B. To be LETT, a Houſe and Bake-houſe, with two Ovens. Enquire of the PRINTERS. §

CAME to the houſe of the ſubſcriber, in Fourth-ſtreet, near Spruce-ſtreet, Philadelphia, on Saturday, the 7th of this inſtant November, a certain EDWARD WARREN, and hired a HORSE to go as far as Germantown, and no intelligence being ſince had of him, I hereby offer a reward of *Thirty Shillings*, to any perſon that will apprehend ſaid *Warren*; he is a ſhort well ſet man, of a black viſage, came from Ireland, and paſſes for a Bricklayer; had on a light coloured cloth coat, a pair of blue ſtockings, and a pair of grey ditto drawn over them, his other clothes not known; the Horſe is a dapple grey, between 13 and 14 hands high, a natural trotter, has a mark on his back, in the ſhape of a ſaddle, entirely white. Whoever ſecures ſaid man and horſe, ſhall have the above reward, and, if brought home, reaſonable charges, paid by PHILIP WEINNHEIMER. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN *away, on the 2d inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, living near Swan Creek, in Baltimore county, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named Welden Dunbar, a barber by trade, about* 18 *years old,* 5 *feet* 5 *or* 6 *inches high, has a remarkable long flat head; had on, when he went away, a new brown bear-ſkin coat, with metal buttons, an old white flannel jacket, white Ruſſia drab breeches, ozenbrigs ſhirt, a pair of blue yarn ſtockings, new ſhoes, with buckles, and old felt hat; he is an artful cunning fellow, this being the fourth time of his running away. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and, if brought home, reaſonable charges, paid by*

Nov. 9, 1772. JOSIAS WILLIAM DALLAM. ¶

For the ENTERTAINMENT of the CURIOUS.

MR. KINNERSLEY propoſes to exhibit his Electrical Experiments at the College, in this city, To-morrow, and next Day; and again on Monday and Tueſday next week; to begin at ſix o' clock in the evening. In this courſe, conſiſting of only two Lectures, many curious and intereſting experiments will be exhibited, tending to ſhew the nature and properties of lightning, and how to avoid the danger of it; among which, the following will not be deemed the leaſt remarkable.

Flaſhes of lightning viſible under water; iron heated red hot and even melted by lightning, whilſt under, and in contact with, common cold water.

Thoſe Gentlemen and Ladies, who intend to honour theſe Lectures with their company, are requeſted to be furniſhed with tickets, that no money may be taken at the door. Tickets may be had at Mr. KINNERSLEY's houſe, near the college, at Half a Dollar for each Lecture.

As Electrical Experiments can be beſt exhibited when the air is pretty dry; if it ſhould not prove dry enough in any of the evenings above appointed, the exhibition muſt be deferred till the next dry evening after.

N. B. Mr. KINNERSLEY has room in his houſe to accommodate two more young boarders for the college. §

WHEREAS JAMES HUNTER, and HENRY GLASS, opened a ſhop in Ridley townſhip, Cheſter county, in the year 1768, and in the year 1769, removed to the Upper Precinct, on Cape-May, and in the year 1771, opened a ſhop in Goſhen, Cheſter county; and as there are out-ſtanding debts long due, this may inform them that ſtand indebted to thoſe ſhops, that the books, bonds, notes and accounts, are all in the poſſeſſion of the ſubſcriber, in Philadelphia, and unleſs they diſcharge their reſpective debts, before the firſt of December next, the whole bonds, notes, and accounts, will be put into attornies hands to recover, &c. As the partnerſhip in the above ſhops diſſolved the firſt of June laſt, there is an abſolute neceſſity of cloſing thoſe accounts. Any perſon, or perſons, having any demands for goods ſold for thoſe ſtores, or any demands on the late partnerſhip, are deſired to bring in their accounts, to be adjuſted by JAMES HUNTER.

N. B. *James Hunter* has imported, in the laſt veſſels from London, Briſtol, and Liverpool, a neat Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms; all thoſe that are indebted above nine months, are deſired to pay. ¶

WHEREAS JAMES COOPER, Son of JOHN COOPER, living in the Pariſh of Bangor, and County of Down, came over to this Country in the Year 1771. This is to give the ſaid JAMES COOPER Notice to come to me, the Subſcriber, living at William M'Keown's, five Miles from Charles-Town, Cæcil County, where he may have ſome Things to his Advantage. *Nov.* 7, 1772. DANIEL RABB. ¶

THE CREDITORS of ALEXANDER LUNAN, deceaſed, are deſired to call upon ROBERT RITCHIE, one of the Executors, for their reſpective Dividends.

Philadelphia, November 9, 1772. 4*W.*

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from us, the ſubſcribers, near Princeton, Eaſt New-Jerſey, two High Dutch ſervant men, viz. HENRY BERGER, and YERRY, alias GEORGE WORTMAN. *Henry* is about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, middling well ſet, he wears his own hair, buſhy, and of a ſandy colour; is about 27 years of age, can ſpeak middling good Engliſh, and talk High and Low Dutch; had on an old brown jacket, an old homeſpun ſhirt, a felt hat, about half-worn, leather breeches, grey yarn ſtockings, thick half-worn ſhoes, tied with ſtrings; he chews tobacco, and will get drunk when he can get liquor. *George* is about 20 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inckes high, ſlim built, can ſpeak very little Engliſh, wears his own hair, of a ſandy colour; has a half-worn felt hat, with a very large brim, wears a brown coat, with buttons all the way down, a large brown waiſtcoat, with ſleeves, and has buttons all the way down; he took with him two red jackets, two pair of black leather breeches, one pair of grey yarn ſtockings, a pair of calf-ſkin ſhoes, with yellow ſquare buckles, and a ſmall tea-kettle. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid runaways, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, or FIVE POUNDS for each of them, paid by us, WILLIAM CLARKE, and ISAAC CLARKE.

*** All maſters of veſſels are forbid carrying them off. §

For HALIFAX, in NOVA-SCOTIA,

THE SCHOONER
DOLPHIN,
JAMES HUSTON,
MASTER;

HATH good Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will certainly ſail on FRIDAY next. For Paſſage, apply to THOMAS WILEY, or ſaid Maſter on board, at Plumſted's Wharff.

THOMAS HALE,

CARPENTER, in Walnut-ſtreet, facing the State-Houſe Gate,

CONTINUES TO HANG BELLS, through all the Apartments of Houſes, in the moſt neat and laſting Manner. ‡5s.tf.

Juſt publiſhed, and to be ſold by HALL *and* SELLERS, *at the New Printing-Office, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia,*

POOR RICHARD's ALMANACK, for the Year 1773; containing, beſides the uſual aſtronomical Obſervations, The viſible Eclipſes of the Satellites of Jupiter.---The four Quarters of the Year.---Sowing Wheat-ſeed unprepared, much more beneficial than uſing prepared Seed; An experienced Method of ſowing Clover on Barley, recommended to the Notice of Farmers; Manner of judging when Barley is fit to mow; Way of preventing Wheat Crops, ſowed on dunged Land, from being over-run with Weeds; Benefit of harrowing a foul Crop of Turnips; Eaſy Method of increaſing the Milk of Cows; Uſeful Directions in Regard to Peach Trees, to make them bear fine Fruit.---The Requiſites neceſſary to render the Married State happy.----An Antidote againſt miſpending Time.----Excellent Proof of Wiſdom.---A valuable Secret communicated.---A moſt important Leſſon.---The Married Man.---Love and Friendſhip.---The Lover's Invocation on Old Time.---Wiſdom and Health.---Real Beauty.---Maxims in Love.---Receipts from ſome of the moſt eminent Phyſicians, viz.---For Want of Appetite.---For Coſtiveneſs.---For the Ear-ach.---For Eyes diſordered.---For a Giddineſs.--For the Head-ach.--For Hyſterics.--For the Meaſles.--For Retention of Urine.---For a Vomiting.---Cures for Diſorders in Horſes, and for Diſeaſes in Cattle, viz.---For the Glanders.---To carry off any Greaſe or Foulneſs in the Body.---For Cracks or ſore Heels.---For the Gripes.---For a Strain or Bruiſe.---For any inward Diſeaſe in Cattle.---To kill Worms.---For a Looſeneſs or Bloody Flux.-----Anecdotes--Jeſts--Epigrams--Wiſe Sayings---Tables of Intereſt, at Six and Seven per Cent.---Friends Yearly Meetings, Courts, Fairs, Roads, &c. &c.

Juſt imported, and to be ſold, by
FRANCIS CASPAR HASSENCLEVER,
At his ſtore, in Second-ſtreet, midway of Arch and Race-ſtreets, Philadelphia,

A VERY large and general aſſortment of ſuperfine, fine, middling, and coarſe, warranted BOULTING-CLOTHS; where ſtorekeepers and millers in the country, may be ſupplied, at as low a rate as ever any has been ſold in this city; he receives them from the manufactory, conſequently can give them a great deal cheaper than any other merchant; he engages that if the cloths ſhould not turn out according to expectation, to exchange them, or return the money. ‖5*w.*

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on MONDAY, the 7th day of December next enſuing, on the premiſes,

TWO PLANTATIONS, ſituate in Octorara Hundred, Cæcil county, and province of Maryland, one of which being the place whereon the ſubſcriber now lives, contains 368 acres of land, with a good brick houſe and kitchen, frame barn, ſquare log Negroe quarter, and ſtables, with other out buildings, two good bearing orchards, about 20 acres of good watered meadow, in Engliſh graſs, and a conſiderable quantity more may be made; the whole plantation is well watered and timbered. The other plantation contains 130 acres of land, ſituate on Conewago creek, about half a mile diſtant from the firſt, whereon is a good ſquare log houſe and kitchen, with ſtone chimnies, a good ſawed log barn and ſtable, and a mill-ſeat, whereon is a ſaw-mill, which may be made fit for buſineſs with a little repairing; there is alſo a large young bearing orchard, and about 60 acres of cleared land, all under good fence. The titles to both plantations are indiſputable, and they will be ſold clear of any incumbrance, by DAVID PRICE. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

THE Time of a hearty ſtrong Engliſh SERVANT BOY, about 15 Years of Age, has ſix Years to ſerve, fit for Country Buſineſs, is ſold for no Fault, but Want of Employment. Enquire of the PRINTERS. §

To the PUBLIC.

IT is hereby made known, for the relief of ſuch as labour under any phthiſical diſorders, or have a ſcald head, even of the moſt inveterate kind, whether children or adults, or ſuch as are afflicted with ſore breaſts, may hear of a perſon that cures the ſame, in the moſt ſafe, eaſy and perfect manner hitherto known, and in a ſhort time, without any pain to the patient, by enquiring at the ſign of the New Blue Ball, in Campington, in Second-ſtreet continued, in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, of

Nov. 3, 1772. ‖ CHARLES HOFFMAN.

To be SOLD, by the Executors of SAMUEL SHIVERS, late deceaſed, and to be entered on the ſecond day of April next enſuing,

ONE third part of a large tract of PINE LAND, well timbered, ſituate near Morris's River Bridge, on Menantico; alſo the one third part of a good Saw-mill thereon, and of all the appurtenances thereunto belonging; being formerly the property of Henry Dennis. For further particulars, apply to DANIEL COZENS, in Glouceſter county, or JOSEPH SHINN, in Salem county. §

TO BE SOLD CHEAP,

THE valuable COCKOLAMUS MILLS, ſituate about 50 perches from Juniata river, 25 miles above Harris's Ferry, with 113 acres of land, of which 12 acres are cleared, and under graſs and grain. The mill-houſe is built of ſtone, large and neatly finiſhed, containing two pair of excellent mill-ſtones, two boulting mills and hoiſting gears, all going by water, on a never failing ſtream, called Cockolamus Creek, in the county of Cumberland; and adjoining the ſame is a neat faſt-going ſaw-mill, with a ſtrong frame dam, 10 feet high, in a plentiful country for wheat and timber. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms, and view the mills, by applying to Meſſrs. James Gallaher, and Graft Goz, near the premiſes, or to the ſubſcriber, at the farm, called Paradiſe, in Northumberland county, where I have ſundry valuable tracts of land to diſpoſe of.

§ WILLIAM PATTERSON.

JOHN CHRISTOPHER HAYNE,

PEWTERER and TINMAN, in Vainy-ſtreet, three doors below Doctor Kuhn's, and nearly oppoſite George Graff's, in Lancaſter,

HAS again imported a large aſſortment of the beſt London Pewter ware, made by the beſt maſters in that metropolis, viz. deep ſ up diſhes, and other deep and flat diſhes, ſoup and flat plates, many ſorts of ſpoons, quart and pint tankards, pewter meaſures for liquids, ink-ſtands, porringers, chamber-pots, and veſſels for cloſe-ſtools, with other articles uſed in families. He alſo makes himſelf many ſorts of Pewterer's work, ſuch as ſmall butter-plates, ditto diſhes, porringers, ſalt-cellars, toys or children's play-things, &c. He likewiſe mends pewter veſſels, in the beſt manner; and changes new for old pewter, or gives the higheſt price for it. All ſorts of Tin ware that may be wanted, he makes and ſells; he alſo ſells hair brooms, and glaſs ware; all at the moſt reaſonable rates. ¶

Lancaſter, November 3, 1772.

JOHN EBERMAN, junior,

BEGS leave to acquaint his friends and cuſtomers, and the public in general, that he has moved out of the houſe where he formerly lived, into Queen-ſtreet, in the Borough of Lancaſter, oppoſite the ſign of the Black Bear; where he makes and repairs all kinds of CLOCKS and WATCHES, in the beſt and neateſt manner. From the experience he has had, in working with a man whoſe abilities are well known, and a due attention to the commands of thoſe, who may pleaſe to employ him, he hopes he ſhall merit their approbation, and that of the public, whoſe favours ſhall be moſt gratefully acknowledged, by their moſt obliged friend, JOHN EBERMAN, junior. ¶

TO BE RENTED,

And may be entered upon immediately,

A CERTAIN GRIST-MILL, ſituate and being in St. George's Hundred, New-Caſtle County, within about three miles of Appoquinimink Landing, commonly known by the name of Vance's-mill, in a fine part of the country for wheat, and has a never-failing ſtream of water; ſaid mill is in good repair, for carrying on all kinds of country and merchant buſineſs. There is alſo to be LETT, with ſaid mill, a good commodious dwelling-houſe, garden, kitchen, ſmoke-houſe, hen-houſe, &c. alſo about 13 acres of good tillable land, clear and under ſufficient fencing. Any perſon inclining to rent, may have an opportunity of viewing the premiſes, and know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, on ſaid premiſes.

Nov. 3, 1772. ‖ JOSEPH ANDERSON.

WHEREAS THOMAS BAMFORD, of the Borough of Lancaſter, obtained a note, from the ſubſcribers, ſigned by Henry Bigart, John Roſs, and Iſaac Evans, bearing equal date with this advertiſement, payable conditionally, for which we never received any value; we do hereby forewarn all perſons from taking any aſſignment on ſaid note, as we will not pay the ſame, until compelled by law. HENRY BIGART,

October 29, 1772. § JOHN ROSS.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

ABSCONDED from his uſual place of abode, a certain ANTHONY SNYDER, a Dutchman, and ſerved his time at Alloway's Creek, is of a freſh complexion, light brown hair, and about 5 feet 5 inches high; had on, when he went away, a light coloured homeſpun cloth jacket, with cuffs, a light coloured calimancoe ditto under it, white ſtockings, coarſe ſhoes, white metal buckles, and a new caſtor hat. Said *Snyder* did, on the 24th day of October, aſſign a note of hand to the ſubſcriber, in payment of a debt, which hath ſince appeared to have been forged, in order to defraud me; I therefore offer the above reward to any perſon, that will apprehend and ſecure the ſaid *Snyder* in any goal, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, and the ſubſcriber have an opportunity to recover his right, together with reaſonable charges, paid by THOMAS FOLWELL.

*** He ſometimes goes by the name of *Taylor*.

Elſenborough, November 2, 1772. §

Baltimore County, Maryland, October 26, 1772.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from the ſubſcriber, two convict ſervant men, viz.* THOMAS WHEATLEY, *about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, ſtrait limbed, ſmall featured, ſandy hair and beard, with double teeth, and about 27 years of age; had on a brown coat, white drab breeches, and pumps. The other named* DANIEL UNTHANK, *near the ſame height, about 20 years of age, has a fair ſmooth face, light brown hair, no beard, or very little: He took from me a great coat, of fine cloth, dove colour, baſket buttons, ſmall wooden buttons to the cape, moth-eaten in the back, under the cape, and one pair of double ſoaled ſhoes. Both of them had fine ſhirts, and felt hats. As they have ſome money, it is likely they will change their clothes. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervants, and ſecures them in any goal, ſo that their maſter may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by* AQUILA PRICE. ¶

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from the ſubſcriber, living in Little-Britain township, Lancaſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named* DAVID CHAMBERS, *about 5 feet 6 inches high, with red hair, cut ſhort, and is much freckled, ſpeaks thick and broad, is about 18 years of age; had on, and took with him, a dark coloured coat, and ſhort lappelled jacket, both bound with tape, with hair buttons, without lining, a pair of leather breeches, two pair of ſtockings, one of light blue worſted, the other of coarſe yarn, a pair of new ſhoes, made for whangs, two ſhirts, one of linen, the other of tow cloth, and trowſers of the ſame, a little felt hat, bound with tape. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* CHARLES HARAH.

November 1, 1772. ¶

Cæcil county, Maryland, October 21, 1772.

To be RENTED, for a TERM of YEARS, and may be entered on the firſt day of December next,

A MERCHANT MILL in the county aforeſaid, on a good ſtream of water, and in a very good part of the country for the purchaſe of wheat, fit for making ſuperfine flour; the mill-houſe is 40 feet long and 30 feet wide, three ſtories high, in it are two pair of ſtones, one of them French burrs; proper boulting and hoiſting gears, which go by water, as does a fan, with a ſcreen, for cleaning wheat; there is alſo a boulting cheſt, that goes by hand, for country work. On the premiſes are a good framed dwelling-houſe, with two rooms on a floor, a log kitchen, meat-houſe, ſtable, and cooper's ſhop; a garden, and a ſmall field for paſturage, and 4 or 5 acres of good marſh meadow, adjoining the ſaid premiſes, may be eaſily made; the river Bohemia is navigable within a mile of the mill, flats at high water can come up to the mill tail, and it is not more than twelve miles from the ſaid mill to Appoquinimink landing. Any perſon inclining to rent, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, who lives within a mile of the premiſes.

G. MILLIGAN.

CHINA, GLASS, and LIVERPOOL WARES,

Of all Kinds, in Boxes, Hogſheads, and Crates,

VARIOUSLY ASSORTED, Now ſelling by the IMPORTER,

JOSEPH STANSBURY,

Oppoſite CHRIST'S CHURCH, in Second-ſtreet. *T.b.c.t.f.*

TO BE SOLD,

A PIECE of LAND, about 20 acres, ſituate in the Northern Liberties, on the weſterly ſide of a road leading to the Falls of Schuylkill, near or oppoſite to the three mile ſtone on Germantown road; there are about four acres of meadow made, and three fine ſprings on the land; ſome of the earlieſt cherry and beſt peach trees; alſo an orchard of about 60 apple trees. The whole is in good fence. For terms, enquire of

¶ HENRY NAGLEE, living near the Premiſes.

FOR LONDON,

THE SHIP CATHERINE, JAMES SUTTON, COMMANDER;

HAS extraordinary Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will ſail with all convenient Expedition. For Freight, or Paſſage, apply to HENRY KEPPELE, JOHN STEINMETZ, or HENRY KEPPELE, junior, or ſaid Commander on board, at Maſſey's Wharff, or at the London Coffee-Houſe.

FOR BELFAST,

THE SHIP FRIENDSHIP, WILLIAM M'CULLOCH, MASTER;

IS a remarkable faſt ſailing ſhip, and has good accommodations for paſſengers; as great part of her cargoe is engaged, ſhe will ſail with the firſt flaxſeed ſhips. For freight or paſſage, apply to JAMES STUART, in Second-ſtreet, or ſaid MASTER on board, at Samuel Mifflin, Eſquire's wharff. *N. B.* Imported in ſaid ſhip, from Cork, a few barrels of beſt cargoe BEEF, to be ſold as above. *Tbc.*

FOR BRISTOL,

The SHIP ANN, GEORGE FORTIN, Maſter;

IS expected to ſail in three Weeks, having great Part of her Cargoe engaged. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to WILLIAM FISHER, & SON, or ſaid Commander on board, at their Wharff, near the NEW-FERRY.

FOR DUBLIN,

THE BRIG CONOLLY, ALEXANDER CAINE, MASTER;

WILL ſail in two Weeks, having the greateſt Part of her Cargoe ready to go on board. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to CALDWELL and WILSON, or the MASTER on board. *October 26.*

FOR LONDONDERRY,

THE BRIG BOSCAWEN, GEORGE MARSHALL, MASTER;

WILL ſail with the firſt Flaxſeed Veſſels, having a great Part of her Cargoe already engaged. For Freight, or Paſſage, apply to CALDWELL and WILSON, or the MASTER on board.

Captain MARSHALL has a few Barrels of choice Iriſh Beef, and Herrings, to diſpoſe of. *October 26, 1772.*

Annapolis, October 20, 1772.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, a red leather POCKET-BOOK, which contained, among other papers, a ticket in the Pettie's Iſland lottery, No. 2209, ſigned by Mr. Whitehead Humphreys, and indorſed on the back, *paid James Williams 22/6.* As the thief may probably preſent this ticket to ſaid Mr. Humphreys, he is requeſted to ſtop the ſame, and give notice thereof to THOMAS HYDE. ¶

Leeſburg, Loudoun County, Virginia, Auguſt 15, 1772.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the Court of Loudoun county, in Chancery, will be ſold to the higheſt bidder, for ready money, on Monday, the 23d of November next, on the premiſes Four Lots or Half Acres of Land, in the town of Leeſburg, on one of which ſtands a genteel ſtone houſe, 40 by 32 feet in the clear, has four rooms, with three fire places, and a paſſage below ſtairs, one of which, fronting the moſt public ſtreet, is completely fitted out for a ſtore, four rooms, with two fire places above ſtairs, a convenient dry cellar the ſize of the whole houſe; there are alſo a good garden, well pailed in, a lumber houſe, a kitchen, a ſtable, and other neceſſary houſes; together with a well of exceeding fine water, walled up, on this lot. The other three ſtand on ſtreets alſo, are incloſed, and with a ſmall expence may be rendered very valuable. At the ſame time will be ſold, 258½ acres of land, adjoining the ſaid town, the ſoil of which is peculiarly adapted to grain, and inferior to none in the county, one third of it is well fenced in, and fit for the plough, about 15 acres of meadow may be made, and the reſt well timbered; there are on this tract of land, a large new barn, with other neceſſary houſes for farming: The country round about, is remarkable for raiſing large quantities of wheat, and manufacturing flour, all of which is carried through Leeſburg, about 40 miles to Alexandria, conſequently this place is as well ſituated for trade as any in the colony: A merchant or tavernkeeper would find his account in ſettling here. The lots of land will be ſold either together or ſeparate, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers, to whom a good title will be made, and immediate poſſeſſion given.

WILLIAM ELLREY, GEORGE JOHNSTON, Truſtees.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBERS, on the premiſes, on the 23d day of this inſtant November,

A LOT of LAND, containing about three acres, a ſtone dwelling houſe and kitchen, barn and ſtable, a ſtone houſe, in which is kept a large ſtore, a good well at the door, the garden and meadow very well fenced. Alſo another plantation, both near Plymouth Meeting-houſe, containing 95 acres, with a two ſtory brick dwelling-houſe, and kitchen, a good barn, ſtables, and a large chair-houſe, with a good well, orchard, and good meadowing; the clear land under good fence, about 40 acres of woodland, exceedingly well timbered. And on the 24th inſtant, will be expoſed to ſale, another plantation, containing about 101 acres, with a two ſtory ſtone houſe, large barn, and ſtables, fine ſprings and watered meadows, more than half fine woodland, and all in very good repair. Another ſmall plantation, adjacent to the laſt mentioned place, in Plymouth aforeſaid, containing 33¼ acres, with a dwelling-houſe, and cooper's ſhop, 103 perches front on the river Schuylkill, where may be made a very good fiſhing place, and a very fine bottom for meadow, and a fine ſpring. And on the 25th inſtant, will be expoſed to ſale, that noted tavern houſe and plantation, containing 21 acres, in the townſhip of Radnor, near the Meeting-houſe, in Cheſter county; the whole is watered meadow, orchards, and gardens; the houſes, ſtables, ſheds, and fences, in good repair, and is an ancient and well accuſtomed tavern. The ſale to begin each day on the premiſes, between the hours of one and two o'clock P. M.

WILLIAM LAWRENCE, and SAMUEL DAVIS, Executors.

N. B. To be ſold likewiſe, a good ſtage-waggon, hung on ſprings, and harneſs for two horſes; alſo a good fore horſe. ¶7/6.

September 20, 1772.

RAN away, on Saturday night laſt, from York-Town, an Engliſh ſervant man, named EDWARD MONDAY, about 30 years of age, five feet five inches high, and very much pitted with the ſmall-pox: Had on, when he went away, a check ſhirt, and a Ruſſia ſheeting ſhirt over it, a pair of Ruſſia ſheeting trowſers, a pair of old ſhoes, and braſs buckles, and an old felt hat, and took with him a new blue great coat. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, paid by

¶ JOHN WORTHINGTON DORSEY, on Elk-Ridge.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, in the town of Darby, in the night between the 16th and 17th days of October, 1772, a likely bay MARE, a natural pacer, about 14 hands high, ſhod before, her two hind feet white, branded upon the near ſhoulder with the letter R, but ſcarcely to be ſeen. Whoever takes up the ſaid mare, and brings her to the owner, in Darby, or to MARY JENKINS, Innkeeper, in Philadelphia, ſhall have *Thirty Shillings* reward, and reaſonable charges; and if the thief be taken, and proſecuted to conviction, *Thirty Shillings* more, paid by † WILLIAM PARKER.

TO BE SOLD,

THREE Hundred ACRES of LAND, ſituate in the Pariſh of St. Maries, the North Side of the Iſland of JAMAICA, capable of Improvement. For Terms, enquire of WILLIAM CLIFTON, in Third-ſtreet, between Mulberry and Saſſafras-ſtreets, Philadelphia. †

Philadelphia Goal, November 3, 1772.

WHEREAS *the following perſons were taken up and put in this goal, on ſuſpicion of being runaway ſervants, viz.* George Peters, *who ſays he is ſervant to William Griffin, of Cæcil county;* John Mitchell, *who ſays he is ſervant to George Linkenfelder, of Tawney-town, Maryland; and,* Daniel Montgomery, *who ſays he is ſervant to ------ Johnſton, Eſq; juſtice of the peace, in Weſt New-Jerſey. This is to give notice to their maſters, that unleſs they come, within 15 days from the date hereof, pay the charges for ſaid ſervants, and take them away, they will be ſet at liberty.*

JEHU JONES, *Goaler.*

TO be SOLD by the Subſcriber, in Baltimore county, in the province of Maryland, 216½ acres of patent LAND, about 30 acres of which are lately cleared, and under good fence, the remainder remarkably well timbered and watered, there being ſundry fine ſprings on the ſame; the ſoil is good for tobacco, Indian corn, wheat, rye, or other grain; ſeveral acres of fine meadow may be made at ſmall expence; there are two ſmall tenements thereon, and ſome peach-trees; the ſaid land lies within ten miles of the flouriſhing town of Baltimore, and on the great road leading thereto. Any perſon wanting to view the land, may be ſhewn it, by Mr. William Ede, living near the premiſes, and for further particulars, enquire of the ſubſcriber, living about two miles from Nottingham Forges, and ſix miles from Joppa.

Sept. 5, 1772. JOHN HOWLAND. ¶ 10*w.*

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER, living in Frederick county, Maryland,

A Valuable TRACT of LAND, containing about 1700 acres, lying on Conecocheague creek, about 80 miles from Baltimore, 30 miles from Frederick-town, and 6 miles from Huger's-town. There are ſeveral good improvements on the ſaid tract, on one of which the ſubſcriber now lives, whereon is a good new ſtone dwelling-houſe, new ſtone kitchen, good new griſt-mill and ſaw-mill (the mill-houſes built of ſtone) an extraordinary good orchard, that produces 60 hogſheads of cyder yearly, there are already 80 acres of good meadow made, and in very good order, and 200 more may eaſily be made, about 200 acres of upland cleared on the ſaid plantation, it lies in a populous part of the country, and is well ſituated for any public buſineſs; the land is well known, and needs little to recommend it; the ſoil is rich, well watered with ſprings, and extremely well timbered; it commands a beautiful proſpect of Conecocheague creek, being nearly ſurrounded by it; it is well ſituated to divide in 4 or 5 plantations. Terms of ſale may be known, by applying to the ſubſcriber, who will give an indiſputable title to the purchaſer, free from any incumbrance, with the quitrents paid up to the day of ſale. ISAAC BAKER. ‖ 8*w.*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

November 18, 1772. NUMB. 2291.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

From the UNIVERSAL MAGAZINE.

"*The Poor Rich Man's emphatically Poor.*" COWLEY.

AS there is not any evil more generally avoided, than the ſuppoſed evil of poverty, ſo there is not any ſuppoſed good more ſolicitouſly purſued, than the poſſeſſion of riches. Riches are ſuppoſed capable of conferring every pleaſure, which the human mind is wont to deſire, in this ſtate of exiſtence. Hence the promiſcuous multitude, with an impetuoſity in meaſure equal to their unbounded wiſhes, riſe up early, go to bed late, and, with the moſt intenſe application, endeavour to compaſs the mountain of wealth. But experience teaches us that, amongſt this aſſiduous throng, who make gold their ſummum bonum and ſummum totum, a few only are capable of terminating their labours in poſſeſſion, or their hopes in fruition.

A train of unforeſeen events baffles their endeavours, and prevents their poſſeſſing the delectable object, which they have miſtakenly ſuppoſed capable of conferring every ſpecies of happineſs.

Others have more happily avoided every retrograde motion, which either inadvertence on their part, or the craft of others, might occaſion, to impede their progreſs towards affluence. Every plan has ſhewn itſelf to have been prudentially concerted, by the ſucceſs with which it was executed; and their warmeſt hopes have not been rendered fruitleſs, by the galling alternative of reiterated diſappointment. Yet, of this ſuperior claſs of mankind, whom a gracious Providence has circumfuſed with the flowers of affluence, how few are there who ſeem to enjoy the unmerited bounty!

Inſenſible of the juſt tribute of gratitude to the Fountain whence every bleſſing is derived, and circumſcribed within the contracted bounds of covetouſneſs and ſelf-love, they ſtarve in the midſt of plenty; are miſerable, although ſurrounded with affluence; and continually repining againſt that Providence, whoſe goodneſs is inexpreſſible. Blind to neceſſities, which charity would have taught them to relieve with a verbal ſolicitation, and deaf to the cries of plaintive importunity, from thoſe who are preſſed with numberleſs occaſions of ſorrow, they paſs through life, unhappy to themſelves, and unprofitable to thoſe around them.

If there are any miſerable objects, from whom charity could diſpenſe with the obligations of ſympathy, it muſt be thoſe, who are miſerably rich, or penuriouſly affluent. They are guilty of a ſin, odious in the ſight of Heaven, contemptible with every generous mind, and highly diſhonourable to a rational being. Gratitude is a ſenſation, which every individual in the ſcale of exiſtence, from the burning ſeraph to the loweſt order of intelligent beings, ought to cheriſh in his breaſt, towards the great Superintendant of the univerſe, the Author of every bleſſing. His goodneſs is diſplayed throughout univerſal nature, in a manner, proportion and degree, which, though not to be fully inveſtigated by the feeble efforts of the human intellect, is, doubtleſs, perfectly agreeable to the rectitude of his attributes, and conſiſtent with that unſpeakably glorious deſign, which firſt called us from nothing into exiſtence. Gratitude is eſpecially obligatory upon thoſe, whoſe lines, by the comparative eſtimation we are capable of making, are caſt in pleaſant places;---who have aſſigned them a relaxation from the arduous toils of the commonalty, and who walk continually under the enlivening influence of the ſun of proſperity, while thouſands are traverſing the gloomy valley of toil and adverſity.

If we examine into the cauſe of this infelicity, we ſhall find that the reaſon why multitudes are unhappy, on whom Providence has liberally ſhowered terreſtrial bleſſings, is, their wiſhes have increaſed in proportion to their acquiſitions. The inordinate thirſt after ſomething unpoſſeſſed, has prevented the grateful reception, and wiſe application, of their allotted bounty. The enjoyment of their wealth has been poſtponed to the evening of age; and the beſt part of life ſacrificed to the labour of acquiſitions, which ſhould have been devoted to temperate enjoyment.

Many have pleaſed themſelves in an unrelenting ardour after the accumulation of wealth,--in anticipating the pleaſures of retiring from the hurry of buſineſs, and a relaxation, in the decline of life, with an immenſe fortune; but they have generally reaped the fruit of diſappointment at the period they propoſed to have arrived beyond the fear of it. The paſſion of their youth has "grown with their growth, and ſtrengthened with their ſtrength," and age has rivetted their chains, beyond the power of diſſolution.

The avaricious man of fortune, after having enervated his body by the fatigues of induſtry, ſuffered his ſpirits to evaporate at the oar, and diſſipated his reaſoning powers, by a long ſucceſſion of ſchemes, is like a man who has provided himſelf a ſplendid repaſt, and, when it is ſerved up, ſickens at the ſight. He ſits down to enjoy his ſubſtance, at a time of life, when the capacity of enjoyment is ſupplanted by infirmities, which give him an alarming notice of his diſſolution. He turns his thoughts from the banquet to the grave, and finds himſelf hourly approaching the confines of that "undiſcovered country, from whoſe drear bourn no traveller returns."

Be it therefore the care of thoſe, who poſſeſs the means of rendering life eaſy, by an happy competency of temporals, to adore, in humble gratitude, that hand which has ſo diſtinguiſhably bleſſed them. Enjoy the preſent moments, by uſing them within the bounds of temperance, circumſcribed by reaſon.

Diffuſe the redundant bleſſings to the mournful widow, the helpleſs orphan, and the neceſſitous poor. Cauſe the heart, that languiſhes under the oppreſſion of poverty, to rejoice, and the tongues of thoſe, whom you have relieved, to bleſs you, as the means of their happineſs. Flee from the penance of ſelf-inflicted miſery, to moderate enjoyment, and grateful alacrity; and remember (as a judicious author obſerves) that "The greateſt honour you can pay to the author of your being is, by manifeſting ſuch a chearful behaviour, as diſcovers a mind ſatisfied with the diſpenſations of Providence."

ALL Perſons having any Demands againſt the Eſtate of Mr. JOHN WILCOCKS, late Enſign in the 18th Regiment, are requeſted to bring in their Accounts to

Tbc. 6 w. FRANCIS HOPKINSON, Executor.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the paſture of William Hodge, on Paſſyunk road, about 3 miles from Philadelphia, a dark brown HORSE, 14½ hands high, a natural pacer, with a ſtar in his forehead, and white on both ſides of his neck, from being galled with a collar, branded on the near buttock L R, ſwitch tail. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid horſe, or brings him to the ſubſcriber, in Market-ſtreet, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, and if ſtolen ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS for the thief and horſe, and all reaſonable charges, paid by me

November 2, 1772. ‖ HUGH HODGE.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED, AT ROBERT AITKEN'S, BOOKSELLER and STATIONER, oppoſite the London Coffee-houſe, in Front-ſtreet,

A SCRIPTURAL COMMENT, upon the THIRTY-NINE ARTICLES of the CHURCH of *ENGLAND*. By *M. MADAN*, A. B. Chaplain to the Right Hon. *Henry*, Lord *Apſley*, Lord High Chancellor of *Great-Britain*, and to the *Lock-Hoſpital*, near *Hyde-Park* corner.

2 TIM. i. 13. *Hold faſt the form of ſound words.*

The THIRD EDITION.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE AUTHOR'S PREFACE.

THE following comment was drawn up upon a particular occaſion, but as its chief deſign was to prove, that the *doctrines* of our *eſtabliſhed Church* are entirely agreeable to the *ſcriptures*, a book of this kind can never be unſeaſonable. I therefore ſend forth this *Third Edition*, omitting ſuch parts of the former as were merely occaſional, hoping it may prove uſeful to vindicate our *ſound* and *apoſtolical Church* from the attempts and aſperſions of the *ignorant* and *malicious*, as it tends to inſtruct the former in the knowledge of her *doctrines*, and to repel the attacks of the latter, by interpoſing *the ſword of the ſpirit, which is the word of GOD*. Eph. vi. 17.

When good Biſhop Latimer (who, with Biſhop Ridley, was burnt by the Papiſts for maintaining the doctrines in the following articles) was going to the ſtake, he ſaid to his fellow-ſufferer, "Be of good comfort Mr. Ridley, and play the man---we ſhall "this day light ſuch a fire in England, by GOD's grace, as I "truſt ſhall never be put out." The ſort of *fire* which conſumed their bodies, was extinguiſhed with the extinction of Popery, but the *fire* which this good Biſhop meant, now burns and ſhines in the eſtabliſhed doctrines of the *Church of England*.

Reader, may its brightneſs enlighten thine underſtanding---its chearing influence warm thy heart,---until thou knoweſt enough of thyſelf, and of the *One way of ſalvation*,---to make thee bleſs GOD, that all attempts to fruſtrate the good old Biſhop's prophetic ſpeech, have hitherto proved in vain.

At the above STORE will be found, a conſtant ſupply of BOOKS on every ſcience, London and Scots editions, and all ſorts of STATIONARY, with a variety of new-publiſhed articles. Store-keepers and others may be furniſhed in a wholeſale or retail way, upon the loweſt terms.

Philadelphia, November 14, 1772.

THE ACTING PROPRIETOR, being under a neceſſity of embarking with his family for England, on board one of the firſt Spring ſhips, PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the CHINA MANUFACTORY, with all the buildings, kilns, mills and other implements, will be peremptorily ſold, by public auction, to the higheſt bidder, at the London Coffee-houſe, on Monday, the 21ſt day of December next, between the hours of five and eight in the evening.---The premiſes may be viewed every day, until the time of ſale. To be ſold alſo, at the ſame time and place, ſundry lots of ground, on Front-ſtreet and Wicacoa-lane, adjoining the Manufactory, ſome of which are well improved: A plan of the whole to be ſeen at the Coffee-houſe. Any gentlemen inclining to purchaſe the whole or part of the premiſes, by private ſale, by applying at the China-houſe, will be informed of the terms. An indiſputable title, and immediate poſſeſſion, will be given.

Salem County, Weſt New-Jerſey, November 2, 1772.

I AM very ſorry for advertiſing my Wife, it being done through the Heat of Paſſion and Inconſideration; which I now retract. † JOHN ELWELL.

FOUR POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, on the 7th inſtant, from the ſubſcribers, living in Horſham townſhip, Philadelphia county, two LADS, about 17 years of age, and there is reaſon to think they are gone together; one of them was an apprentice to the blackſmith's trade, named JOHN ROBERTS, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, thick ſet, ſquare ſhoulders, and hollow back; had on, when he went away, a new fur hat, a good homeſpun coat and jacket, of a cheſtnut brown colour, made of worſted and wool twilled, the coat has Engliſh ſhaloon lining, the jacket homeſpun worſted, and mohair buttons, good ſheepſkin breeches, ſtockings, of deep and pale blue yarn, twiſted together, neats leather ſhoes, and a large pair of ſilver plated carved buckles. The other a ſervant, named ISAAC PIDGEON, about 5 feet 6 inches high; had on, and took with him, when he went away, a new felt hat, bound with green binding, and a ſtring of the ſame, a new lightiſh coloured cloth coat, lined with broad ſtriped lincey, two jackets, one old, of a light cloth colour, with metal buttons, the other ſilk and cotton, double breaſted, a fine ſhirt, marked on the boſom with I P, one homeſpun ditto, both new; good buckſkin breeches, yarn ſtockings, two pair of channel pumps, one pair new, the other has a patch on one of the toes, and ſilver plated buckles; has brown hair, with a remarkable ſpot on the back part of his head, about as big as a penny, of black and white hair, and has loſt part of two of his toes. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid runaways, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, or FORTY SHILLINGS for either of them, paid by JOSEPH LUKENS, and RICHARD SHOEMAKER. *Philadelphia, November* 12, 1772. ‖ 7ſ 6.

Philadelphia, November 14, 1772.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the ſubſcriber, living in Eighth-ſtreet, about a week ago, a dark BAY MARE, 6 years old, about 12½ hands high, a natural trotter, her eye-lid on the off ſide remarkably lower than the other, a ſpeck likewiſe in the ſaid eye, her mane and tail darker than her body, ſhod before; ſuppoſed to be taken out of a paſture at Moyamenſing. Whoever ſecures the mare and thief, ſo as he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive THREE POUNDS reward; or for the mare only FORTY SHILLINGS, paid by ARNOLD BAKER. ‡

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, containing 293 ACRES of LAND, with two dwelling-houſes, barn and ſtables, and a good bearing orchard, with 23 acres of meadow, and more may be made, with 100 acres of woodland; the whole well watered and timbered; ſituate in Little-Britain townſhip, Lancaſter county, within one mile and an half of three merchant mills, within three miles of Cheſtnut-Level Meeting-houſe, one mile and an half of Little-Britain Meeting-houſe. The title indiſputable. The purchaſer may have it on reaſonable terms, by applying to the owner, living on the premiſes.

November 13, 1772. JOHN SCOTT. ‖ 3M.

RIBBONS,

OF all KINDS, lately imported from LONDON, to be SOLD as cheap as in London, with the Expences; alſo various kinds of Merchandize, in the Dry Goods, Hardware, and Jewellery way, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, which will be ſold very low, for caſh, by

DAVID SHAKESPEAR,

At Mr. SAMUEL DAVIS's, Hatter, the corner of Church-alley, In Third-ſtreet, Philadelphia. ¶

Enquiry after Johann Michael Dûll; *dated* Neuſtadt, *on the* Aiſch, March 28, 1772, *and ſigned* JOHANN MICHAEL FISCHER.

JOHANN Michael Dûll was born at Neuſtadt, on the Aiſch, near Nuremberg, and brought up a Merchant, at Erlang; on the 3d of May, 1764, he came, by the way of Holland and England, to New-York; from thence, at the recommendation of Mr. Stephany, to Adam Simon Kuhn, Eſq; in Lancaſter; from whence, after a ſhort ſtay, he came to Reading, where he pretended to be an Apothecary and Doctor, and for certain reaſons was obliged to ſtay there two years; Afterwards he returned with Jacob Hoffman, from Reading to New-York, to Mr. Stephany; who recommenned him to Mr. Peter Haſſenclever, who employed him at his Iron-works, where he remained a ſhort time, and then returned from New-York to Pennſylvania; ſince that time, notwithſtanding all the enquiry made, no certain account could be obtained of the ſaid Johann Michael Dûll.

After his acquaintance with the abovementioned Jacob Hoffman, Dûll gave him a Bill of Exchange of 500 Rix-Dollars, to receive that ſum out of his (Dûll's) inheritance, at Neuſtadt, on the Aiſch; whereupon Jacob Hoffman advanced the ſaid Dûll, on the aforementioned Bill of Exchange of 500 Rix-Dollars, about Thirty Pounds, with a promiſe, that whenever he ſhould receive the 500 Rix-Dollars, he would pay Dûll the remainder; on the Bill of Exchange Jacob Hoffman has received 400 German Florins, but kept them for his own uſe.

Now, as the Brothers and Siſters of Johann Michael Dûll deſire to receive an account concerning him, for the ſake of dividing their inheritance, he will, if this comes to his knowledge, for his own intereſt's ſake, apply to Mr. SEBASTIAN STEPHANY, Chymiſt, in New-York; or to HENRY MILLER, Printer, in Race-ſtreet, in Philadelphia; and any perſon that knows any thing of him, or whether he is dead or living, is friendly requeſted to give intelligence thereof to ſaid Mr. STEPHANY, or HENRY MILLER. ¶ 9s.

Enquiry after an OLD Dutch Woman.

SAID WOMAN is between 70 and 80 years old, and being diſordered in her ſenſes, ſhe went away in July laſt, from Leonard Thomas, in Lower Milford, in Bucks county, and hath not been heard of ſince; her name is MARY SWENK, wears old brown clothes, and a Dutch cap, and ſays, when aſked, ſhe wants to go to the Sand [a place ſo called in Germany] it is ſuppoſed ſhe is gone to the Jerſeys. Whoever knows where ſhe is, is deſired to bring her to Andrew Trumbouer, Innholder, or ſaid Leonard Thomas, in Lower Milford aforeſaid, and it will be thankfully acknowledged by

November 12, 1772. ‖ LEONARD THOMAS.

York-Town Goal, November 5, 1772.

COMMITTED to my cuſtody, on the 20th day of October laſt, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway ſervant, FRANCIS PURSILL, alias THOMAS KEALY, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high; had on, when he was taken, an old wool hat, a black-grey Negroe-cotton coat, a ſtriped lincey body-jacket, ozenbrigs trowſers, black worſted ſtockings, and half-worn ſhoes; he has ſhort black hair and beard, is an Iriſhman, between 24 and 25 years old. And on the 30th day of October laſt, was alſo committed, a certain JOSEPH BOWN, who ſays he is a ſervant to James Hamilton, Cordwainer, in Red-Stone, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, a well made fellow, ſhort brown hair, and loſt the thumb off his left hand; had on, when committed, a greyiſh fearnought coat, an old beaver hat, and whitiſh jacket, with braſs buttons, a pair of fearnought breeches, blue knit hoſe, and coarſe ſhoes, tied with ſtrings; he is an Iriſh lad, and ſays he is about 25 years old. The owners are deſired to come, pay charges, and take them away, from MICHAEL GRAYBILL, Goaler. ¶

Carrol's Delight, York County, November 9, 1772.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, the 13th of laſt month, an Iriſh ſervant man, named JAMES MARONEY, about 21 years of age, and about 5 feet 11 inches high, a likely fellow, talks with the brogue on his tongue, has a wart on his chin, and browniſh curled hair; had on and took with him, when he went away, a greyiſh cloth coat, a flannel jacket, a check ſilk handkerchief, two fine ſhirts, two check linen ditto, one ſhirting cloth ditto, two pair of trowſers, one of blue woollen cloth, the other of tow cloth, two pair of blueiſh coloured ſtockings, one pair ribbed, good ſhoes, and large braſs buckles, with holes in them; had ſome ſterling money with him. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and brings him home, or ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have TWELVE DOLLARS reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by me SAMUEL KNOX. ‖

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN, either on the 6th or 7th of this inſtant November, out of the dwelling-houſe of the ſubſcriber, living in Birmingham townſhip, Cheſter county, a cloſe-bodied cloth COAT, of a lightiſh colour, with baſket buttons, and bound round the edges, with a home-made lining, nearly the ſame colour; likewiſe a camblet GOWN, the chain of which is an orange, and the filling a pale green. Any perſon apprehending the thief, ſo that the coat and gown may be had, and he brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, and for the coat and gown, without the thief, TWO DOLLARS, paid by me GEORGE BRINTON. ¶

Philadelphia, November 5, 1772.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

WAS STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, a cheſtnut coloured MARE, about 14½ hands high, between 6 and 7 years old, with a ſtar and ſnip, and part of her off eye laſh cut off, ſhod all round, will pace and trot. Whoever takes her up, ſhall receive THREE POUNDS reward, and for ſecuring the thief THREE POUNDS more, and all reaſonable charges, paid by JAMES CRESSON. §

LONDON, *August* 11.

LORD Gower, President of the Council, is a warm advocate for the improvement of our territories on the Missisippi, as well as upon the Ohio. His Lordship acknowledges that we have already too many Colonies, but the number of bad ones, he judiciously observes, is the very reason, why we should endeavour to encrease our good ones; because the discontinuation of the intended settlements will not check the spirit of emigration to America, and because, in the settlements *proposed*, the emigrants will become planters, whereas in the established provinces they will unavoidably commence manufacturers.

The Northern Colonies, it is well known, are at this moment our rivals in trade, dealing in little besides what we deal in ourselves; whereas the Southern colonies, particularly about the Missisippi, abound with those staples, of which we stand in indispensible want, and which we are constantly obliged to purchase with ready money from our neighbours.

Aug. 15. It is asserted, that the Dutch have this year gained to their revenue, by the whale and white herring fisheries, not less than one million sterling.

A letter from Antwerp, dated July 30, says, "The Empress Queen, as Dutchess of Brabant, has issued an ordinance which gives great encouragement to all persons, who will undertake to clear and cultivate the heaths in this country; from which very great improvements are expected."

Extract of a letter from Warsaw, July 28.

"The following event happened here on Tuesday the 21st of July: Since the 24th of last month, the finest hotels of the Confederates in this metropolitan city have been preparing for the reception of the Russian Generals and Noblemen, who are actually here. The Russian General Bibikow took possession of the hotel of the Confederate Count Radziwitchy, as did also the Russian General Rzewskoy that of Count Pottoky; by which usurpations, a jealousy arose in the hearts of the friends of liberty, which interrupted the working people, and at last came to a battle between the parties; but this battle was soon interrupted by the Russian troops, who treated the friends of liberty (here called the d---d Confederates) in a manner, not to be permitted in a civilized state: But there happened to be a Convent of the pious Fathers just opposite the hotel of Count Pottoky, in which constantly are between four and five hundred young students. These young gentlemen, seeing the ill usage with which the friends of liberty were treated, took up arms against the Russian troops; but no sooner was it known to the Commander of this little Russian corps, than he immediately ordered his whole corps to fire among the students, some of whom were killed, others wounded, and the rest took to flight. It was expected that the Russian Officer would have been called to an account for his brutal behaviour, but we found the contrary, for the Prior of the Convent was called to an account for the revolt and riot of the students. As yet we know no more of this affair, than that the poor pious Fathers will be obliged to pay a certain sum of money, as a fine to the Crown, for the subjects which were killed in this engagement."

Lord Shelburne has for a considerable time been wholly unmentioned in our news-papers, yet we hear that a scheme is in agitation, which will speedily make him the subject of conversation as much as ever, but whether more or less to his advantage, the event alone can discover to the kingdom.

Lord Dartmouth, if an American Episcopacy should take place during his continuance in office, is, we hear, to make the first prelate Dr. Madan, of the Lock Hospital.

Aug. 18. They write from Portugal, that a person was lately arrested on the frontiers of that kingdom, charged with a number of letters from the Jesuits, whereby some important machinations had been brought to light.

The celebrated Mr. Cox has received a large order from the Empress of Russia, for several curious pieces of Jewellery of immense value, which are intended as presents, when the Grand Duke her son comes of age, a period which is now near at hand, and will be commemorated with extraordinary circumstances of joy all over the Russian empire.

By the last advices from Constantinople we learn, that the present Armistice between the Turks and Russians relates only to the operations at land. Through the same channel we are informed, that the Porte is more busily engaged in naval preparations, particularly those destined for the Black Sea, and the recovery of the Crimea, than at any other time since the commencement of the present war.

By letters from Smyrna we are informed, that the Russian Admiral, Spiritoff, still continues to intercept all vessels, destined for Constantinople, so much, that the several Consuls in that city are preparing to transmit memorials to their respective Courts, stating their causes of grievance. These accounts add, that several Dutch, French and English vessels have been lately stopped, and searched in those seas by the Russians, and the cargoes of such as were bound for the Porte confiscated.

The present Princess of Stolberg, wife of the Pretender, whose pregnancy has been lately declared at Rome, is grand-daughter to Thomas Bruce, Earl of Aylesbury, father of Charles Bruce, the last Earl of Aylesbury, in whose person that title became extinct. The said Thomas, being a Papist, settled at Brussels, in the Low Countries, where he married to his second Lady Charlotte, Countess of Sanna, of the noble house of Argenteau; by whom he had an only daughter, Charlotte Maria, who married in 1722 to the Prince of Horne, one of the Princes of the Empire; by whom she had five children, the youngest of whom is the above-mentioned Princess of Stolberg, who, as appears by the foreign account, is first cousin to her Grace the present Dutchess of Richmond (her Grace's father and the Princess's mother being brother and sister) second cousin to his Grace the Duke of Chandos, and allied to the principal nobility in this kingdom.

August 20. The navy of Great-Britain was never in a finer condition than at present---except that it is almost entirely destitute of men. This consideration, we are assured, is one of the principal reasons, which induce government to be so inactive with respect to the intended partition of Poland; for were the navy to be manned at present with its full complement, it would scatter confusion and distress through the whole kingdom; deprive all our export trade of its men, which would effectually ruin it, and add, perhaps, another hundred thousand to the public debt---and all this for the espousal of a measure, which will at last, in all probability, terminate in a bubble.

Translation of a letter from Copenhagen, dated August 1.

"The sudden departure, or rather narrow escape, of M. St. Germains, from Copenhagen, has proved a full revelation to our Northern politicians, how deeply the French Court is interested in the late political murders of this capital. St. Germains, with the false character of vast military knowledge--an old officer--of infinite experience---much distinguished in his profession---great abilities---real integrity---composed the character, that became a bait to our Court, was in fact the French courier, that was intended, by the Cabinet Council of Versailles, to prepare the way for the late revolution, and to throw Denmark into the same abject, contemptible state as Sweden---a mercenary ally of France, without the payment of a subsidy.-------St. Germains, supplied with unlimited sums by the French Ministry, by order of his Court, who had pawned their honour, which produced nothing--their Royal jewels, which produced something more---to effect the late revolution in Denmark, had the sole guidance of that transaction. He was the Cataline of the royal conspiracy---Murder was the parole of this military assassin---and a general carnage of King, Nobility and Senators, was his mandate. The Royal Dowager was not only his dupe---the object of his gallantry---the partner of his conjugal affections---but the tool of his policy. A Jesuit assisted him in his leisure hours amusement; and when his Countess was invested with the order of Punion Parfaite, the Royal Dowager was, by this Jesuit, invested Une Catholique Parfaite. Hypocrisy for some time veiled the change of religion in this young Belle Devote. At last our Clergy have detected her bigotry, and the most melancholy consequences will ensue. Their spirit of christianity prevented Struensee and Brandt being massacred with the same torments as Damien; such were the orders sent, from the Court of politeness and humanity, to this diabolical instrument of the cursed policy of his Majesty tres Chretienne. St. Germains, with all the vanity of a Frenchman, at the moment he is the wretched tool of the most arbitrary Monarch, stiles himself the enemy of Kingly government. In my next pacquet you shall receive the List of French Jesuits, with the permission of the Queen Dowager, now dispersed in many towns of the Danish dominions. The Catholic religion is the sole idol of our Royal Dowager."

Lord Dartmouth has declared, that he will grant every indulgence to the Colonies, that is not absolutely contradictory to the interest of Government, and that he will be always ready to redress their grievances on the very first intimation.

Aug. 25. Letters from Petersburgh say, that the Empress has recalled 15 noblemen from their banishment in Siberia, four of whom had resided twenty years in that desart; but so great is the force of custom, that they were observed actually to shed tears at leaving it.

Aug. 26. By the last advices from Warsaw we hear, that Count Richcourt, the Austrian General, and the Russian Ambassador, have ultimately agreed to certain propositions made by the Prussian Minister, in order to prevent any differences, which might otherwise break out between the armies of their respective Sovereigns.

A camp is marked out within a German league of that city, to be occupied by 6000 Russians, part of which, the regiments of Zeernichew and Nerva, infantry, are already arrived. The whole of the Russian force, within two days march, amounts to 26 regiments of infantry, and 14 of cavalry.

Accounts from Vienna inform us, that every thing there wears the strongest appearance of war, the streets are full of recruiting parties, the arsenals are daily emptied of large quantities of military stores; there have been no less than three promotions of General and Field officers within a month, nevertheless the ultimate views of the Imperial and Royal Courts, as well as the intention of these hostile preparations, remain a profound secret.

Aug. 27. Some letters from Madrid mention, that advice had been received there from New Spain, that several Jesuits, disguised like mule-drivers, endeavouring to escape to the North Sea, had been stopt by his Majesty's officers on the road, between Panama and Darien, with several loads of gold, silver, and other rich effects.

Aug. 29. Lord Sandwich, during the course of the summer, has reformed several abuses in the several dock-yards of this kingdom; but he never more distinguished the principles of an honest man, and a friend to his country, than in a visit he lately made to Greenwich Hospital, where, though he was sensible he should incur much ill-nature from several persons, he was very assiduous in removing many abuses that had crept into that charity.

Sept. 1. The French and Corsicans are now at perpetual war, which is carried on by military executions on one side, and murder and assassinations on the other; so averse are the Corsicans to a French government, that (it is said) they really poison the wells, cisterns and fountains, in that part of the country which the French inhabit.

The Premier has lately declared, that he has no doubt but the next session of Parliament will be the quietest of any since its commencement. Some patriots, however, we hear, are of a contrary opinion.

Sept. 3. The friends of government have, we hear, been requested earnestly not to interfere in the East-India disputes, as repeated experience amply convinces the Minister, that nothing promotes their views so much as an appearance of neutrality.

The Ministry are so sensible of this circumstance, that Lord North, being lately asked which way Mr. Wilkes's election to the mayoralty could be prevented, replied, that if it was a matter of the least signification who was Mayor, there was a very obvious method of defeating his election. "How so," demanded a Great Personage. "Why, Sir (returned the Minister) by sending a letter into the city, desiring our friends to support him; for such is the disposition of the people, that they will even sacrifice their own wishes, if they think such a sacrifice any way likely to oppose the views of Government."

A letter from Copenhagen says, that a Swedish nobleman, of great rank, is now raising men in order to oppose the present measures of the King of S-----.

Letters from Berlin advise, that his Prussian Majesty is so far debilitated by the almost continual attack of the gout, that should a rupture happen on the continent (which indeed he seems desirous to avoid) he would not be able to keep the field.

Sept. 8. *All the advices from Sweden confirm the report of very great disorders in that kingdom, but the accounts are so confused, that nothing further can be collected from them, than those disorders become general. From Denmark they seem as if a speedy rupture was likely to ensue between those two neighbouring powers.*

We learn from Stockholm, that a great number of the principal nobility have refused signing the paper, owning the King's independency, in consequence of which they have been banished to their estates.

They write from Copenhagen, that the fleet which is fitting out there with great expedition, is not intended for the Mediterranean. The same letters add, that several important changes will take place in that kingdom very shortly.

We can assure our readers, from the best authority, that Lord Sandwich is at this time planning a scheme, which is to be laid before Parliament at their next meeting, for a registry of seamen, to be kept in the manner practised by most of the maritime powers of Europe.

It is confidently asserted that the Spaniards have filled their coffers, and have fifty men of war in their ports, ready for immediate service.

Orders have been lately issued from the War-Office for building several new forts on the rivers of the Missisippi and St. Lawrence.

Three ships of war, with a regiment of marines, are ordered to sail immediately for the East-Indies.

It is imagined by the late conduct of the Dutch, that they have resolved to keep good faith with Britain, for the same wise reasons which determines their conduct on all occasions, viz. their interest.

Yesterday arrived in town Mr. Fordyce.

Mr. Fordyce is to make his first appearance before the Commissioners on Saturday next.

All is silence yet about the popular Measures to secure the city chair for the ensuing year; but certain it is, that the Court of Aldermen are determined to give Mr. Wilkes a preference to Mr. Townshend, provided these gentlemen should be returned by the Livery.

The toast of the day is, "A regular succession of public spirited Lord Mayors:--Wilkes, Townshend, Sawbridge, Bull, Martin, &c.

ST. JOHN'S (*in Antigua*) *October* 7.

We hear from St. Vincents, that on Monday night last the Carraibs burnt the works and dwelling-house of Andrew Bruce, Esq; and on the Wednesday following burnt the dwelling-house and offices of John Le Crow, Esq; they also took a detached party of the 32d regiment, consisting of a corporal and four men, whom they killed. A scouting party of Carraibs some time before this had nearly fell in with, and taken General Leybourne prisoner.

On Thursday morning last, one of the transports arrived at St. Vincents, with a party of the 31st regiment, from St. Augustine, in West Florida, and the rest are hourly expected, so that a general attack on these desperadoes may be every day looked for.

BOSTON, November 5.

At the Adjournment on Monday Afternoon, the Committee, appointed to present a Petition to his Excellency the Governor of this Province, reported, and laid before the Town the following Reply, which his Excellency had been pleased to deliver them in Writing, viz.

"GENTLEMEN,

THE Royal Charter reserves to the Governor full Power and Authority, from Time to Time, as he shall judge necessary, to adjourn, prorogue and dissolve the General Assembly.

"In the Exercise of this Power, both as to Time and Place, I have always been governed by a Regard to his Majesty's Service, and to the Interest of the Province.

"It did not appear to me necessary for those Purposes, that the Assembly should meet at the Time to which it now stands prorogued; and, before I was informed of your Address, I had determined to prorogue it to a further Time.

"The Reasons, which you have advanced, have not altered my Opinion.

"If, notwithstanding, in Compliance with your Petition, I should alter my Determination, and meet the Assembly, contrary to my own Judgment, at such Time as you judge necessary, I should, in Effect, yield to you the Exercise of that Part of the Prerogative, and should be unable to justify my Conduct to the King.

"There would, moreover, be Danger of encouraging the Inhabitants of the other Towns in the Province, to assemble, from Time to Time, in order to consider of the Necessity or Expediency of a Session of the General Assembly, or to debate and transact other Matters, which the Law, that authorizes Towns to assemble, does not make the Business of a Town Meeting.

"*Province House, Nov.* 2, 1772. T. HUTCHINSON.

"*To the Inhabitants of the Town of Boston, in Town Meeting assembled at Faneuil-Hall.*"

This Reply having been read several Times, and duly considered; it was moved, and the Question accordingly put, whether the same be satisfactory to the Town? which passed in the Negative, *Nem. con.* and thereupon,

Resolved, as the Opinion of the Inhabitants of this Town, that they have, ever had, and ought to have, a Right to petition the King, or his Representative, for the Redress of such Grievances as they feel, or for preventing of such, as they have Reason to apprehend, and to communicate their Sentiments to other Towns.

It was then Moved, that a Committee of Correspondence be appointed, to consist of Twenty-one Persons, to state the Rights of the Colonists, and of this Province in particular, as Men, as Christians, and as Subjects, to communicate and publish the same to the several Towns in this Province, and to the World, as the Sense of this Town, with the Infringements and Violations thereof, that have been, or from Time to Time may be, made. Also, requesting of each Town, a free Communication of their Sentiments on this Subject. And the Question being accordingly put, passed in the Affirmative, *Nem. con.*

A Committee of Twenty-one Persons was then appointed, for the Purposes aforesaid, of which the Honourable James Otis, Esq; is Chairman; and they were desired to report to the Town as soon as may be. *Attest.* WILLIAM COOPER, *Town Clerk.*

A Vessel arrived at Cape-Ann last Week, and brought in a Mainsail, with a Cable and Anchor, which were taken from the Wreck of a Schooner at Sea; which Schooner, it is said, belonged to Marblehead,---Phippen, Skipper, and was out on a fishing Voyage. It is supposed she foundered in a Gale of Wind, and all the Crew perished, as they have not been heard of.

PHILADELPHIA, *November* 18.

On Tuesday, the 10th Instant, died, after a very short Illness, greatly lamented, Mrs. JEMIMA WHARTON, Consort of Mr. CHARLES WHARTON, of this City, Merchant; a young Lady universally beloved for her many Virtues.

Captain Brass, arrived at New-York from St. Ubes, on the 25th of last Month, in Lat. 38: 37, Long. 69: 8, spoke the Snow Hibernia, Captain Robinson, from Virginia for Dublin.

Captain Graham, from Surrinam, on the 22d ult. in Lat. 26: 14, Long. 66: 14, spoke a Sloop, Captain King, from South-Carolina for St. Christophers, all well.

Captain Hood, from Bristol, on the 18th ult. in Lat. 37: 2, Long. 56: 40, spoke the Ship Elizabeth, Captain Samuel Proudfoot, from Virginia for Bristol, out 15 Days; 31st, in Lat. 37: 59, Long. 70, spoke a Brig, from New-York for Antigua, out 6 Days; on the 4th Instant, Lat. 35: 12, Long. 73: 23, spoke the Ship Lark, Captain Powell, from this Port for Hispaniola, three Days out, and on the 6th, in Lat. 35: 10, Long. 74: 23, he spoke a Sloop, from Virginia for the West-Indies, out one Day, but could not learn the Master's Name.

Captain Green, from Providence, sailed in Company with the Schooner Sukey, for Boston, and parted with her on the first Instant, in Lat. 27: 50, Long. 79: 20; on the 6th Instant, in Lat. 31: 27, Long. 78: 27, spoke a Brig, Captain Styles, from Bermuda for Georgia, out 10 Days; and on the 9th, off Cape-Hatteras, he spoke a Schooner, Captain Davis, from Port-au-Prince for Virginia, out 15 Days, who informed Captain Green, that the Day before, he spoke a Brig, from Jamaica for this Port, out 8 Weeks.

The Brig Burke, Captain Vallance, is arrived at Surrinam from this Place.

Messieurs HALL and SELLERS,

Upon the breaking out of the War in the Year 1739, *the English, French and Spaniards, made Application to the Creek Nation of Indians, for their Alliance; they were then at War with some other Indian Nations, and as they found themselves in a critical Situation, a national Council was assembled, in which the following remarkable Speech, or Harrangue, was delivered. Your inserting the same in your next Gazette, will no Doubt be agreeable to many of your Readers, and oblige* A CONSTANT CUSTOMER.

Fathers, Bretbren, and Countrymen,

IN this solemn and important Council, before the Wisdom and Experience of so many venerable Sachems, and having the Eyes of so many heroic Chieftains upon me, I feel myself struck with that awful Diffidence, which, I believe, would be felt by any one of my Years, who had not resigned all the Modesty of his Nature. Nothing, O ye Creeks, could enable me to bear the fixt Attention of this illustrious Assembly, and give to my Youth, the Power of an unembarrassed Utterance, but the animating Conviction, that there is not one Heart amongst us but glows for the Dignity, the Glory, the Happiness of his Country: In those Principles, how inferior soever my Abilities may otherwise be, I cannot, without violating my own Consciousness, yield to any one the Superiority.

Fathers, Friends, and Countrymen,---We are met together to deliberate upon no less a Subject, than whether we shall, or shall not, be a People.---On the one Hand, we are at War with a Nation of our own Colour, brave, active and sagacious; they bear us an inextinguishable Hatred, threaten us with all that Prudence ought to fear, and that Valour should be excited to repel.---On the other Hand, we are surrounded and courted by three powerful Nations, of Colour, Laws and Manners, different from our own; I say courted; and tho' each is Rival to the other, yet we have Reason to fear they mean not our Prosperity. I do not stand up, O Countrymen, to propose the Plans of War, or to direct the Wisdom of this Assembly, in the Regulation of our Alliances.---My Intention is to open to your View a Subject, not less worthy your deliberate Notice; and tho' equally glaring, tho' equally consequential to your Existence and Happiness, yet, from the bewitching Tyranny of Custom, and the Delusions of Self-love, if it has not escaped a general Observation, has eluded public Censure, and been screened from the Animadversions of our national Councils. I perceive the Eye of this august Assembly dwells upon me:---Oh! may every Heart be unveiled from its Prejudices, and receive, with Patriot Candour, the disinterested, the pious, the filial Obedience, I owe to my Country, when I step forth to be the Accuser of my Brethren;----not of Treachery,---not of Cowardice,---not of a Deficiency of the noblest of all Passions, the Love of the Public,---these, I glory in boasting, are incompatible with the Character of a Creek.----The Traytor, or rather, the Tyrant, I arraign before ye, O Creeks, is no Native of our Soil, but a lurking Miscreant, an Emissary of the evil Principle of Darkness: 'Tis that pernicious Liquid, which our pretending white Friends artfully introduced, and so plentifully pour in amongst us.---Oh! Countrymen, I will spare myself the ungrateful Task of repeating, and you the Pain of recollecting, those shameful Broils, those unmanly Riots, and those brutal Extravagancies, which the unbounded Use of this Liquor has so frequently produced amongst us; yet I must beg Leave to assert, and submit to your impartial Judgments the evincing, that our prevailing Attachment, our intemperate Use of this Liquid, carries with it the most destructive Consequences to the Welfare and Glory of the Public, and to the Felicity of every individual Offender; that it perverts the Ends of social Life, and unfits us for all those distinguishing and exquisite Feelings, which are the noblest Privilege of Humanity. I have already declined the Mortification, which a Detail of Facts would raise in every Breast, when unpossessed by this Dæmon: I will only therefore appeal in general to the public Experience, for the many Violations of civil Order, the indecent, the irrational Perversions of Charac-

ter, which these inflammatory Draughts have introduced amongst us: 'Tis true these are past, and may they never be repeated.----- But, tremble, O ye Creeks, when I thunder in your Ears this Denunciation, that if the Cup of Perdition continues to rule with so intemperate a Sway amongst us, ye will cease to be a Nation;--- ye will have neither Heads to direct, nor Hands to protect. This diabolical Juice undermining all the Powers of your Bodies and Minds, in the Day of Battle, the Warrior's enfeebled Arm will draw the Bow with inoffensive Zeal;---in the Day of Council, when national Safety stands suspended on the Lips of the hoary Sachem, he will shake his Head with uncollected Spirits, and drivel the Babblings of a second Childhood. Think not, O Creeks, that I present an imaginary Picture to amuse or affright you; is it not too evident---'tis too fatally so---that we find the Vigour of our Youth abating, our Numbers decreasing, our ripened Manhood a premature Victim to Diseases, to Sickness, to Death, and our venerable Sachems a scanty Number?---Does not that Desertion of all our reasonable Powers, when we are under the Dominion of that deformed Monster, that barbarian Madness wherewith it inspires us, prove, beyond a Doubt, that it dislocates all our intellectual Faculties, pulls down Reason from her Throne; and dissipates every Ray of the Divinity within us? I need not, I hope, make it a Question to any in this Assembly, whether he would prefer the intemperate Use of this Liquor to clear Perceptions, sound Judgment, and a Mind exulting in its own Reflections? However great may be the Force of Habit, how insinuating soever the Influence of Example, how unequal we may sometimes find ourselves to this insidious Enemy, I persuade myself, and I perceive by your Countenances, O Creeks, there is none, before whom I stand, so shameless, so lost to the weakest Impulses of Humanity, and the very Whisperings of Reason, as not to acknowledge the Turpitude of such a Choice.

Fathers, and Brethren,---I must yet crave your Patience, whilst I suggest to you, that this Intoxication of ourselves disqualifies us for acting up to our proper Character in social Life, and debars us from all the soothing and endearing Joys of domestic Life.----- There is not, within the whole Compass of our Nature, so prevailing, so lasting a Propensity, as that of associating with, and communicating our Sentiments to, each other; and there is not a more incontestible Truth, than that Benevolence of Heart, the calm Possession of ourselves, and the undisturbed Exercise of our thinking Faculties, are absolutely necessary to constitute the eligible and worthy Companion. How opposite to these Characters Intoxication renders us, is so manifest to our own Experience, so obvious to the least Reflection, that it would be both Impertinence and Insolence to enlarge further upon it, before the Candour and Wisdom of this Assembly.------And now, O ye Creeks, if the Cries of your Country, if the Pulse of Glory, if all that forms the Hero, and exalts the Man, does not swell your Breasts with a Patriot Indignation against the immoderate Use of this Liquor,--- if those Motives are not sufficient to produce such Resolutions, as may be effectual,---let me conjure you to it, by the tendereſt and most persuasive Tie of Humanity, namely, the Love of Women, and that delicate Regulation of Conduct towards them, which it is the Happiness and Honour of Manhood to observe.---By the Love of Women, I do not mean merely the Desire of them.---Those amiable Creatures are designed not only to gratify our Passions, but to excite and fix all the kind and sociable Affections;---not to be Slaves to our arbitrary Wills, but Companions to our most reasonable Hours. Heaven has endowed them with that peculiar Warmth of Affection, with that disinterested Friendliness of Heart, that melting Sympathy of Soul, that entertaining Liveliness of Imagination, joined with all the sentimental Abilities of Mind, in order to humanize the Roughness of our Nature, to polish that Ferocity, which, without them, would make Men a Dread to each other, to relieve the Fatigues, and to reward the Dangers, we encounter for their Preservation.------They only are formed for, they alone are capable of communicating to us, that most exalted of all human Pleasures, The rapturous Intercouse of Love and Friendship.---Thus was Woman intended,---these are her Charms,---hither Nature, Reason, Virtue call,---and shall they call in vain?--- Shall an unnatural, an unreasonable, a vicious Perversity of Taste be preferred to those Heaven-born Joys of Life?----Will you treat the Sovereign Principle of Good with a thankless Insensibility, and offer Libations to the Spirit of all Evil?

O Fathers, Warriors, Countrymen!------Henceforward, O ye Creeks, be the Cup of Moderation the Crown of our Festivities;--- save your Country, maintain and elevate her Glory;---transmit to our Posterity, Health, Freedom and Honour;---break not the great Chain of Nature, but let an honest and delicate Intercourse of the Sexes be the Plan of social Joy;---let each domestic Bliss wreathe the Garland of connubial Life; let Truth and Friendship sanctify the Lover's Wish, and secure to the wise and brave Man, a Felicity worthy his Choice and Protection."

☞ The Comedy of the SHIPWRECK, or, The BROTHERS, to be acted this Evening at our Theatre, not being, perhaps, so universally known, as the *West-Indian*, and *Fashionable Lover*, of the same Author, it may not be improper to inform the Public, that it possesses a Fund of real comic Humour, and genuine Character; the Sentiments are every where introduced with the utmost Propriety, and the Dialogue is natural: Those whose Gravity will permit them to indulge themselves with an innocent Laugh of three Hours, may be sure of a very pleasing Entertainment at the Representation of this Comedy.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*. INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Patty, M. Crosbie, and Sloop Hopewell, W. Carlisle, from St. Kitts. Ship Tyger, J. Robertson, Honduras. Sloop Kingston, W. Graham, Surrinam. Sloop Polly, T. Etheridge, N. Carolina. Schooner Industry, M. Williamson, Halifax. Schooner Jennet, J. Eve, Schooner Rebecca, J. Holden, and Sloop Robert, W. B. Bunting, Virginia. Schooner Margaret, J. Freeman, Nova-Scotia. Schooner Susanna, S. Green, N. Providence. Ship Betsey, S. Hood, from Bristol.

OUTWARDS. Ship Friendship, W. M'Culloch, for Belfast. Ship Charming Nancy, J. Craig, and Ship Minerva, D. Gregory, Jamaica. Ship Minerva, F. Fearis, and Ship Phœbe and Peggy, D. M'Culloch, Newry. Brig Boscawen, G. Marshall, Londonderry. Brig Conolly, A. Caine, Dublin. Schooner Becky, R. Harris, Georgia. Sloop Polly, T. Deming, and Sloop North-Carolina Packet, A. Dyer, N. Carolina. Ship Charming Sally, J. Cooper, Liverpool. Sloop Peace and Plenty, J. Anthony, R. Island. Ship Carolina, B. Loxley, for S. Carolina.

CLEARED. Sloop Sally and Betsey, R. Heath, to Virginia. Ship Liverpool, A. Beard, Ship Magdalen, J. Wallace, and Brig Two Brothers, J. Martin, Jamaica. Schooner Lively, H. Johnston, Salem, N. E. Schooner Chatham, B. Fleetwood, and Sloop Speedwell, L. Hill, Maryland. Sloop Betsey, W. Hatch, Boston. Sloop Sally, T. Pike, Portsmouth, N. E. Schooner Dolphin, J. Huston, Halifax. Schooner Dove, J. Higgs, St. Kitts. Ship Hetty, E. Davis, Vigo. Ship Catherine, J. Sutton, to London.

THE VOTES of the Honourable House of REPRESENTATIVES of this Province, for the current Year, are now compleat, and to be SOLD, by

HENRY MILLER,
PRINTER, in RACE-STREET.
Where also may be had, those of the preceding Year. ¶

TO BE SOLD, BY
JOHN PEMBERTON,
A PARCEL OF
SUMMER DEER-SKINS. ¶

Salem, West New-Jersey, November 6, 1772.

THIS day was committed to my custody, a certain WILLIAM RICHARDSON, a Chimney-sweeper, who says he belongs to one CURTIS GRUBB. He was advertised in the Pennsylvania Gazette, No. 2289. These are to desire his said master to come, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be sold for the same, in five weeks from the date hereof, by

¶ BATEMAN LLOYD, Sheriff.

SAMUEL MILES requests all persons indebted to him, either on bond, note, or book, to pay the same before the first of January next, and those, who do not comply, may expect to be sued, without any further notice. Said *Miles* has for sale, a very valuable plantation, in Tredyffrin township, Chester county; also a plantation in Berks county, on which there has been a public house of entertainment kept, for many years past; likewise sundry tracts of excellent land in Northumberland county, which he would either sell or lease, on reasonable terms. *Philadelphia, November* 14, 1772. 4 W.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,
at the London Coffee-House, on Friday, the 4th of December next, at five o'clock in the afternoon,

A TRACT of PATENT LAND, called PARTNERSHIP, containing 237 acres, being in Cæcil county, in the province of Maryland, within half a mile of the Head of North-East River, and adjoining lands of William Currer, John Read, and the Principio Company. Three months credit will be given for the purchase-money, and a sufficient deed of conveyance, by REESE MEREDITH, EDWARD PENINGTON, THOMAS WHARTON, junior.

November 9, 1772.

WAS STOLEN, out of Mr. John Vangezell's pasture, near New-Castle, last Wednesday night, a black Horse, about 14 hands high, and about ten years old, both trots and paces, but trots mostly in a carriage, a long mane, hanging on the near side, of a redish or sunburnt colour, short switch tail, he hath no white about him, hath a tumour, or lump on his near cheek bone, which seems to occasion uneasiness in eating any kind of grain, is remarkably easy catched when out of hand, old shoes before, or perhaps none, as he wanted shoes badly, but not shod behind. Whoever brings said Horse to me, in New-Castle, shall receive FOUR DOLLARS, and reasonable charges, paid by BENJAMIN VANGEZELL. ¶

ON Thursday night, the 12th of November, 1772, was STOLEN, out of the subscriber's pasture, a BLACK MARE, neither brand nor ear-mark, but is very much swelled on the shoulders, occasioned by the fistula, and has several marks by its breaking, she is ten years old, a natural trotter, about 14 hands high, shod before, with steel-pointed shoes. Whoever apprehends the thief, and brings him, with the mare, shall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by THOMAS JENNINGS, in Lower-Merion township, Philadelphia county. ¶

FOR BRISTOL,
The SHIP BETSEY,
SEYMOUR HOOD,
MASTER;

IS a good vessel, well accommodated for passengers, and expected to sail about the First of December. For freight or passage, apply to THOMAS CLIFFORD, and SONS, or said Master on board, at their wharff. The times of a few indented SERVANT BOYS, just arrived in said vessel from Bristol, to be disposed of, apply as above.

FOR ANTIGUA,
The BRIG HOPE,
WILLIAM LANG,
MASTER;

SHE is a remarkable fast sailing vessel, has exceeding good accommodations for passengers, is expected to sail in two weeks, having great part of her cargoe ready to go on board. For freight or passage, apply to ROBERT WILSON, in Second-street, or the Master on board, at Mr. Fishburn's wharff. *November* 16. ¶

FOR NEWRY,
The SHIP PHOEBE and PEGGY,
DAVID M'CULLOUGH,
MASTER;

IS a stout new ship, has extraordinary accommodations for passengers, and will sail with the first flaxseed vessels, having the greatest part of her cargoe already engaged. For freight or passage, apply to REESE MEREDITH, DAVID and WILLIAM DUNCAN, or said Master on board, at Samuel Mifflin, Esquire's wharff.

N. B. There are a few barrels of best Irish beef to be sold, on board the said ship *November* 16.

Dumfries, Virginia, October 30, 1772.

RUN away from the subscriber, on the 7th instant, three indented servant men, viz. JOHN ELISHA, an Englishman, PETER DREW, and JOHN PARSONS, Irishmen. *John Elisha* is a Bricklayer, about 35 years of age, 6 feet high, pale complexion, short dark hair, a little pitted with the small-pox, and had two of his left hand fingers contracted, and bent in his hand; had on, when he went away, a grey cloth coat, with metal buttons, black jacket, leather breeches, and yarn stockings. *Peter Drew* is a Sawyer, 25 years old, about 5 feet 8 inches high, well made, ruddy complexion and full faced, cut or curled wig, and much pitted with the small-pox; carried with him a variety of clothes, particularly a suit of light blue, a fustian coat and red jacket, and had several ruffled shirts. *John Parsons* is a Labourer, 20 years of age, 6 feet high, pale complexion, slender made, a little pitted with the small-pox, and straight black hair; had on, when he went away, 2 coats, blue and light coloured, red jacket, leather breeches, and a pair of ribbed yarn stockings. The said servants were imported three weeks ago, in the James, Captain Steel, from London, and stole, from the mouth of Quantico, a small boat, which (after landing in Maryland) they set adrift; they were seen ten days ago, in a small vessel, near Blackstone's Island, in Patowmack river, and from the Bricklayer's being well acquainted to the northward, I suspect they are gone to the Eastern-shore, in Maryland, and from thence to Philadelphia; as they all can write well, it is probable they may forge passes. Any person that secures the said servants, and delivers them to me here, shall receive a reward of TWENTY POUNDS, Virginia currency, and in proportion for any of them. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL.

For the ENTERTAINMENT of the CURIOUS.

MR. KINNERSLEY proposes to exhibit his Electrical Experiments at the College, in this city, To-morrow, and next Day; and again on Monday and Tuesday next week; to begin at six o' clock in the evening. In this course, consisting of only two Lectures, many curious and interesting experiments will be exhibited, tending to shew the nature and properties of lightning, and how to avoid the danger of it; among which, the following will not be deemed the least remarkable.

Flashes of lightning visible under water; iron heated red hot and even melted by lightning, whilst under, and in contact with, common cold water.

Those Gentlemen and Ladies, who intend to honour these Lectures with their company, are requested to be furnished with tickets, that no money may be taken at the door. Tickets may be had at Mr. KINNERSLEY's house, near the college, at Half a Dollar for each Lecture.------He purposes to continue his lectures no longer than this week, and the next.

As Electrical Experiments can be best exhibited when the air is pretty dry; if it should not prove dry enough in any of the evenings above appointed, the exhibition must be deferred till the next dry evening after.

N. B. Mr. KINNERSLEY has room in his house to accommodate two more young boarders for the college. §

THE CREDITORS of ALEXANDER LUNAN, deceased, are desired to call upon ROBERT RITCHIE, one of the Executors, for their respective Dividends.

Philadelphia, November 9, 1772. 4 W.

By AUTHORITY,
By the AMERICAN COMPANY,
At the THEATRE in SOUTHWARK, THIS EVENING, will be presented, A NEW COMEDY (by the Author of THE WEST-INDIAN) called,

THE SHIPWRECK,
OR, THE BROTHERS.

Young Belfield, by Mr. HALLAM,
Belfield, by Mr. HENRY,
Captain Ironsides, by Mr. GOODMAN,
Sir Benjamin Dove, by Mr. MORRIS,
Patterson, by Mr. BYERLEY,
Skiff, by Mr. WOOLLS,
Old Goodwin, by Mr. DOUGLASS,
Philip, by Mr. WALL,
Jonathan, Mr. PARKER,---*Francis*, Mr. JOHNSON,
Sailors, Messrs. PARKER, ROBERTS, &c. &c.
Lady Dove, by Mrs. MORRIS,
Violetta, by Mrs. HENRY,
Lucy Waters, by Miss STORER,
Kitty, Mrs. HARMAN,---*Fanny*, Miss RICHARDSON,
Sophia, by Miss HALLAM.

To which will be ADDED,

LETHE, Or, ÆSOP in the SHADES.

Frenchman and Drunkenman, by Mr. HALLAM,
Æsop, by Mr. DOUGLASS,
Mercury (with Songs) by Mr. WOOLLS,
Old Man, Mr. MORRIS,---*Fine Gentleman*, Mr. BYERLEY,
Mr. Tattoo, by Mr. GOODMAN,
Charon, by Mr. JOHNSON,
Mrs. Tattoo, by Miss HALLAM,
Mrs. Riot (with a Song) by Miss STORER, &c. &c.

The Doors to be opened at Four, and the Play to begin exactly at Six o' Clock.---No Person, on any Account whatsoever, can possibly be admitted behind the Scenes.---Places in the Boxes may be taken at the Theatre.---Ladies and Gentlemen will please to send their Servants at Four o' Clock.----TICKETS, without which no Person can be admitted, are sold at the Bar of the Coffee-house.

BOXES 7s. 6d. PIT 5s. GALLERY 3s.

WANTS a PLACE,

A WET NURSE, from the Country, with a good Breast of Milk, can be well recommended. Enquire of the Printers.

STOLEN or strayed away, last night, from the stable of the subscriber, in Bristol township, Philadelphia county, a bright BAY HORSE, 15 hands high, 5 years old last spring, a small star in his forehead, and a snip on his nose, marked on the top of his neck with the collar, has some hairs interspersed amongst the red almost all over his body, is a little hog backed, a natural pacer, and shod before. Whoever will secure said horse, so that the owner may have him again, shall have *Thirty Shillings* reward; or, if stolen, THREE POUNDS for the horse and thief, by applying to JOHN BIDDLE, at the sign of the Indian King, in Market-street, Philadelphia, or to

November 16, 1772. § ROBERT MORRIS.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,
at Church-hill, in Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, on MONDAY, the 15th day of December next, to continue from day to day until the whole is sold; the following mill, lands, tenements and chattels, lately assigned to trustees, by William and John Ruth, for the discharge of certain debts due from them.

A GRIST or MERCHANT-MILL, and TRACT of LAND, containing 15 acres, ten acres thereof meadow, situate at Church-hill, on the south-east branch of Chester river, within four miles of the ships channel, and about a mile from the landing, where shallops load and unload, in a plentiful wheat country, 42 miles water-carriage to Baltimore-town, 25 miles from Dover, and 28 miles from Duck-creek, where a number of great roads meet, from the Lower counties, on Delaware, to Philadelphia, to Chester-town, on Chester river, to Annapolis, &c.---The mill and dam are in good order, and easily kept in repair, the stream very constant, and plenty of water in dry seasons, accommodated with two pair of stones, double geared, bolting-cloths and hoisting-gears, all go by water, &c. Also a Cooper's shop adjoining; near the mill, on the same tract, and to be sold with it, are a frame dwelling-house, two rooms on a floor, with three fire-places, a kitchen, stable, chair-house, &c.

One hundred and three acres of LAND, called *Ruth's Purchase*, situate at and adjoining Church-hill, very convenient for any public business.

A LOT, situate on Church-hill, containing one acre and an half, with a large frame dwelling-house thereon, two stories high, and four rooms on a floor, well finished, with a cellar under the whole, a good kitchen and chambers, with a piazza between the house and kitchen, a granary, that will hold 1500 bushels of wheat, a stable for eight horses, a chair-house, smoke-house and oven, a garden, fenced in with plank, rents for £ 45 per annum.

Two acres and three-quarters of LAND, called *Ruth's Island*, in the south-east branch of Chester river, near the aforesaid mill.

Eight acres of woodland, part of a tract called *Brotherhood*, nearly adjoining Church-hill, on the great road leading from Annapolis to Philadelphia, &c. being a good stand for a tradesman.

Four acres and three-quarters of LAND, called *Beginning*, near Church-hill.

Thirty-three acres of good and well timbered LAND, called *Smith's Outrange*, within three miles of Church-hill, in the forks of the roads leading to Duck-creek and Head of Chester.

Seventy-five acres of good woodland, part of a tract called *Cloud's Adventure*, within a mile of Church-hill.

One hundred twelve acres and an half of very good LAND, adjoining to and part of said tract, called *Cloud's Adventure*, about one half cleared, 10 or 11 acres thereof good meadow, an orchard of 175 apple-trees, a dwelling-house, 20 feet by 18, 1½ story high, with good brick chimnies, well finished, except plaistering and glazing, a kitchen, 28 feet by 20, a story and an half high, with a brick chimney, a smoke-house 14 feet square, a corn-house, 20 feet by 7, well boarded, paled garden, and yard.

Fifty acres of LAND, called *Spread Eagle*, near Church-hill.

Also, horses, cows, oxen, a waggon, plows and gears, corn harrows, a quantity of new axes, plow-shares and colters, bolts, clevises, hooks and staples, several setts of ox clevises, bolts and keys, several setts of sharp pointed harrow teeth, a quantity of grubbing and weeding hoes and spades, two anvils, two bellows, two vizes, and a quantity of other smith's tools, a Dutch fan, an eight day clock, several feather beds and bedding, walnut tables, a large looking-glass, a desk, pots, andirons, gridirons, &c. &c.

Time will be given for great part of the purchase money for the real estate, paying interest, and giving security, the chattels to be paid for in eight months from the day of sale, with interest and security, if required. Attendance will be given at the time and place aforesaid by

LODOWICK SPROGELL, Attorney to the Trustees.

Philadelphia, November 16, 1772.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN AWAY from on board the ship Wolfe, Richard Hunter, master, from Londonderry, a redemptioner, named COLIN M'DONALD, born in the Highlands of Scotland, and will be easily known by his accent; about 36 years of age, a Taylor by trade, about six feet high, with black short hair; had on a blue coat and red waistcoat; said he had a wife near Albany, and is supposed to have gone that way. Whoever apprehends the same, and brings him to the subscribers, shall have THREE POUNDS reward, if taken in this province, and if out of it, shall be intitled to the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by

GRAY, FLETCHER, AND Co.

Juſt publiſhed, and to be ſold, by JAMES ADAMS, *at his Printing-Office, in Wilmington, New-Caſtle County,*

THE WILMINGTON ALMANACK, for the Year 1773; containing, beſides the aſtronomical Obſervations, Extracts from a late Publication, intituled, The Family Phyſician; ſhewing People what is in their own Power both with reſpect to the Prevention and Cure of Diſeaſes: Calculated to recommend a proper Attention to Regimen and Simple Medicines. The Kite, a Fable.---The Ocean.---A Remedy for Conſumptive Complaints; diſcovered unexpectedly by an Officer, who, having a conſumptive Complaint in his Breaſt, was diſſolving, over a Chaffing-diſh of Coals, in a very cloſe Room, an equal Quantity of--------with an Intention of ſoldering ſome Bottles; and after having breathed in for ſome Time the Vapour ariſing from it, he found the Complaint in his Breaſt greatly relieved. This Obſervation (extremely intereſting to himſelf) determined him to continue for ſome Time the ſame Fumigation, and at length was entirely cured. The ſame Remedy has been experienced with equal Efficacy upon many People ſince, who were attacked with Complaints on the Breaſt; and publiſhed with great Confidence in a late London Magazine.---Help for the Gravel.---Cure for Strains, Wind-galls and Glanders in Horſes; and the true Manner of making the famous BALL which cures any violent Cold, prevents heavy Sickneſs, purges away all molten Greaſe, recovers a loſt Stomach, and keeps the Heart from fainting with Exerciſe, and makes a lean Horſe fat ſuddenly.---Wiſe Sayings, Tables of Intereſt at Six and Seven per Cent. Friends Yearly Meetings, Courts, Roads, Fairs, &c. &c. &c.

Alſo, juſt publiſhed, and ſold at the ſame Place,

THE PENNSYLVANIA ALMANACK, for the Year 1773. This contains (----beſides aſtronomical Calculations, Pithy Obſervations, Tables of Intereſt at Six and Seven per Cent. Friends Yearly Meetings, Courts, Roads and Fairs, &c.----) The ſerious APPREHENSIONS and memorable EXPRESSIONS of Kings, Princes and Philoſophers, and ſeveral aged and dying Men of Fame and Learning, viz. Philip the 3d King of Spain; Henry, Prince of Wales, eldeſt Son to King James the Firſt; Count Gondamare; Count Oxciſtren; Chancellor of Swedeland, a Perſon of the firſt Quality, Station and Ability; Doctor Dun; Xenophon; Themiſtocles; Ageſilaus, King of Sparta; Agis, King of Lacedemonia; and Alcomens, another King of Lacedemonia.---A Piece on Civility and good Manners.---Remedies for Ulcers, outward and inward;--for an Impoſthume;--a ſoft Wen; Bite of a Viper, Rattle or other Snake, &c. &c. &c. §

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD by
JOSEPH CRUKSHANK,
At his Printing-Office, in Third-ſtreet, near the Harp and Crown Tavern, and oppoſite the Work-houſe,

POOR WILL'S ALMANACK, for the Year 1773; containing (beſides the aſtronomical calculations, courts, roads, fairs, &c. uſual in almanacks) a variety of uſeful and entertaining eſſays, receipts, &c. &c. amongſt which are, a receipt to make artificial aſſes milk, by uſing of which many conſumptive perſons have been greatly relieved----The ill effects of indolence on the health, extracted from Dr. Cadogan's diſſertation on the gout----A poem on the univerſe, being a conciſe account of the ſolar ſyſtem----A birth day thought----Of the unreaſonableneſs of pride---Of lying---Of the value of time---A receipt for worms in ſheep----To make damſon wine----To make quince wine----For ſickneſs in turkey poults----For ſwelling of the head in young turkeys----For the meaſles----For a fever---Remarkable cure of a conſumption, by fumigation---A liquid to mark linen, ſo that it will not waſh out again---An anecdote----Remarks on a retired life----Of frugality----Of profane ſwearing and imprecations---- The ſhepherd, and viſion, &c. &c. ¶

THE BURLINGTON ALMANACK, for the year of our Lord 1773, is juſt publiſhed, and to be ſold by ISAAC COLLINS, at his Printing-office, in Burlington; containing, beſides the uſual aſtronomical calculations, the following entertaining and uſeful matter, in proſe and verſe, viz.

A LETTER from Lentulus, Governor of Jeruſalem, to the Senate and people of Rome; giving a deſcription of the perſon of CHRIST.---A letter from Pontius Pilate to the Emperor Tiberius; acquainting him with the life, miracles, death and reſurrection of JESUS CHRIST.---On lownging.---On reputation. Dr. Franklin's propoſal for ſafety in a thunder guſt.---An account of the extraordinary ſalt mines, at Wiliſka, in Poland, about 5 leagues from Cracow.---Of a regimen of health, and of temperance and ſobriety.----On converſation:---Peace:---Duty. The character of a Rake, by a Lady.---On pride:---Divine love: Advice:---Law.---A table of intereſt, at 6 and 7 per cent.---A tide table, ſhewing the time of high water at Boſton, R. Iſland, Tarpauling Cove, New-London, New-York, Elizabeth-Town Point, Amboy, Cape-Henlopen and Reedy-Iſland.---A liſt of his Majeſty's Council of New-Jerſey.---Liſt of the Houſe of Repreſentatives of New-Jerſey:---Of the Officers of the Court of Chancery in New-Jerſey:---Of the Sheriffs of New-Jerſey.--- A table of the value and weight of coins: Time of holding fairs: Time of holding the Courts of Chancery in New-Jerſey; and the Supreme, and other Courts in this and the adjacent provinces: The ſtated meetings of the eaſtern and weſtern Councils of Proprietors: Quakers general meetings: Diſtances on poſt roads, &c. Recipe for the heaves or windbrokenneſs in horſes----For a ſore throat----To make plate look like new----For the bloody flux---For a violent cough or cold---For the rheumatiſm---A diet drink to clear and cool the blood, and correct ſharp humours----For the pleuriſy----For the itch-----To make eye-water-----To prevent corns---To cure corns---To make cyder vinegar---To kill rats---To keep iron from ruſt---To deſtroy bugs, &c. &c.

Lancaſter, September 17, 1772.

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD by
FRANCIS BAILEY, *at his Printing-Office, in King-ſtreet,*

THE LANCASTER ALMANACK, for the Year 1773; containing, beſides the common aſtronomical calculations, The Atheiſt's miſtake----Ode on the morning----On women and wine---The looking glaſs which flatters not---An effectual method for deſtroying wild garlic in fields---An experienced method of preventing flies from damaging turnips, cabbage, &c. recommended to the notice of farmers----Dimſdale's art of inoculation---- Receipts from the moſt eminent phyſicians, for a number of diſorders, among which are---An excellent eye-water---For a cut--- For the rheumatiſm---For a cancer---For the ear-ach---Noiſe in the ears---Boils---Giddineſs---Fainting---Pimples on the face---- For the phthiſic---Bite of a mad dog---To deſtroy bugs, moths and fleas----An effectual method of deſtroying caterpillars----Receipts in farriery---For a foundered horſe---For the botts---For worms in horſes, &c. &c. Apothegms, prudential maxims, tide tables, tables of intereſt, at 6 and 7 per cent. courts, roads, Quakers meetings, fairs, &c. &c. &c. ¶

Cheſter-Town, Maryland, September 22, 1772.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, about a fortnight ago, a middle ſized bay GELDING, five or ſix years old, paces a ſlow travel, has been uſed to a carriage, large flat hoofs, and branded on the near buttock (if not on both) with the letter W. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe, ſo as I get him again, ſhall receive, if taken out of the county, TWENTY SHILLINGS, if out of the province, FORTY SHILLINGS, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by ¶ 7ſ6 ANTHONY BANNING.

DOUGLAS, HERON, & Co.
Have imported, in the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain SPARKS, and the Britannia, Captain FALCONER, from LONDON, and the St. Andrew, Captain RITCHIE, from GLASGOW,
A neat Aſſortment of FALL GOODS,
Which they are now ſelling, very cheap, at their STORE, in CHESTNUT-STREET.

STEPHEN CARMICK,
Has juſt imported, at his STORE, in Water-ſtreet, the fourth door above Market-ſtreet, a large and general aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms for CASH, or SHORT CREDIT, viz.

SUPERFINE, middling and low-priced broadcloths; foreſt cloths; ſcarlet, blue, and cloth coloured coatings; cloth coloured and blue duffils; ſhaloons; durants; red, green, and white baize; naps; plains; ſpotted ſwanſkins; ſtriped linſeys; red flannels; Indian and roſe blankets; velvets; black, blue and green calimancoes; fine black, blue and white ruſſels; fuſtians and jeans; quality binding; ozenbrigs; heſſians; brown roles; brown Sileſias; brown and white Ruſſia ſheeting; Iriſh ditto; ravens duck; German dowlas; Ruſſia drillings; ⅞ and yd. wd. Iriſh linens; calicoes and cottons; muſlins; green, white and blue perſians; India and Engliſh black taffeties; ſilk handkerchiefs; ¾, ⅞, yard, and yard ⅜ cotton and linen checks; cotton hollands; furniture check; beſt white and cloth coloured ſilk mitts; nankeens; fans; worſted breeches; Leghorn hats; hoſiery; ſewing ſilks; ſilk and hair twiſt and buttons; tapes; threads; cambricks and lawns; nails; cutlery; ſhoe buckles; metal buttons; clean neat frying-pans; H and HL hinges; light trace chains; ſcythes; tin; wire; window glaſs; powder and ſhot; bar lead; red ditto; painters colours; pins and needles; ſtocklocks; padlocks; hammers; woolcards; augers; ſnuff-boxes; horſe whips; felt hats; writing paper; worſted bindings; 9-qr. and 10-qr. Flanders bed ticks; 3-qr. common ditto; table cloths, &c. &c.

Juſt imported, in the Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, from London, and will be ſold by
ROBERT BASS,
APOTHECARY, in MARKET-STREET,

A GREAT variety of DRUGS, and PATENT MEDICINES, that may be depended on, being a picked aſſortment of every article in preſent uſe and practice.

Alſo a collection of finely prepared colours, for pourtrait painting, neat ſetts of Crayons, prepared canvas, vellum, lacker, varniſh, painters utenſils, &c. &c.

A few bottles of freſh Pyrmont and Spaw waters, ſmall packets of the much eſteemed Britiſh herb tobacco, Straſburg and Rappee ſnuffs, and a few cheſts of the beſt Florence oil.

N. B. Medicines and Receipts correctly prepared, with Advice and Directions for adminiſtering them properly. ¶

NEAVE, HARMAN, and LEWIS,
Have imported in the Richard Penn, Captain All, Pennſylvania Packet, Captain Oſborne, and Mary and Elizabeth, Captain Sparks, from LONDON,

A LARGE and neat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, which they will ſell low, at their Store, the Corner of SECOND and SPRUCE-STREETS.

WHEREAS JAMES COOPER, Son of JOHN COOPER, living in the Pariſh of Bangor, and County of Down, came over to this Country in the Year 1771. This is to give the ſaid JAMES COOPER Notice to come to me, the Subſcriber, living at William M'Keown's, five Miles from Charles-Town, Cæcil County, where he may have ſome Things to his Advantage. *Nov.* 7, 1772. DANIEL RABB. ¶

ABRAHAM SHELLEY,
THREAD-MAKER, in PHILADELPHIA,

HAS removed from Lombard-ſtreet, up Second-ſtreet, 3 or 4 doors above Cheſtnut-ſtreet, where he continues to make and ſell all ſorts of fine coloured threads, of the beſt quality, for ready money; as the goods he makes are well known to be much ſuperior to what are imported, and as he is now ſituated handy to all the ſtore and ſhopkeepers in this, and towns adjacent, he hopes they will favour him with their orders, for what they may want in his way, which he will always with gratitude acknowledge, as well as endeavour to merit. He gives ready money to good flax-ſpinners; and ſells tow of all qualities.

He has a parcel of Nigeragua Dye-wood to ſell. ¶

WHEREAS JAMES HUNTER, and HENRY GLASS, opened a ſhop in Ridley townſhip, Cheſter county, in the year 1768, and in the year 1769, removed to the Upper Precinct, on Cape-May, and in the year 1771, opened a ſhop in Goſhen, Cheſter county; and as there are out-ſtanding debts long due, this may inform them that ſtand indebted to thoſe ſhops, that the books, bonds, notes and accounts, are all in the poſſeſſion of the ſubſcriber, in Philadelphia, and unleſs they diſcharge their reſpective debts, before the firſt of December next, the whole bonds, notes, and accounts, will be put into attornies hands to recover, &c. As the partnerſhip in the above ſhops diſſolved the firſt of June laſt, there is an abſolute neceſſity of cloſing thoſe accounts. Any perſon, or perſons, having any demands for goods ſold for thoſe ſtores, or any demands on the late partnerſhip, are deſired to bring in their accounts, to be adjuſted by JAMES HUNTER.

N. B. *James Hunter* has imported, in the laſt veſſels from London, Briſtol, and Liverpool, a neat Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, which he will ſell on the loweſt terms; all thoſe that are indebted above nine months, are deſired to pay. ¶

Philadelphia, November 10, 1772.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, at the houſe of John Cunningham, Innholder, on the Commons, on Monday, the 30th of this inſtant, being the laſt day of the fair,

A LOT of GROUND (lately patented) being a corner lot, lying on Cheſtnut-ſtreet, and the ſixth ſtreet from Schuylkill, belonging to the heirs of Randal Croxton, deceaſed, it is ſituated about a gun-ſhot from ſaid Cunningham's Tavern, to be ſtruck off preciſely at five o' clock in the afternoon.

N. B. To be LETT, a Houſe and Bake-houſe, with two Ovens. Enquire of the PRINTERS. §

To be SOLD, or LETT,
And may be entered on immediately,

A PLANTATION, ſituated in Waterford townſhip, Glouceſter county, Weſt New-Jerſey, about 6 miles from Philadelphia, containing 250 acres, one half cleared, the reſt well timbered; bounded by Penſhawkin Creek, about a mile above the Bridge, and by land of Joſeph Armſtrong, the Widow Hoſler, and others; now in the tenure of Jennings Stevenſon; there are on the place a good ſtone houſe, two ſtories high, two rooms on a floor, a ſtone kitchen, and a well of good water at the door, eleven acres of drained meadow, and as much more may be made, a large frame barn and ſtables, an orchard of 200 apple and other fruit trees; it is very convenient to mill and market. For further particulars, enquire of the ſubſcriber, oppoſite the Shambles, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia. ROBERT TOWERS.

Strayed away from ſaid *Towers*, on the 3d of October laſt, an iron grey Filley, 3 years old paſt, branded on the near ſhoulder with a diamond and an L, has a long ſwitch tail and mane; whoever will give information where ſhe is, ſhall have FIFTEEN SHILLINGS reward. ¶

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, from the SUBSCRIBER, living in Philadelphia, an apprentice Iriſh lad, named WILLIAM WILLIAMS, about 17 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, has a very ſmooth face, and lightiſh hair; had on when he went away, a white ſhirt and trowſers, light grey ſhort coat, ſmall felt hat, cocked up all round, a good pair of pumps, and ſilver plated buckles. Whoever takes up ſaid apprentice, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by CONRAD ALSTER. § 8 W.

It is ſaid he has a falſe paſs in Iſaac Jones, Eſquire's name.

HUGH STEWART
Has juſt IMPORTED, in the laſt Veſſels from BRITAIN,

A GENERAL Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable for the ſeaſon; which, as he intends leaving this place ſoon, he ſells very low, for ready money, or ſhort credit, at the ſtore of Meſſieurs Somerville and Noble, in Front-ſtreet.

There are for SALE, at ſaid STORE, a few CASKS of TAUNTON ALE. ¶

A MARRIED MAN, upwards of 30 Years old, from Mancheſter, in England, who has been trained up to Buſineſs from a Child, and well recommended to ſeveral in this City, would be glad to ſerve as a Clerk in Town, or keep a Gentleman's Store in the Country. Enquire of the PRINTERS. §

AGREEABLE to Adjournment, will be expoſed to Sale, on Monday, the 23d November inſt. at 5 o'Clock in the Evening, at the London Coffee-Houſe, A certain two Story Brick Tenement, and Lot or Piece of Ground, ſituate on the North-Side of Plumb-ſtreet, in the Diſtrict of Southwark, containing in Breadth 15 Feet 8 Inches, and extending in Depth about 90 Feet; bounded by Plumb-ſtreet aforeſaid, and by Ground of Gunning Bedford, ---- Reed, and others; ſubject to a Groundrent of Forty Shillings per Annum; late the Eſtate of Iſaac Harman, deceaſed; ſeized and taken in Execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, October 17, 1772.

STOLEN out of the ſubſcriber's paſture, in Southwark, in the night of the 15th, or the morning of the 16th inſtant, a brown MARE, 14½ hands high, a natural trotter, 7 years old, in very good order, branded on the near buttock L. S. and ſhod all round. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and ſecures the thief, ſo that the owner may have her again, and the thief be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS reward; for the mare only, FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by THOMAS PRYOR. §

Philadelphia, November 2, 1772.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the CORPORATION for the Relief of poor and diſtreſſed Preſbyterian Miniſters, and their Widows and Children, are to meet, on Thurſday, the 26th of this inſtant November, at the Firſt Preſbyterian Church in this City, at Eleven o' Clock before Noon, to concert Meaſures, for the more ſafe and certain Payment of Annuities, and to nominate ſome Perſons for Truſtees, as ſeveral have been lately removed by Death; and to do ſuch Buſineſs as may be thought neceſſary, by FRANCIS ALISON, Secretary. ¶

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday, the 23d day of November inſt. at 2 o' clock P. M.

A CERTAIN piece or parcel of LAND, ſituate in the townſhips of Eaſt-town and Tredyffrin, in the county of Cheſter, containing 153 acres, eight whereof are good watered meadow, there are two dwelling-houſes, barn, &c. erected thereon, together with a prime orchard, conſiſting of beſt natural and grafted fruit trees, yielding a ſufficient quantity of apples to make from 20 to 30 hogſheads of cyder per annum; its vicinity to ſeveral places of worſhip, mills, market, &c. renders it very ſuitable either for a tradeſman or farmer, being ſituate 20 miles from Philadelphia, on the main road to Lancaſter, 1½ miles from three merchant mills, and within half a mile of a large body of lime-ſtone; there is plenty of wood on the premiſes, for the purpoſe of burning lime, and other uſes, by which means the land may always be kept in good order, at an eaſy lay. Likewiſe will be ſold, at ſaid time and place, a good waggon, a neat young mare, a cow, and ſundries of houſhold furniture. Any perſon or perſons inclining to purchaſe the whole, or any part thereof, may know the terms, by applying to ANTHONY WAYNE, Attorney of MICHAEL WAYNE.

N. B. The ſaid *Anthony Wayne* is fully impowered, to make and execute a good and ſufficient deed of conveyance, for the above-mentioned land, in due form of law, to the purchaſers thereof. The title is indiſputable. ‡ 7 w.

Woolwich Townſhip, Glouceſter County, Oct. 22, 1772.

To be SOLD, by way of PUBLIC VENDUE on the 19th of November next,

A VALUABLE plantation and tract of land, ſituate on the North Branch of Raccoon-Creek, containing 353 acres about 100 cleared, of which near 30 acres are mowable meadow, and about 40 more may be made; on the premiſes is a ſmall orchard of good fruit; alſo a good new dwelling-houſe and kitchen, a new barn, hay-houſe, ſtable, cow-houſes, &c. The conditions will be made known at the time and place of ſale, on the premiſes, by ROBERT TAYLOR. §

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER, living in Frederick county, Maryland,

A Valuable TRACT of LAND, containing about 1700 acres, lying on Conecocheague creek, about 80 miles from Baltimore, 30 miles from Frederick-town, and 6 miles from Huger's-town. There are ſeveral good improvements on the ſaid tract, on one of which the ſubſcriber now lives, whereon is a good new ſtone dwelling-houſe, new ſtone kitchen, good new griſt-mill and ſaw-mill (the mill-houſes built of ſtone) an extraordinary good orchard, that produces 60 hogſheads of cyder yearly, there are already 80 acres of good meadow made, and in very good order, and 200 more may eaſily be made, about 200 acres of upland cleared on the ſaid plantation, it lies in a populous part of the country, and is well ſituated for any public buſineſs; the land is well known, and needs little to recommend it; the ſoil is rich, well watered with ſprings, and extremely well timbered; it commands a beautiful proſpect of Conecocheague creek, being nearly ſurrounded by it; it is well ſituated to divide in 4 or 5 plantations. Terms of ſale may be known, by applying to the ſubſcriber, who will give an indiſputable title to the purchaſer, free from any incumbrance, with the quitrents paid up to the day of ſale. ISAAC BAKER. ‖ 8 w.

TO be SOLD by the Subſcriber, in Baltimore county, in the province of Maryland, 216½ acres of patent LAND, about 30 acres of which are lately cleared, and under good fence, the remainder remarkably well timbered and watered, there being ſundry fine ſprings on the ſame; the ſoil is good for tobacco, Indian corn, wheat, rye, or other grain; ſeveral acres of fine meadow may be made at ſmall expence; there are two ſmall tenements thereon, and ſome peach-trees; the ſaid land lies within ten miles of the flouriſhing town of Baltimore, and on the great road leading thereto. Any perſon wanting to view the land, may be ſhewn it, by Mr. William Ede, living near the premiſes, and for further particulars, enquire of the ſubſcriber, living about two miles from Nottingham Forges, and ſix miles from Joppa.

Sept. 5, 1772. JOHN HOWLAND. ¶ 10 *W.*

Baltimore County, Maryland, October 26, 1772.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from the ſubſcriber, two convict ſervant men, viz. THOMAS WHEATLEY, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, ſtrait limbed, ſmall featured, ſandy hair and beard, with double teeth, and about 27 years of age; had on a brown coat, white drab breeches, and pumps. The other named DANIEL UNTHANK, near the ſame height, about 20 years of age, has a fair ſmooth face, light brown hair, no beard, or very little: He took from me a great coat, of fine cloth, dove colour, baſket buttons, ſmall wooden buttons to the cape, moth-eaten in the back, under the cape, and one pair of double ſoaled ſhoes. Both of them had fine ſhirts, and felt hats. As they have ſome money, it is likely they will change their clothes. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervants, and ſecures them in any goal, ſo that their maſter may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by* AQUILA PRICE. ¶

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

November 25, 1772. NUMB. 2292.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

CHARLES-TOWN *(in South-Carolina) October* 22.

THIS Day the General Aſſembly of this Province met at the State-Houſe in this Town, agreeable to the Prorogation. Soon after the Honourable the Commons Houſe had met, and ſent to acquaint His Excellency the Governor thereof, we hear, His Excellency ſent them a Meſſage, importing, that he ſhould order the Public Accounts to be laid before them, and recommending an Amendment of the Militia-Act; whereupon the uſual Committees were appointed, but beginning with one of Grievances.

Laſt Sunday upwards of 200 Iriſh Settlers arrived here, in the Snow James and Mary, Captain Workman, from Larne. Some other Veſſels, with a greater Number on board, were ſoon to follow this.

Advices from London inform us, that Robert Holiday, Eſq; a Gentleman of the North of Ireland, is appointed Collector of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms at this Port.

Oct. 26. Letters from London ſay, it was thought Lord Dartmouth would not long hold the Place of Secretary of State for the Colonies; and add, that ſome Hints were given, as if the ſaid Office would ſoon be aboliſhed, and the Buſineſs be tranſacted, as heretofore, by the Secretary for the Southern Department.

Letters from New-Orleans inform us, that all the French Inhabitants are withdrawing themſelves from that Country as faſt as they can: Moſt of them go to St. Domingo, the French King being at the Expence of tranſporting them, with their Negroes and Effects.

Nov. 2. On Wedneſday laſt the Honourable Peter Manigault, Eſq; reſigned his Seat as Speaker of the Honourable the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly of this Province, and received the unanimous Thanks of the Houſe, for his long and faithful Services. The Members having acquainted the Governor of the Speaker's Reſignation, were deſired by his Excellency to proceed immediately to the Choice of another Speaker, when they unanimouſly choſe the Honourable Rawlins Lowndes, Eſq; and preſented him to his Excellency, who was pleaſed to approve of their Choice.

New Rice is expected at Market this Week: The preſent is thought to be the largeſt Crop of that Grain ever made in this Province.

We hear from the Weſt-Indies, that the Operations againſt the Black Charaibs of St. Vincent are commenced. Being amply provided with Arms and Ammunition, they have killed ſeveral of his Majeſty's Subjects in the Iſland, and have cut off the Crews of two or three Veſſels, that were unfortunately becalmed where they could attack them in their Canoes: Sixteen of them have been made Priſoners in a Skirmiſh they had with a Detachment of the King's Troops.

On Monday laſt the Artillery Company in this Town made a fine Appearance, in Honour of his Majeſty's Acceſſion to the Throne: They were reviewed by his Excellency the Governor, and went through their Exerciſe, Firings and Evolutions, with great Applauſe; after which they gave an elegant Entertainment to his Excellency, the Members of his Majeſty's Council, and many other Gentlemen.

Nov. 5. Yeſterday 70 Barrels of Rice, of the new Crop, was brought to Town, and ſold at 4 l. per Hundred, on Account of the preſent great Demand in the Weſt-Indies.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

In the COMMONS HOUSE of ASSEMBLY, the 30th of October, 1772.

ORDERED, That the Report of the Committee on Grievances, as agreed to by the Houſe this Day, be printed and made public. *By Order of the Houſe,*

THOMAS FARR, jun. Clerk.

The COMMITTEE on GRIEVANCES REPORT,

THAT they have conſidered the ſeveral Matters referred to them, the 22d and 24th Inſtant, by the Houſe; and, though the Committee are of Opinion, That the Governor's calling the Aſſembly to *Beaufort*, keeping them there three Days, without permitting them to do any Buſineſs, and proroguing them on the very Day that, by Law, was the laſt that the General Aſſembly could be diſcontinued, were ſuch Meaſures, as call for the utmoſt Reſentment of this Houſe, and would well juſtify their coming immediately to a Reſolution to do no Buſineſs with his Excellency, until he had given them Satisfaction in the Premiſes; yet, as the People have been long deprived of the Benefit of Repreſentation, and His Majeſty's Service, and the Intereſt of the Colony, require the immediate ſitting and proceeding of the General Aſſembly on the arduous Affairs of our Country, the Committee, therefore, recommend that the Houſe do not carry Matters to that Extremity, but that they enter into the following Reſolutions, viz.

Reſolved, That as this Houſe did not exiſt when his Excellency formed his Plan of calling the General Aſſembly to *Beaufort*, his Excellency's Proceeding ſeems to be founded upon his Ill-will to the Body of the Freemen of this Province, inaſmuch as he thereby ſhewed his Purpoſe of injuring and affronting whomſoever the Freeholders of the Colony ſhould chuſe to repreſent them.

Reſolved, That his Excellency's calling the General Aſſembly to *Beaufort*, a Place very diſtant from *Charleſtown*, where ſuch Aſſemblies have always been held (except when malignant and contagious Diſorders rage therein) where all the Public Offices and Records are kept, at a Time highly dangerous to the Health, and inconvenient to the private Affairs of the Members, was a moſt unprecedented Oppreſſion, and an unwarrantable Abuſe of a Royal Prerogative, which hath never been queſtioned by the People of this Colony.

Reſolved, That the Governor's keeping at *Beaufort*, the fulleſt Houſe that ever met at the Beginning of any Seſſion, three Days, before he would receive them with their Speaker, and then immediately proroguing them, was adding Inſult to Injury, and plainly manifeſted his Contempt of the People's Repreſentatives.

Reſolved, That his Excellency's proroguing the General Aſſembly, without ſuffering them to ſit one Moment as a Legiſlative Body, was at leaſt an Evaſion, if not a direct Violation, of the Election Law, which enacts, That the ſitting and holding of General Aſſemblies ſhall not be diſcontinued or intermitted above Six Months; that Time being entirely expired when his Excellency prorogued the Houſe.

Your Committee recommend, That the Agent be ordered to make the ſtrongeſt Repreſentations to his Majeſty, of the arbitrary and oppreſſive Proceedings of the Governor, and to uſe his utmoſt Endeavours to procure the Removal of his Excellency from this Government, or ſuch other Marks of His Majeſty's Royal Diſpleaſure, as may prevent Governors for the future from thus oppreſſing the People, by abuſing thoſe Prerogatives which were intended for their Benefit.

And as his Excellency's Speech, at *Beaufort*, ſeems wholly calculated to throw the Blame of all the Inconveniencies, which the Public labours under, upon former Houſes of Aſſembly, and his Charges have been ſufficiently confuted by them, it is unneceſſary to have their Conduct vindicated by this Houſe."

Juſt as the Honourable Commons Houſe of Aſſembly were concluding the Debate on the laſt Paragraph of the above Report, the Governor commanded their Attendance in the Council-Chamber; and being waited on as ſoon as they had finiſhed, His Excellency was pleaſed to prorogue the General Aſſembly to Monday, the 9th Inſtant.

Juſt imported in the ſhip Betſey, Captain Hood, from Briſtol, and to be ſold by

TIMOTHY BERRETT,

In Arch-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, a neat aſſortment of PLATED WORK, JEWELLERY and HARD WARE, conſiſting of

PLATED tea urns, coffee-pots, caſtors and crewet-frames, waiters from 7 to 18 inches, bread-baſkets, candleſticks, ſalts, ſhoe and knee-buckles. Foilſtone and paſte threaded ſhoe, knee and ſtock-buckles; foilſtone ſolitaire ditto ear-rings, ſtay-hooks, hair pins; paſte ear-rings, marquiſate, garnet, pearl, coe de pearl, with drops, creſcent, with and without knots, ditto; marquiſate fancy hair pins; foilſtone, mocoa, garnet and twiſted gold rings; gold, garnet and foilſtone lockets; ſilver, gilt, plated and ſhagreen inſtrument caſes; ladies gilt watch chains, ſeals and keys; gilt ſhoe and knee-buckles, lockets, broaches; beſt and common Pinchbeck buckles, ſteel ſhoe-buckles, watch chains, ſeals and keys; enamelled gilt mounted ſnuff-boxes and ſleeve-buttons. Plated, green ivory, camwood and black ditto knives and forks; beſt and common Barlow penknives, ditto black poliſhed razors; two very neat enamelled arch dials, and a few ſetts of unfiniſhed clock movements, with a variety of clock and watch-makers tools, main-ſprings and files of all kinds; a very handſome japanned table, and a neat aſſortment of japanned trays and waiters, of the neweſt patterns, all which he is determined to ſell on the very loweſt terms for caſh.

To be SOLD, together or ſeparately, as may beſt ſuit the PURCHASER,

TWO BRICK HOUSES, each two ſtories high, with a kitchen to each, and the lots of ground thereunto belonging, on the ſouth ſide of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Third and Fourth-ſtreets; bounded weſtward by ground now or late of George Emlen, and eaſtward by a 15 feet alley; one of them is 17 feet wide, and 91 feet deep, and the other 17 feet wide, and 95 feet deep, clear of groundrent. Enquire of WILLIAM MILNOR, in Water-ſtreet, near Arch-ſtreet, or MORDECAI LEWIS, at the corner of Second and Spruce-ſtreets.

Alſo to be SOLD, a three ſtory BRICK HOUSE, 16 feet wide, with a two ſtory brick kitchen, and a cellar under the whole, with the lot of ground thereunto belonging, containing 17 feet in breadth, and in depth 65 feet, ſituated on the eaſt ſide of Fourth-ſtreet, a little above Market-ſtreet, and next to a houſe and lot of James Tilghman, Eſq; ſubject to a groundrent of £8 2 0 per annum. Enquire of MORDECAI LEWIS. tf.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

LOST, or taken out of a waggon loaded with hops, betwixt the river Saſquehanna and Philadelphia, upon the 5th, 6th, or 7th day of this preſent month November, a ſtrong board CASE, without mark or direction, incloſing a very neat new FOWLING-PIECE, 4 feet 2 inches in the barrel, 5 feet 5 inches the whole length of the gun, with a curled walnut ſtock, ſliding loops, mounted with braſs, the fore-ſight and thumb-piece ſilver, the maker's name John Newcomer, engraven upon the hind part of the barrel, near the figure of a man's head, and J. Newcomer engraven on the lock. Whoever has found the ſame, is deſired to deliver it to *Joſeph Vandegrift*, at the ſign of the Croſs-keys, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia; to *Caleb Way*, at the ſign of the Waggon, on the Philadelphia road; to *Matthias Slough*, at the ſign of the Swan, in Lancaſter; or to *James Wright*, in Hempfield, near Saſquehanna, and they ſhall receive FOUR DOLLARS reward. JAMES WRIGHT. §

MADE his eſcape, on the 5th inſtant, from the houſe of the ſubſcriber, in the Manor of Moreland, Philadelphia county, after being taken into cuſtody for ſtealing a horſe, ſaddle and bridle, a perſon, whoſe name is unknown; he is about five feet, 10 or 11 inches high, and ſlender made; had on a blue coat, and ſtriped jacket, and left a good brown cloth jacket, without ſleeves, almoſt new, which is ſuppoſed to be ſtolen. Any perſon proving the ſaid jacket to be his property, and paying the expence of this advertiſement, may have it again, by applying to

Nov. 10, 1772. ¶ MOSES VAN COURT.

TO BE SOLD, by private Sale,

A VERY valuable tract or parcel of LAND, ſituate in Aſhton townſhip, near Sirum Forge, in Cheſter county, containing about 200 acres, whereof 60 or 70 are cleared, and under good fence, and the reſt well timbered. There may be made on ſaid premiſes between 30 and 40 acres of good watered meadow, 12 of which are partly made already. There is alſo a very good apple and peach orchard; the land is remarkably fertile, equal, if not ſuperior, to any in that neighbourhood; diſtant about ten miles from Cheſter, and eight from Marcus-Hook. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms of ſale, by applying to the ſubſcribers, living in Marcus-Hook.

¶ JOHN TAYLOR, MARGARET TAYLOR.

LATELY came to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Eaſt-Whiteland, Cheſter county, a large ſorrel HORSE, his age unknown, has a blaze in his face, four white feet, ſome ſaddle ſpots, and is a natural pacer. The owner coming, proving his property, and paying charges, may have him again.

Nov. 19, 1772. ¶ RICHARD RICHISON.

CAME to the ſubſcriber's plantation, in York townſhip, about a mile from York-Town, ſome time in Auguſt laſt, a red brown COW, ſuppoſed to be about four years old, her right ear is cut off ſtraight, and her left ear is cut from the butt forwards; at the ſame time came two HEIFERS, imagined to be about two years old each, one is red brindled, with the ſame marks as the cow above-deſcribed, the other red brown, with ſome white ſpots about her head, and the ſame marks. The owner or owners thereof are deſired to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away, from ¶

Nov. 12, 1772. LEONARD IMMEL.

THE Veſtry of *St. George*'s Pariſh, in *Baltimore* County, deſire to inform any CLERGYMAN of the CHURCH of ENGLAND, who may incline to engage in diſcharging the Office of a Curate, That they will give him yearly THE SUM OF ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, Currency; and that they doubt not but the Pariſhioners will, by ready Subſcription, increaſe that Sum, in Proportion as, on Trial, he ſhall give Satisfaction. ¶6w.

Philadelphia, Eleventh-Month 21, 1772.

WAS left, ſome time ago, at the houſe of the ſubſcriber, a PIECE of GOLD, ſuppoſed to be given in a miſtake, with ſome Pennies. The owner, on proving property, and paying for advertiſing, may have it again, by applying to § RICHARD TOPLIFF, in Third-ſtreet.

Whiteland Townſhip, Cheſter County, Nov. 11, 1772.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN, out of the houſe of the ſubſcriber, laſt night, A WATCH, with a gold face and inſide caſe, the outſide caſe black ſhagreen, ſtudded with Pinchbeck, maker's name Nicholl, No. 111, a ſteel chain, and a large ſilver ſeal, with the letters R T decyphered thereon, a ſmall ſurtout, of a dark grey colour, with binding of a lighter colour, a half-worn beaver hat, a large pair of plated ſpurs, and a coarſe pair of ſhoes, daubed with paint, and odd buckles to them. It is ſuppoſed they were taken by a fellow, who called at the houſe the day before, enquiring for employment as a Miller; he came lately (as he confeſſed) from Philadelphia goal, is a middle-ſized fellow, fat faced, and of a ſleepy look; had on two jackets, the uppermoſt light coloured, the under blue, and ſomething longer than the upper, an old greaſy pair of breeches, and old hat. It is likely he will change his cloaths, as the old hat has been ſince found in the ſubſcriber's barn. Whoever ſecures the thief and goods, ſhall have the above reward, or for the thief only (if brought to juſtice) THREE POUNDS, current money, paid by ¶ RICHARD THOMAS.

THOMAS DARROCH

ACQUAINTS the PUBLIC, That he is removed from the corner of Market and Third-ſtreets, to the Widow Roman's, the fourth door below Third-ſtreet, and nearly oppoſite the Meal-market, where he continues the SADLER's and GEAR-MAKER's TRADE, in all its branches; and where all thoſe, who are pleaſed to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on having their work done in the neateſt manner, and at the cheapeſt rates.------The following things are made and ſold by him, *viz.* all ſorts of ſquare cantle, and King's hunting ſaddles, ſide ditto, hunting and common ſide ditto, ſaddle bags and portmanteaus; likewiſe all ſorts of harneſs, ſtitched with both thong and wax end; all ſorts of collars, lined with calf-ſkin, and ſtuffed with hair, twilled or linen ſtuffed, with and without hair, breech-bands, both for double and ſingle teams, back-bands, cruppers, blind-halters, cart-ſaddles, all ſorts of traces, hames, with and without irons, waggon-houſings, with worſted or mohair fringe, or bear-ſkin, all ſorts of mule-ſaddles, ox-halters and collars, all ſorts of ſlay-gears, and ſundry other things, too tedious to mention. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Cæcil county, North Saſquehanna Hundred, Maryland, the 15th of November inſt. an indented Iriſh ſervant man, named WILLIAM HAMILTON, alias WILLIAM HAMLON, came from Ireland in the ſhip Pennſylvania Farmer, Capt. Robert Johnſton, in June 1771; he is about 26 years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high, ſlim made, pale hair, thin beard, apt to ſwear, has large lumps on his great toes, and walks ſomewhat ſplaw-footed: Had on, when he went away, an old grey ſurtout coat, and a cloſe-bodied claret coloured drab cloth coat, without lining, a ſpotted flannel jacket, with horn buttons and long ſkirts, a pair of old fuſtian breeches, a pair of old black ſtockings, newly footed, new ſhoes and iron buckles, a felt hat, and wears a ſilver breaſt-buckle. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, giving intelligence to me, ſo that I may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by CHARLES PORTER.

N. B. Strayed away, in June laſt, from the plantation of *Robert Haughey*, in New-Caſtle county, St. George's Hundred, a dark bay MARE, ſix years old paſt, middle ſized, with a ſtar in her forehead, ſhod before, paces and trots. Whoever takes her up, ſo as I may have her again, ſhall have Five Dollars reward, paid by ¶7/6. CHARLES PORTER.

Lancaſter, November 6, 1772.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN from the ſubſcribers, yeſterday, the 5th inſtant, Two PIECES of double-purple CALICOE, one of them a ſmall white ſpot, and ſmall flower; the other a larger figure. There is a part of a piece of Calicoe of the exact pattern of one of the pieces ſtole, in the hands of the ſubſcribers. Whoever takes up and ſecures the thief, with the goods, ſo that the ſubſcribers may have them again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or one half for either the thief or goods, paid by HAMILTON and MOORE.

*** Shopkeepers and others are requeſted to ſecure any perſon, that offers for ſale any ſuch Calicoes as the above deſcribed. ¶

THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RAN away, on the 15th of November inſt. from the ſubſcriber, living in Princeton, an indented ſervant man, named JOHN WARREN, about five feet five inches high, thin built, of a ſwarthy complexion, and has dark brown hair: Had on, and took with him, when he went away, an old beaver hat, a brown homeſpun turned jacket, and a ſtriped Bengal ditto under it, without ſleeves, a pair of brown fuſtian breeches, a pair of brown velvet ditto, and new ſhoes, with braſs buckles. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by ¶ GEORGE NORRIS.

THE VOTES of the Honourable Houſe of REPRESENTATIVES of this Province, for the current Year, are now compleat, and to be SOLD, by

HENRY MILLER,

PRINTER, in RACE-STREET.

Where alſo may be had, thoſe of the preceding Year. ¶

By the Captains Delano, Hall, Lyde, *and* Peaſe, *arrived at* Boſton, *from* London, *we have the following advices, viz.*

WARSAW, Auguſt 19.

THE fate of Czentochau is at laſt decided; that fortreſs, after having long been the bulwark of the Confederates, was forced to ſurrender to the Ruſſians on the 15th inſtant, who found therein an immenſe magazine, and 150 pieces of cannon.

Auguſt 29. The provinces, which are to be diſmembered from this country, and which are to be incorporated with the States of the Houſe of Auſtria and Brandenburg, are to retain, for two years, their rights and cuſtoms; but the Staroſties and Convents are to ſurrender up half their revenues. In the province, ſeized by the Court of Vienna, the number of monaſteries amounts to 1788, 96 of which are Dominicans, or Jacobins. As theſe religious have been the principal incendiaries in ſtirring up the Confederates to act, they are probably on the eve of being deprived of what is moſt dear to them in the world, that is to ſay, of the greateſt part of their vaſt revenues; after which they will have time to repent of their imprudent zeal, when it will be no longer in their power to excite freſh troubles.

Sept. 2. Juſt at the departure of the poſt, Capt. Wilde, and Mr. Brandt, arrived here, in quality of couriers, with the important news, that the peace between Ruſſia and the Porte is happily concluded.

Copenhagen, Auguſt 27. Our Court has received, by expreſs, the news of a rebellion in Sweden. General Huth ſets out to-morrow for Norway; 700 fuſils have been drawn out of our arſenal, in order to be embarked for that country.

Marſeilles, Sept. 2. Letters from Alexandria, in Egypt, dated July 5, confirm, that Ali Bey, having been joined by his allies, had gained a compleat victory over his enemies, and that the army he had overcome was commanded by five Pachas, three of whom loſt their lives in it, and that the battle laſted two days.

Leyden, Sept. 10. We have juſt received advices from Poland, dated Aug. 29, which inform us, that the deciſion of the affairs of Poland is fixed for the 18th of this month; that the peace between the two belligerant powers will be ſigned three days before; that at the above-mentioned time the Pruſſians, the Ruſſians, and the Auſtrians, will take poſſeſſion of thoſe parts of Poland, which ſhall be aſſigned to their Courts; and that orders are already given for that purpoſe, among others, to General de Berling, and to the Baron de Saldern, who will remain at Warſaw till the 20th of September, &c.

Hamburgh, Sept. 11. The important news from Warſaw, of a peace between Ruſſia and the Grand Turk, is confirmed by letters from Berlin.

LONDON.

Sept. 2. A Great Perſonage has expreſſed his reſentment, in very ſevere terms, to ſeveral perſons of diſtinction immediately under his notice, of their profanation of the Lord's Day, and non-attendance on public worſhip.

Sept. 4. Sir Robert Murray Keith, we are told, was to have returned to Copenhagen in his former capacity, but he gave to underſtand, that he was apprehenſive he ſhould not return here again alive if he did; at leaſt his ſituation would be rendered ſo diſagreeable, by the arts of a diſappointed crew, that he ſhould not be capable of doing that duty the nature of his office required.

They write from Vienna, that his Poliſh Majeſty ſent a very ſpirited memorial to each of the Courts, that have intereſted themſelves in his affairs, in which he pledged his honour that, if any attempt was made to diſmember his kingdom, he would oppoſe it while he could bring one of his ſoldiers to the field; becauſe he conſidered it as the greateſt injuſtice to his ſubjects, after they had thrown themſelves into his protection, to ſuffer them tamely to fall under the dominion of another power, without making any reſiſtance.

Sept. 5. About two months ago Prince Maſſerano, it is ſaid, waited on Lord Sandwich, to know if the extraordinary attention he paid to the Britiſh Navy, by viſiting the dock-yards, and ordering the men to work over-hours, &c. did not tend to a breach of the peace, ſubſiſting between the two nations? His Lordſhip anſwered, "Certainly not; I look upon it, that keeping the Engliſh Navy in a formidable condition, is the only method to maintain peace between this and other nations."

It was on Thurſday current in the city, that ſome treacherous practices of the French and Dutch, in the Eaſt-Indies, would ſoon occaſion a powerful Britiſh ſquadron to be ſent out to correct their inſolence.

It is exceedingly whimſical, that though the Engliſh conſider themſelves as the only free nation in Europe, every other is equally captivated with its conſtitution. The Ruſſians, whom we repreſent as miſerable ſlaves, depoſed their Prince to maintain their rights; and the Poles are at this moment glorying in the full poſſeſſion of their liberty, though three different armies, belonging to different Princes, are hourly dictating death through that unfortunate country.

The ſtate of the Poliſh gentry, who are at this moment ſcattered in a miſerable exile, through the principal cities of the continent, is truly deplorable; the long civil diſſentions have entirely exhauſted all their ready money, and no returns are now to be expected from their eſtates. Their country is almoſt wholly in the hands of ſtrangers, and they ſee, though too late, that it is better even to have a deſpotic Prince of their own, than to be under the government of a deſpotic enemy.

This morning two expreſſes were received at St. James's, one in haſte from Madrid, the other from a private Engliſh gentleman at Rome.

The ſame morning no leſs than four meſſengers were ſent off with diſpatches; one to Conſtantinople, one to Copenhagen, one to Vienna, and another to Verſailles.

Some new ſcheme, it is evident, is in agitation on the Continent, in which England is moſt immediately concerned. The powers, who ſeem moſt to court her alliance, are Poland, as a monarchy, Ruſſia, and Denmark. The latter is the more remarkable, conſidering the late tranſactions at Copenhagen.

The political edifice, ſays a correſpondent, which has been rearing for a ſhort time paſt, by an union of the court and country parties, the Miniſtry and the Chatamites, is already broken to pieces, and fallen to the ground. This ſhews that the builders were but bungling workmen.

Within theſe few days orders have been given for twelve men of war of the line to be fitted for immediate ſervice.

It may be depended on as the reſolutions of the Admiralty Board, in conjunction with the Privy Council, that the ſquadrons in the Weſt-Indies, Newfoundland, and America, are to be augmented to thirty ſhips of the line; ſix ſhips are to be ſent to the Mediterranean, and eight more to the Eaſt-Indies.

A ſpy at Conſtantinople writes from thence, that ſome political manœuvre is planning by the Porte, to be played off the enſuing ſpring. The Grand Signor has not gone out for ſeveral days, and the foreign Miniſters have daily conferences with him. Above all, Mr. Murray, the Engliſh Ambaſſador, is almoſt conſtantly at the Seraglio.

Sept. 7. Commiſſions were on Saturday laſt iſſued from the Admiralty Office, for buying up ſeven hundred barrels of ſalt beef, and five hundred of pork, in Ireland, for the uſe of the navy.

Sept. 8. There is to be a ſuperb ball at the caſtle of Zell on the anniverſary of his Majeſty's coronation; her Majeſty the Queen of Denmark has ſent orders for an elegant ſuit of cloaths, of Britiſh manufactory, on the occaſion.

A difference has lately ariſen between the Proteſtant and Catholick ſubdelegates at the Imperial chamber of viſitation, which ſeems to threaten the tranquility of Germany. M. Folke, ſubdelegate for Bremen, had carried himſelf ſo haughtily, as to give offence to the Catholick ſubdelegates, his colleagues; and complaint having been made to the Emperor, his Imperial Majeſty cauſed a Memorial to be drawn up, and formally preſented to the King of Great-Britain, as Elector of Hanover, demanding his recal; to which an anſwer was returned by the Hanoverian Miniſter, ſo little to the ſatisfaction of the complainants, that they adjourned to Wetzler, and, without giving the leaſt notice to the Proteſtant ſubdelegates, ſeparated themſelves, and broke up the Aſſembly. How this affair will terminate muſt be left to time.

A correſpondent ſays that it may be depended on, that Admiral Knowles has imparted ſome diſcoveries, which he has lately made, that will be highly advantageous to the Engliſh merchants, trading to the Pruſſian empire.

Foreign politicians are in doubt, whether the negociations of peace at Fockzany will terminate to the ſatisfaction of the belligerant powers. The Turks are every where increaſing their armies, and the Ruſſians have ſent freſh inſtructions to their commanders in the Mediterranean, to hold themſelves in readineſs to ſail on the firſt notice.

A merchant at Liſbon writes to his correſpondent, by the laſt poſt, in the following words: "Some ſecret expedition is in agitation here: The Council frequently aſſembles, and holds very long debates; and an order is iſſued for taking an accurate ſurvey of all the warlike ſtores of this kingdom."

Sept. 13. Authentic intelligence is ſaid to have arrived here the beginning of the week, that the Danes have very great apprehenſions from the preſent motions of the King of Pruſſia. 'Tis ſaid he has laid claim to ſome of the Daniſh territories, which formerly belonged to the Pruſſian dominions. However, this report ſeems almoſt improbable, for it is thought his hands are pretty full with the affairs of Sweden, without preparing other employment.

Sept. 14. The intended viſit of the Duke of Glouceſter to the Queen of Denmark is entirely laid aſide, and it is ſaid to be at the deſire of a Great Perſonage.

'Tis now whiſpered in ſome places, where court news is generally canvaſſed over, that the Queen of Denmark will not come to England, but return again to Copenhagen: The monarch, her huſband, has ſignified ſeveral things in his own dominions, and alſo given it to be underſtood here, that a re-union would be very agreeable to him, and it is certain it will be perfectly ſo to the majority of his ſubjects. Whether our King, her brother, will acquieſce in ſuch a meaſure, is what is moſt doubted; yet, if the frequent viſits of Baron Dieden to St. James's, of late, denote any thing particular, we may pronounce that the Queen Matilda will be reſtored to her former dignity.

Sept. 16. Lord Chatham has not been ſo free from the gout theſe many years, as he has been within the laſt twelve months, and his friends therefore hope, that he will be able to attend his parliamentary duty next winter.

We hear that Lord Chatham was acquainted with the late revolution in Sweden, ſome time before the intelligence arrived at St. James's to that purport. So long ſince as the latter end of July, it is ſaid, he hinted to a friend about an approaching change in the government of Sweden. It is certain, that this noble patriot has a better knowledge of the affairs of every court in Europe, and of their intentions, than any man in this kingdom, and yet ſo little deference is paid to his opinion by thoſe in power.

A patent, we are informed, is making out, to create the preſent Lord Mayor a Baronet.

It is computed that, within this month, upwards of 400 artificers have arrived at this metropolis from Birmingham, where trade is now ſo dead, and has been for ſome time, that they cannot get employment. From Coventry we hear news full as diſagreeable. The ſilk and woollen manufactories are quite at a ſtand; which, with the exceſſive high price of proviſions, has reduced hundreds to a ſtate of beggary.

Sept. 17. The two Secretaries of State have had, during the courſe of this week, ſeveral conferences with his Majeſty, on ſome extraordinary intelligence that has been received from Stockholm and Berlin.

We are informed, that agents are now in Holland, negociating the loan of an immenſe ſum for the uſe of the Empreſs of Ruſſia.

A bett, of fifty guineas to twenty, was laid at a Coffee-houſe, near the Change, that Mr. Wilkes would not even be one of the gentlemen returned to the Court of Aldermen, for their choice of a proper perſon to ſerve the office of Lord Mayor for the enſuing year.

The peace between the Turks and Ruſſians is entirely concluded; likewiſe, the ſeveral partitions of Poland are ſettled.

At Stockholm, on the 18th of Auguſt, an attempt was made to ſeize the King; but the Baron Ruddeck, who was at the head of the plan, ran out into the ſtreets, when the King was at the Senate, crying out, Brother Swedes, to arms! if not, your liberty is loſt! Inſtead of being joined, he was quickly arreſted and ſecured; as alſo a number of others.

Sept. 18. Some news, which arrived from America the beginning of laſt week, occaſioned, we hear, a meſſenger to be inſtantly diſpatched to the Earl of Hillſborough in Ireland.

Lord North, we hear, is determined to admit no changes in Adminiſtration, while he continues at the head of it; being convinced that fluctuating councils are as dangerous as weak ones; and having abundant reaſon to be ſatisfied with his preſent colleagues in the government.

Sept 22. John Ramſey, a ſeaman, who left the Havanna the 25th of laſt May, where he had been priſoner for ſeven years, arrived at Liverpool about a fortnight ſince, and ſays he left forty-ſeven Engliſhmen priſoners in that place, beſides two commanders.

Yeſterday, at three o' clock, India ſtock fell down to 185.

Sunday evening, in conſequence of a perfect reconciliation being eſtabliſhed between the Dukes of Glouceſter and Cumberland, the latter, with his Dutcheſs, paid a viſit to the former at Cranburne-lodge, where they ſtaid for ſome time.

The Parliament, which ſtands prorogued to the 29th inſtant will, we hear, be prorogued to the 24th of November next, then to ſit for the diſpatch of buſineſs.

His Majeſty has ordered a particular account of the ſtate of the army in America to be made out, with all poſſible ſpeed, and to be laid before him.

Copy of a letter from a gentleman in a public character, to his brother in London, dated at St. Jago de Compoſtella, in Galitia, ten leagues from Corunna, July 16, 1772.

"At half an hour paſt one o' clock yeſterday morning a furious tempeſt aroſe, which began at Padron, a league to the weſtward of this place, when we heard a terrible clap of thunder, which was ſucceeded by a frightful noiſe, accompanied by a furious ſhower of hail ſtones, which immediately broke all the tiles and window glaſs of the houſes here, inſomuch that the buildings of this place are damaged to the amount of a million and a half of royals. During the tempeſt there was a cloud moved northward, which laſted ten minutes in its tranſit, and carried a globe of fire in its center, that caſt out great flames, which made a continual illumination, and cauſed a light ſufficient to have read the ſmalleſt print by, but, by good fortune, it all diſſipated before it came to the ground.

"The trees remained ſhattered and without leaves, the fields and gardens are ruined, but we are now acquainted that all the country is deſtroyed from this place to Carral.

"The ſmalleſt hail ſtones that fell were as big as eggs, and the largeſt as big as oranges, and weighed a pound, and ſome were found that weighed a pound and an half."

Sept. 23. By a letter from Copenhagen, dated Sept. 8, we learn, that ſince the revolution in Sweden, no leſs than four couriers, from Madrid, have paſſed through Copenhagen, in their way to Stockholm. By the ſame authentic advice we alſo are authoriſed to inform our readers, that Monſieur Preyman, Engineer General to his Daniſh Majeſty, had actually ſet out from Copenhagen for Jutland, in order to take an exact ſurvey of the two capital fortreſſes there, and to make ſeveral important additions to their fortifications. Theſe two fortreſſes are called Fredericia and Fladſtradt. Orders are likewiſe iſſued to provide theſe fortreſſes with every thing neceſſary, in the ſame manner as if a war had been formally proclaimed.

Theſe letters add, that a revolution is expected every day in the Daniſh dominions; and even the knowing ones heſitate not to ſay, that this revolution will occaſion infinitely more bloodſhed than the former did.

The following are the judges appointed in the commiſſion ſent to Newport, in Rhode-Iſland, who are to report their proceedings to his Majeſty, viz. Joſeph Wanton, Eſq; Governor of Rhode-Iſland; Daniel Horſemanden, Eſq; Chief Juſtice of the province of New-York; Frederick Smyth, Eſq; Chief Juſtice of the province of New-Jerſey; Peter Oliver, Eſq; Chief Juſtice of the Province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, and Robert Auchmuty, Eſq; Judge of the Vice-Admiralty Court eſtabliſhed at Boſton. Any three of them are empowered to act.

The marriage of the Duke of Glouceſter with Lady Waldegrave, is no longer problematical; it is abſolutely declared, and the officers of the Duke's houſhold have already kiſſed her Royal Highneſs's hand, in her new character.

It is reported that, in conſequence of the Duke of Glouceſter's acknowledging his marriage, and giving orders for his Lady to be acknowledged as Dutcheſs of Glouceſter, he has been forbid the Court, and both the brothers are now on the ſame footing.

The following removes and promotions, it is ſaid, are determined on for North-America, viz. Edward Manwaring, Eſq; to be Comptroller of the Cuſtoms at New-Haven, in the room of George Mills, Eſq; who is to be the eſtabliſhed clerk of exports and imports at Boſton, in the room of Mr. Thomas Irving, advanced to the Collectorſhip of Quebec, in the room of Andrew Ainſlie, Eſq; who is to be a commiſſioner at Boſton, in the room of John Robinſon, Eſq; nominated to the office of Chief Juſtice in Eyre for the new colony of Wales, going on upon the Ohio.

Extract of a letter from a Gentleman in the Eaſt-Indies, dated Trichinapoly, Feb. 18, 1772.

"The laboratory, where they were drying powder, was the firſt that took fire, and immediately communicated itſelf to the great magazine, by which the lower part of the artillery barracks, all the ſtore-houſes, artillery park, and ſome adjoining houſes were entirely deſtroyed, There is a very large breach made in the Nabob's Garden wall, and ſtones of a prodigious ſize thrown into the Palace, and other places to a vaſt diſtance. The company has ſuſtained a very great loſs, 340,000 ball cartridges having blown up, all the gun carriages being deſtroyed, almoſt all the ſtands of arms, tumbrils, &c. But what is worſt of all, and cannot be replaced, is, the loſs of the brave fellows, one hundred and two Europeans being killed and wounded."

We are told that Mr. Wilkes has already a promiſe of a large majority of the votes of Middleſex freeholders, againſt the next general election.

The benevolent temper of the Engliſh nation never appeared more ſtrongly than at Mr. Fordyce's examination laſt Saturday. Calumniated as he had been in all the public prints, the moment he ſhewed himſelf only intentionally upright, reſentment gave way to commiſeration; his misfortunes even added dignity to his character, and the very rabble grumbled pity, as Pierre expreſſes it, with a degree of warmth that did credit to their general humanity.

Betts in the city are now five to two, that Mr. Wilkes will be Lord Mayor for the year enſuing.

Sept. 24. A Privy Council is ſummoned, ſaid to be relative to affairs on the Continent, on Tueſday next.

Yeſterday morning his Majeſty came to the Queen's palace at Buckingham gate, by eight o'clock, from Kew, when the Secretaries of State, &c. were ordered to attend him immediately, and had a conference with him for about half an hour; it is ſuppoſed relating to the contents of the expreſs from Madrid.

Sept. 25. Advices are received that the French Ambaſſador at Conſtantinople died there the 1ſt of Auguſt laſt. His death was occaſioned by a blow he received with a club from one of the mob in a riot, as he was going to the Council about ten days before.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, September 15.

"Although our Gazettes have given an account of the concluſion of the peace between Ruſſia and the Porte, yet as Prince Gallitzin, the Ruſſian Miniſter here, hath not yet received the leaſt information of this great event, we know not at preſent what credit is due to it."

We hear, that the Lord Chamberlain has been ordered to give notice to the Nobility and Gentry of the Court, that thoſe who viſit two diſcarded Princes, muſt not be ſurpriſed if they were not well received in the circle.

Diſpatches are now preparing, in order to be ſent to the Governors and Commanders in America, and the Weſt-Indies.

Orders are ſtuck up at the War-Office, for all perſons (commiſſioned and private) abſent from regiments on duty in the Weſt-Indies and America, to join them without delay.

Arrived at Dover. The Groſvenor, Sanders, from Boſton. Sampſon, Cooper, from New-York.

The Whale Fiſhery has been more ſucceſsful this year, than ever was known.

A correſpondent informs us, that Lord Dartmouth has ſignified his determined reſolution that the moſt lenient meaſures ſhall be adopted towards the Americans.

Intereſt is making by one Party for Alderman Halifax and Shakeſpear, for the Mayoralty of London. The other party for Alderman Wilkes and Townſhend.

Yeſterday one of his Majeſty's meſſengers was diſpatched with an expreſs to Lord North, at Dillington, Somerſetſhire.

DIED. The Earl of Litchfield. The Earl of Powis. Lord Bothwick, a Scotch Peer. Right Hon. John Lord Carriſfort, K. B.

BOSTON, November 16.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in England to his Correſpondent in this Place, September 5, 1772.

"I hope before this, that the People in your Province begin to ſee, or rather acknowledge, the great Tenderneſs and Kindneſs, with which Governor Hutchinſon governs them, for it is very conſpicuous to People abroad."

Extract of a Letter from London, September 20.

"As by the Royal Charter granted for the American Colonies, a Reſervation is made to the Crown, of *one Fifth Part of all the Silver Ore* that ſhall or may, at any Time be found in that Country; and as it ſeems that------Robinſon, Eſq; and other enterpriſing Gentlemen, are now about entering largely into the Mine Buſineſs in America; in order, therefore, the more effectually to ſecure to the Crown, his Majeſty's ſaid fifth Part of the Produce of ſuch Mines as are already, or ſhall hereafter be diſcovered, and worked in the ſaid Colonies, it is ſaid, a Patent is now making out, appointing Edmund Quincy, Eſq; (with a ſalary of £ 600 per Ann.) to be his Majeſty's Inſpector-General of all the Mines that now are, or that ſhall hereafter be diſcovered on the Continent of America, with full Power and Authority to ſubſtitute one or more Deputy or Deputies, to act in the different Parts of that Country."

We hear that Sir Francis Bernard, Bart. has lately had a large eſtate left him and his children, by a relation, that lately died in England, particularly a Seat in Ayleſbury, which a few years ago was elegantly fitted up by John Wilkes, Eſq;

By letters from Barbados, we learn, that it was expected that Sir Francis Bernard would be appointed to that government.

We have advice from England, that Lieutenant Dudingſton, who commanded the Gaſpee armed ſchooner that was burnt at Rhode-Iſland, is promoted to the rank of Captain, by his Majeſty's expreſs command.

Extract of a Letter from Surrinam, September 28, 1772.

"The Dutch have taken 51 Buſh Negroes, and killed a few more.---They have lately done much Miſchief in breaking up the Plantations, &c."

Tueſday laſt arrived here, Captain Benjamin Beal, from St. Vincents, in 27 days, by whom we have advice, that the troops from this place under Col. Dalrymple, alſo thoſe from New-York, &c. were preparing for the expedition againſt the Indians on that iſland, who were daily burning ſome of the plantations of the Engliſh, and frequently ſkirmiſhing with the ſoldiers:----That ſeveral had been killed on both ſides; but that the troops could not proceed by reaſon of one ſhip that had not arrived from New-York, with part of the troops on board; ſome ſaid that Governor Leybourn had not given orders to proceed; that a body of ſoldiers were marched to guard a narrow paſſage, to prevent the Indians from coming from the mountains, where a large body of them were encamped; that the troops began to be ſickly. Captain Brabazon O'Hara of the 14th regiment died there, and ſeven or eight ſoldiers of that Regiment.

NEWPORT (RHODE-ISLAND) November 9.

Mr. SOUTHWICK,

You are desired, by many of your Friends, to insert, in your next Monday's Paper, the following Paragraphs.

Sunday, the 8th Instant, sailed from hence, on a Cruise, his Majesty's Ship Swan, James Ayscough, Esq; Commander.

We therefore cannot help expressing ourselves in a friendly Manner, regretting much the Absence of so worthy a Neighbour, whose Humanity and Benevolence has been extended to many poor People here; but done in such a private, modest, good-natured, Christian-like Manner, that we really should be ungrateful, were we to omit acknowledging it in your Paper; and we have also experienced many Civilities from his worthy Officers, and jovial Ship's Company.

We must further beg Leave to observe to the Public, as it is but just, that this worthy Commander, on his first Arrival at Rhode-Island, observed a deep-loaded Merchant Sloop, loaded with Salt, the Property of Mr. Clark, coming into the Harbour, which he thought in Danger of going on Shore, on Brerenton's Side, it being quite calm, and a great Swell throwing her near the Rocks, on which he ordered all his Boats to her Assistance, with all Expedition possible, by which Means the Sloop was saved, and the Merchant's Interest; this generous, humane, and open-hearted Behaviour was remarked by Numbers of Spectators, and by the Merchant himself, who afterwards made the Boat's Crew a genteel Present for their Willingness and Activity, in saving his Sloop, &c.

Query. *Whether this humane Behaviour is not more becoming the Character of a Gentleman, and an Officer, and more pleasing to the World, than the arbitrary, despotic Behaviour of a late Commander? who threatened to fire on your Town and Fort, and treated your G------r with all the Contempt and Disrespect imaginable, and afterwards declared openly to many People (though not in the Town, for he knew better) that he should glory to see your Town in Flames: That he would be damned if any Soul from his Ship should go on Shore to give any Assistance; but that he should rejoice to see the Town in Ashes; and this very Man was sent to protect you!*

Your Wood Boats stopped and rummaged, your Trade detained and molested, and Shot fired into the very Borders of your Town! But little does our gracious King think of the ill Behaviour of some few of his Servants, who, when abroad among an unarmed People, are more imperious and haughty than the Grand Turk himself.

PHILADELPHIA, *November 25.*

MARRIED. Mr. JEREMIAH WARDER, junior, of this City, Merchant, to Miss DEBBY ROBERTS.------Captain JAMES SPARKS, to Miss ANN PEARSON, of this City.

Extract of a Letter from Bermuda to a Gentleman in this City, dated October 22, 1772.

"I am sorry to acquaint you that we are in a very bad Situation at present: Corn has sold here for some Time at 5/4, 6/8, and 10/8, per Bushel, Flour at 30/. Ship-Bread from 32/. to 35/. per Cwt. very bad, and at present not any one Article above mentioned to sell in all Bermuda, except about 200 Barrels of very bad old Corn; we stand in great Need of speedy Relief, particularly with Corn, having a very bad Crop of Potatoes. As it is in your Power to give Information to the Public by Advertisement, I should be much obliged to you to do it, by which Means we may be relieved in our necessitous Condition.

On Monday Se'nnight were interred, in the Presbyterian Churchyard, in West-Nottingham, Chester County, the Remains of Mr. JOHN KIRKPATRICK, who departed this Life in the 85th Year of his Age, 62 Years of which Time he lived with one Wife. He was Father to the late Rev. Mr. *William Kirkpatrick*, Minister of the Gospel at Amwell, in New-Jersey. He possessed a strong masculine Understanding, and discovered, both in his Life and Conversation, genuine Marks of a most singular and original Character. The primitive Simplicity and Order, with which he conducted the Affairs of his House, revived in the Minds of all, who beheld them, the Ideas of those Patriarchal Times, when the Offices of Prophet, Priest and King, were united in the Head of a Family.------He enjoyed, in the Close of his Life, so much of the constant Sunshine of Heaven, which shewed itself in numberless Acts of Piety and Benevolence, and a peculiar Chearfulness of Temper, that, when he died, he might rather be said to have changed his Place, than his Company.

Captain Vicary, from Montserrat, on the 3d Instant, in Lat. 26:45, Long. 68:56, spoke the Ship Ann and Isabella, Captain Moore, from Jamaica for London, three Weeks out; and last Wednesday, off Chincoteague, he saw a Ship to Windward of him, that appeared to have lost her Main and Mizen-masts; she was standing in for the Land, but he could not speak her.

Captain Cragg, from Dominica, which Place he left the 22d ult. informs, that a Brig, from Baltimore, arrived there the Day before he sailed, but he does not know the Master's Name.

The Master of a Schooner, arrived at Boston from the Coast of Africa, on the 11th of October, in Lat. 39:30, Long. 37:30, spoke the Ship Chalkley, Captain Spain, from this Port for Bristol; and on the 13th, in Lat. 40, Long. 40, he spoke a Topsail Schooner, also from this Port, bound to Lisbon; they desired to be remembered to William Johnson, but the Wind blowing fresh, he could hear no more.

Captain Blewer, from this Port for South-Carolina, was spoke with, on the 9th Instant, in Lat. 30:40, Long 73, by Captain Hamilton, arrived at New-York from Bilboa.

Captain Torrens, from London, on the 22d of last Month, in Lat. 26:56, Long. 55, spoke a Schooner, Captain White, from Piscataqua for Antigua, out 35 Days; 28th, in Lat. 32:20, Long. 64:30, spoke a Sloop, from Turks-Island for Bermuda, 15 Days out; on the 2d Instant, in Lat. 35:39, Long. 66, spoke a Brig from Philadelphia, but the Wind blowing hard, he could not learn the Master's Name, or where she was bound; and on the 10th, about seven Leagues from Cape Henry, he spoke a Schooner, from this Place for Virginia.

Captain Workman, from Antigua, informs, that on the 6th of last Month, a Brig, belonging to some Part of America, came into Antigua, with the Loss of her Masts; she was drove out in the Hurricane, and had been 7 Weeks at Sea, On the 2d Instant, in Lat. 31, Long. 70:24, he spoke a Sloop, from Bermuda for Charles-Town, 8 Days out.

Captain Burchall, from Tortola, on the 27th ult. in Lat. 32, Long. 65:10, spoke a Schooner, Captain Riddall, from New-York for Grenada, out 10 Days, all well.

We hear a large Schooner, bound from Maryland for Barbados, with Corn, Pork, &c. put into Bermuda, with the Loss of her Masts and Bowsprit, where she sold her Cargoe, Provisions being very scarce there.

Messieurs HALL and SELLERS,

The following Description of a NATURAL BRIDGE *was sent by a Gentleman of Virginia, to his Friend in this City, with a View of prevailing upon the ingenious Mr.* P---E *(who is now among us) to come, and oblige the Public with a Draught of it. By publishing it in your next Gazette, you will oblige*

Your humble Servant, ---------.

THIS Bridge is thrown by the Hand of Nature, from one Precipice of a Rock to another, over Cedar-Creek, which falls into James-River, in Bottetourt County, Virginia. The Precipice seems, in some violent Convulsion of Nature, to have been torn asunder, to allow a Passage to the Water, which flows at least 350 Feet below the Top of the Arch, which, at its Base, is about 60 Feet broad, but widens as it rises, so as to appear, Half Way up, to be 120 Feet broad. The Top of the Arch is 25 Feet wide, and would allow a ready Passage for Carriages of all Kinds. The Edge of the Precipice is skirted with Trees of various Kinds and Growth, and makes a most romantic Appearance; nor is it without its Terrors, for here and there you see huge Piles of Rocks that seem loose and tottering, as if they were about to tumble down, and impede the River's future Progress. The Imagination keeps Pace with Probability in this Expectation, for below you observe Fragments of many Tons Weight, that have, in the Revolution of Ages, fallen at various Times from the Precipice above. The Winter before I visited this Place a very large Fragment fell, and the Noise it made astonished the Inhabitants, who supposed it to be Thunder---uncommon at that Season of the Year. To know whether I was not imposed upon in this Circumstance, I made my Servant throw over some Stones, which sounded like a Cannon; after this I fired a Pocket Pistol under the Arch, the Report of which was louder than a Swivel. The Swallows, skimming thro' the Arch above, appeared not much larger than Humming-birds. The Crows and Ravens, which build in the Clifts of the Rock, strike the Ear with their perpetual Cawing. The weeping Springs, that trickle down the Sides of the Arch, the Ivy and wild Vines, forming Festoons along its Sides, with straggling Trees, shooting in many Places from the Clifts of the naked Rock, and intermixing their Roots, entertain the Eye with an endless Variety above, while below, a rapid Stream, rippling over the opposing Rocks, washes the Roots of some tall Mulberry and Locust Trees, which grow almost under the Arch itself. Could the Eye for a Moment be estranged from such a delicious Scene, to look either Way thro' the Arch, it might catch the View of Mountain rising on Mountain, diversified into a thousand Shades, from the various Trees that form their Forests. But it is in vain to dwell longer upon a Description, which must appear feint to those, who have seen, or shall see, with enthusiastic Pleasure, the numberless Beauties of this enchanting Place, where the Eye, far from being satiated, is still discovering new Objects to admire. I felt a Sort of Veneration under its Arch, which, in Times of Paganism, would have led me to invoke the Genius of the Place; and casting many a lingering Look behind, I measured back my Steps with Reluctance, reflecting, with Pleasure, on the Toils I had encountered in my Travels thro' so many Wildernesses, since they drew me at length to one of Nature's most prodigious Works."

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia.* INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Little Betsey, C. Coulburn, from Honduras. Brig Ranger, S. Workman, Antigua. Brig Prince of Wales, W. Moore, S. Carolina. Ship Chester, J. Anderson, Newfoundland. Sloop Dispatch, S. Thompson, and Sloop Two Brothers, J. Hunn, N. Carolina. Schooner Lovely Lass, J. Stephen, Maryland. Sloop Sally, T. Burchall, Tortola. Schooner Bonaventure, J. Waterman, and Sloop Three Brothers, R. Gardner, Nantucket.

OUTWARDS. Ship Betsey, S. Hood, for Bristol. Snow Live Oak, R. Moore, St. Kitts. Ship Alexander, J. Hunter, Ship Jenny, A. M'Ilvaine, and Ship Wallworth, C. M'Causland, Londonderry. Ship Britannia, J. Peter, and Brig Prince of Wales, W. Moore, S. Carolina.

CLEARED. Sloop Polly, T. Etheridge, Sloop Polly, T. Deming, and Sloop Betsey, E. Waterous, N. Carolina. Sloop Zephyr, T. Wadlam, N. Providence. Sloop Saliy, T. Wilson, St. Croix. Sloop Good Intent, J. Creaton, St. Martins. Sloop Peace and Plenty, J. Anthony, R. Island. Schooner Becky, R. Harris, and Sloop Betsey, J. Forster, Georgia. Brig Nancy, J. Hanse, Ship Minerva, D. Gregory, Sloop Molly, H. Wallen, and Ship Kitty and Peggy, J. Blair, Jamaica. Sloop Robert, W. Bunting, Schooner Felicity, W. Grymes, and Schooner Jennet, J. Eve, Virginia. Sloop Peggy, S. Hinckley, Boston. Ship Carolina, B. Loxley, S. Carolina. Schooner Little Betsey, J. Coulburn, Maryland. Snow Anna, J. Livingston, and Ship Elizabeth, W. Shroudy, Lisbon. Schooner Industry, M. Williamson, Halifax. Brig Rachel, R. Collins, Madeira. Schooner Barbados, H. Adamson, Barbados. Brig Conolly, A. Caine, Dublin. Brig Sally, W. Clelland, Dominica. Brig Freemason, J. Arnick, Hispaniola.

The MEMBERS of the
ST. ANDREW's SOCIETY,

ARE desired to attend their Anniversary Meeting, at the House of *Thomas Mullen*, at the Tun, in Water-street, on *Monday* next, the 30th of this instant November, at Six o' Clock in the Evening. WILLIAM SEMPLE, Secretary.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 16th day of December next, at 5 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house (if not sold at any time before by private sale)

A CONVENIENT good three story brick HOUSE, and LOT of GROUND, situate on the Bank of Delaware River, near Vine-street, in the city of Philadelphia, now in the tenure of Thomas Barr, and rents for 30l. per annum, containing in breadth, on Front-street and Water-street, 15 feet, and in depth about 40 feet, subject to the Proprietaries thirds of One Shilling sterling per foot, in breadth, per annum, and to the payment of Forty-five Shillings sterling, per annum, ground-rent. The situation may suit either a Shopkeeper or Tradesman, as it is near to the Slip or public Landing, where there is abundance of business carried on to great advantage, and commands the custom of watermen. Any person inclining to purchase, may view the premises, and be informed of the title and terms of sale, by applying to SARAH BONNELL, Executrix; THOMAS BONNELL, and PETER THOMSON, Executors. *Nov.* 23.

A YOUNG MAN, of an irreproachable Character, who is universally acquainted in this City, offers his Service to any Persons, who may stand in Need of his Assistance, in settling their ACCOMPTS, and collecting in their outstanding DEBTS, in which Business he hath, for some Time past, been employed. He can produce undoubted Testimonials of his good Character, and will give, if required, good ample Security for the faithful performance of any Trust, that may be reposed in him. Enquire of the PRINTERS.

*** BOARD and LODGING to be had near the Coffee-House, and a Front PARLOUR to be lett, furnished or unfurnished. Enquire as above.

To the PUBLIC.
WILLIAM BROWN,
At the Sign of the LEOPARD,

BEGS leave to acquaint the public, that he hath opened an INN of ENTERTAINMENT, at his dwelling-house, in Arch-street, near the corner of Sixth-street, in the city of Philadelphia. He hath furnished himself with a stock of excellent liquors, and other necessaries, and is also provided with good stables, which will contain upwards of fifty horses, and provender. He humbly hopes for the favour and countenance of the public, and flatters himself he will be able to give satisfaction to those, who may think proper to favour him with their custom. N. B. He likewise takes in horses and carriages by the year, or shorter time. §

To be SOLD, by way of PUBLIC VENDUE, on the premises, on Tuesday, the 22d of December next,

A CERTAIN TRACT of LAND, lying in Baltimore county, in the Forks of Winter's Run, containing about 291 acres, being the plantation whereon John Morgan now dwells, to be sold by virtue of a deed of trust, assigned to me, bearing date the 17th of June, 1772. There are on said place, a dwelling-house, barn, stables, and a good orchard, about 6 acres of meadow cleared, and more may be made. The vendue to begin at 12 o' clock said day, where attendance will be given, and credit for part of the purchase-money, by

Nov. 19, 1772. § JOHN BOWEN.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A LARGE TRACT of LAND, situate in York county, Strabane township, containing 450 acres, with a clear deed for the same, about 120 acres cleared, and the fencing in good repair, about 20 acres of excellent meadow made, and a stream of water runs through the same, bears Timothy grass, and as much more meadow may be made; there is also a good dwelling-house, and double barn, with other office-houses, and a never-failing spring near the dwelling-house, and a young bearing orchard. The said tract of land joins the lands of Colonel Hamilton, deceased, and George Levingston, with others, too tedious to mention, and is about two miles from Mr. Thompson's Meeting-house, and two miles from Hunter's-town, and mills convenient. Any person inclining to purchase said land, may apply to the owner, living on the premises, who will deal on reasonable terms. SAMUEL BELL. §

By AUTHORITY,
By the AMERICAN COMPANY,
At the THEATRE in SOUTHWARK, THIS EVENING, will be presented, A COMIC OPERA, called

THE MAID OF THE MILL.

Lord Aimworth, by Mr. HALLAM,
Sir Harry Sycamore, by Mr. GOODMAN,
Fairfield, by Mr. DOUGLASS,
Farmer Giles, by Mr. WOOLLS,
Ralph, by Mr. WALL,
Mervin, by Mr. PARKER,
Lady Sycamore, by Mrs. DOUGLASS,
Theodosia, by Miss RICHARDSON,
Fanny, by Miss STORER,
Patty, by Miss HALLAM.

Gipsies, by Mr. MORRIS,---Mr. BYERLEY,---Mr. ROBERTS,---Mrs. HENRY,---Mrs. MORRIS,---Mrs. HARMAN, *&c. &c.*

To which will be ADDED,

THE LYING VALET.

Sharp, by Mr. MORRIS,
Gayless, by Mr. WALL,
Justice Guttle, by Mr. GOODMAN,
Beau Trippet, by Mr. BYERLEY,
Drunken Cook, by Mr. PARKER,
Melissa, by Mrs. MORRIS,
Mrs. Gadabout, by Mrs. HARMAN,
Mrs. Trippet, by Miss RICHARDSON,
Kitty Pry, by Mrs. HENRY.

The EPILOGUE, by Mr. MORRIS.

The Doors to be opened at Four, and the Play to begin exactly at Six o' Clock.---No Person, on any Account whatsoever, can possibly be admitted behind the Scenes.---Places in the Boxes may be taken at the Theatre.---Ladies and Gentlemen will please to send their Servants at Four o' Clock.----TICKETS, without which no Person can be admitted, are sold at the Bar of the Coffee-house.

BOXES 7s. 6d. PIT 5s. GALLERY 3s.

For CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

THE BRIG
PRINCE of WALES,
WILLIAM MOORE, MASTER;

WILL sail in about ten days, having the greatest part of her cargoe ready to go on board. For freight or passage, apply to MASON and HARTLEY, at their store, opposite the Old Ferry, or said Master on board, near Arch street wharff.

To be sold at said store, a quantity of Rice, with a variety of European and East-India Goods, suitable to the season. §

November 23, 1772.

FOR NEWRY,
The Ship MINERVA,
FRANCIS FEARISS,
MASTER;

WILL sail with the first Flaxseed Vessels, and has excellent Accommodations for Passengers. For Freight or Passage, apply to CALDWELL and WILSON, or the MASTER on board, at WILLIAM ALLEN, Esquire's Wharff. *Nov.* 7.

Dumfries, Virginia, November 17, 1772.

RUN away from Baltimore, in Maryland, about the 6th instant, a convict servant man, named THOMAS BOWLING, he is a likely well made fellow, about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, short dark brown hair, a little inclining to curl, about 25 years of age, an Irishman born, and retains the brogue peculiar to most of his country, is very talkative, especially when in drink, which he is much subject to, he has been about 12 months in the country, and been employed in tobacco craft, therefore it is imagined he will endeavour to get off in some vessel, or cross the country to Philadelphia; he went round from hence in the Molly and Betsey, Captain Jackson, and took with him three or four shirts, of different sorts, a coat and waistcoat, of mixed brown broadcloth, one blue fearnought, and one green frize jacket, both with sleeves, horn buttons, and without lining, blue cloth breeches, tarred ozenbrigs trowsers, and sundry other clothes; he has a discharge from the vessel, signed by Iric Hair, clerk to Mr. M'Gachen, of Baltimore. Any person who will secure said servant in goal, so that I get him again, shall have FIVE POUNDS reward, and if delivered to me in Dumfries, shall be paid TEN POUNDS, Virginia currency, by

RIGINALD GRAHAM.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away on the 10th of August last, from the subscriber, living in Lombard-street, Philadelphia, a Negroe man, named *MOSES GRIMES*, about 32 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, of a yellowish complexion, the fore part of his head shaved, and is rather bald, he sometimes wears a wig, is very religious, preaches to his colour, walks before burials, and marries; he is very artful, pretends to be free, and will no doubt get a forged pass; he is very fond of liquor, and if spoke familiarly to pretends to simplicity and laughs; he had on, when he went away, an ozenbrigs shirt, and jacket, with sleeves, bound with green binding. Whoever apprehends the said Negroe, and confines him in any of his Majesty's goals, so as his master may have him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN HALES. §

N. B. It is supposed he is gone to Carolina, or Carlisle in this province.

THREE POUNDS TEN SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from the subscriber, a certain DENNIS MURPHEY, who came lately from Ireland, in the Brig Patty, Captain Hardie, he is a well made fellow, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, walks very erect, has 3½ years to serve, by trade a Nailer; had on, when he went away, an old damascus jacket, over it a blue serge or calimancoe jacket, mended at the elbows, blue camblet breeches, mended, a new check shirt, good black Barcelona handkerchief, white cotton stockings, patched on the heels, good shoes, with yellow metal buckles, and a half-worn hat. Also an English servant man, named EDWARD LEWIS, of a palish complexion, short curled hair, has a down look, and one side of his face a little higher than the other; had on, and took with him, a snuff-coloured broadcloth coat, with wooden buttons and brass shanks, a black cloth jacket, one check and one white shirt, one pair of white ribbed cotton stockings, and one pair of ribbed worsted ditto, new shoes, and a half-worn beaver hat. Whoever takes up and secures said servants, or either of them, so that their master may have them again, shall have* FORTY SHILLINGS *reward for Murphey, and* THIRTY SHILLINGS *for Lewis, paid by* BENJAMIN ARMITAGE, *junior, living in Philadelphia.* †

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY, *on the 13th day of September, 1772, from the subscriber, living near the Turk's Head, in West township, Chester county, a servant girl, named* REBECCA SPEAR, *but it is likely she has changed it to* NANCY CLARK; *she has brown hair, is of a dark complexion, and marked with the small-pox; took with her a striped linen gown, but she has changed it for a calicoe gown, had a red stuff petticoat, and a black silk bonnet. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures her in any of his Majesty's goals, or brings her home, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by* ‡

JOHN BROWN.

POOR RICHARD's, The PENNSYLVANIA, NEW-JERSEY, and POCKET ALMANACKS, sold by HALL and SELLERS, at the New Printing-Office, in Market-street, Philadelphia.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on MONDAY, the 7th day of December next enſuing, on the premiſes,

TWO PLANTATIONS, ſituate in Oſtorara Hundred, Cæcil county, and province of Maryland, one of which being the place whereon the ſubſcriber now lives, contains 368 acres of land, with a good brick houſe and kitchen, frame barn, ſquare log Negroe quarter, and ſtables, with other out buildings, two good bearing orchards, about 20 acres of good watered meadow, in Engliſh graſs, and a conſiderable quantity more may be made; the whole plantation is well watered and timbered. The other plantation contains 130 acres of land, ſituate on Conewago creek, about half a mile diſtant from the firſt, whereon is a good ſquare log houſe and kitchen, with ſtone chimnies, a good ſawed log barn and ſtable, and a mill-ſeat, whereon is a ſaw-mill, which may be made fit for buſineſs with a little repairing; there is alſo a large young bearing orchard, and about 60 acres of cleared land, all under good fence. The titles to both plantations are indiſputable, and they will be ſold clear of any incumbrance, by DAVID PRICE. ¶

N. B. The above plantations are ſituated within one mile of Saſquehanna River, and ſeven miles from Rock Run Landing, from whence there is good navigation into Cheſapeak Bay.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, at Church-hill, in Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, on MONDAY, the 15th day of December next, to continue from day to day until the whole is ſold; the following mill, lands, tenements and chattels, lately aſſigned to truſtees, by William and John Ruth, for the diſcharge of certain debts due from them.

A GRIST or MERCHANT-MILL, and TRACT of LAND, containing 15 acres, ten acres thereof meadow, ſituate at Church-hill, on the ſouth-eaſt branch of Cheſter river, within four miles of the ſhips channel, and about a mile from the landing, where ſhallops load and unload, in a plentiful wheat country, 42 miles water-carriage to Baltimore-town, 25 miles from Dover, and 28 miles from Duck-creek, where a number of great roads meet, from the Lower counties, on Delaware, to Philadelphia, to Cheſter-town, on Cheſter river, to Annapolis, &c.---The mill and dam are in good order, and eaſily kept in repair, the ſtream very conſtant, and plenty of water in dry ſeaſons, accommodated with two pair of ſtones, double geared, bolting-cloths and hoiſting-gears, all go by water, &c. Alſo a Cooper's ſhop adjoining; near the mill, on the ſame tract, and to be ſold with it, are a frame dwelling-houſe, two rooms on a floor, with three fire-places, a kitchen, ſtable, chair-houſe, &c.

One hundred and three acres of LAND, called *Ruth's Purchaſe*, ſituate at and adjoining Church-hill, very convenient for any public buſineſs.

A LOT, ſituate on Church-hill, containing one acre and an half, with a large frame dwelling-houſe thereon, two ſtories high, and four rooms on a floor, well finiſhed, with a cellar under the whole, a good kitchen and chambers, with a piazza between the houſe and kitchen, a granary, that will hold 1500 buſhels of wheat, a ſtable for eight horſes, a chair-houſe, ſmoke-houſe and oven, a garden, fenced in with plank, rents for £ 45 per annum.

Two acres and three-quarters of LAND, called *Ruth's Iſland*, in the ſouth-eaſt branch of Cheſter river, near the aforeſaid mill.

Eight acres of woodland, part of a tract called *Brotherhood*, nearly adjoining Church-hill, on the great road leading from Annapolis to Philadelphia, &c. being a good ſtand for a tradeſman.

Four acres and three-quarters of LAND, called *Beginning*, near Church-hill.

Thirty-three acres of good and well timbered LAND, called *Smith's Outrange*, within three miles of Church-hill, in the forks of the roads leading to Duck-creek and Head of Cheſter.

Seventy-five acres of good woodland, part of a tract called *Cloud's Adventure*, within a mile of Church-hill.

One hundred twelve acres and an half of very good LAND, adjoining to and part of ſaid tract, called *Cloud's Adventure*, about one half cleared, 10 or 11 acres thereof good meadow, an orchard of 175 apple-trees, a dwelling-houſe, 20 feet by 18, 1½ ſtory high, with good brick chimnies, well finiſhed, except plaiſtering and glazing, a kitchen, 28 feet by 20, a ſtory and an half high, with a brick chimney, a ſmoke-houſe 14 feet ſquare, a corn-houſe, 20 feet by 7, well boarded, paled garden, and yard.

Fifty acres of LAND, called *Spread Eagle*, near Church-hill.

Alſo, horſes, cows, oxen, a waggon, plows and gears, corn harrows, a quantity of new axes, plow-ſhares and colters, bolts, cleviſes, hooks and ſtaples, ſeveral ſetts of ox cleviſes, bolts and keys, ſeveral ſetts of ſharp pointed harrow teeth, a quantity of grubbing and weeding hoes and ſpades, two anvils, two bellows, two vizes, and a quantity of other ſmith's tools, a Dutch fan, an eight day clock, ſeveral feather beds and bedding, walnut tables, a large looking-glaſs, a deſk, pots, andirons, gridirons, &c. &c.

Time will be given for great part of the purchaſe money for the real eſtate, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity, the chattels to be paid for in eight months from the day of ſale, with intereſt and ſecurity, if required. Attendance will be given at the time and place aforeſaid by

LODOWICK SPROGELL, Attorney to the Truſtees.

TO be SOLD by the Subſcriber, in Baltimore county, in the province of Maryland, 216½ acres of patent LAND, about 30 acres of which are lately cleared, and under good fence, the remainder remarkably well timbered and watered, there being ſundry fine ſprings on the ſame; the ſoil is good for tobacco, Indian corn, wheat, rye, or other grain; ſeveral acres of fine meadow may be made at ſmall expence; there are two ſmall tenements thereon, and ſome peach-trees; the ſaid land lies within ten miles of the flouriſhing town of Baltimore, and on the great road leading thereto. Any perſon wanting to view the land, may be ſhewn it, by Mr. William Ede, living near the premiſes, and for further particulars, enquire of the ſubſcriber, living about two miles from Nottingham Forges, and ſix miles from Joppa.

Sept. 5, 1772. JOHN HOWLAND. ¶ 10*W.*

Dumfries, Virginia, October 30, 1772.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 7th inſtant, three indented ſervant men, viz. JOHN ELISHA, an Engliſhman, PETER DREW, and JOHN PARSONS, Iriſhmen. *John Eliſha* is a Bricklayer, about 35 years of age, 6 feet high, pale complexion, ſhort dark hair, a little pitted with the ſmall-pox, and had two of his left hand fingers contracted, and bent in his hand; had on, when he went away, a grey cloth coat, with metal buttons, black jacket, leather breeches, and yarn ſtockings. *Peter Drew* is a Sawyer, 25 years old, about 5 feet 8 inches high, well made, ruddy complexion and full faced, cut or curled wig, and much pitted with the ſmall-pox; carried with him a variety of clothes, particularly a ſuit of light blue, a fuſtian coat and red jacket, and had ſeveral ruffled ſhirts. *John Parſons* is a Labourer, 20 years of age, 6 feet high, pale complexion, ſlender made, a little pitted with the ſmall-pox, and ſtraight black hair; had on, when he went away, 2 coats, blue and light coloured, red jacket, leather breeches, and a pair of ribbed yarn ſtockings. The ſaid ſervants were imported three weeks ago, in the James, Captain Steel, from London, and ſtole, from the mouth of Quantico, a ſmall boat, which (after landing in Maryland) they ſet adrift; they were ſeen ten days ago, in a ſmall veſſel, near Blackſtone's Iſland, in Patowmack river, and from the Bricklayer's being well acquainted to the northward, I ſuſpect they are gone to the Eaſtern-ſhore, in Maryland, and from thence to Philadelphia; as they all can write well, it is probable they may forge paſſes. Any perſon that ſecures the ſaid ſervants, and delivers them to me here, ſhall receive a reward of TWENTY POUNDS, Virginia currency, and in proportion for any of them. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL.

Philadelphia, November 16, 1772.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN AWAY from on board the ſhip Wolfe, Richard Hunter, maſter, from Londonderry, a redemptioner, named COLIN M'DONALD, born in the Highlands of Scotland, and will be eaſily known by his accent; about 36 years of age, a Taylor by trade, about ſix feet high, with black ſhort hair; had on a blue coat and red waiſtcoat; ſaid he had a wife near Albany, and is ſuppoſed to have gone that way. Whoever apprehends the ſame, and brings him to the ſubſcribers, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, if taken in this province, and if out of it, ſhall be intitled to the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by GRAY, FLETCHER, AND Co.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER, living in Frederick county, Maryland,

A Valuable TRACT of LAND, containing about 1700 acres, lying on Conecocheague creek, about 80 miles from Baltimore, 30 miles from Frederick-town, and 6 miles from Huger's-town. There are ſeveral good improvements on the ſaid tract, on one of which the ſubſcriber now lives, whereon is a good new ſtone dwelling-houſe, new ſtone kitchen, good new griſt-mill and ſaw-mill (the mill-houſes built of ſtone) an extraordinary good orchard, that produces 60 hogſheads of cyder yearly, there are already 80 acres of good meadow made, and in very good order, and 200 more may eaſily be made, about 200 acres of upland cleared on the ſaid plantation, it lies in a populous part of the country, and is well ſituated for any public buſineſs; the land is well known, and needs little to recommend it; the ſoil is rich, well watered with ſprings, and extremely well timbered; it commands a beautiful proſpect of Conecocheague creek, being nearly ſurrounded by it; it is well ſituated to divide in 4 or 5 plantations. Terms of ſale may be known, by applying to the ſubſcriber, who will give an indiſputable title to the purchaſer, free from any incumbrance, with the quitrents paid up to the day of ſale. ISAAC BAKER. ‖ 8*w.*

Cheſter-Town, Maryland, September 22, 1772.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, about a fortnight ago, a middle ſized bay GELDING, five or ſix years old, paces a ſlow travel, has been uſed to a carriage, large flat hoofs, and branded on the near buttock (if not on both) with the letter W. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe, ſo as I get him again, ſhall receive, if taken out of the county, TWENTY SHILLINGS, if out of the province, FORTY SHILLINGS, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by ¶ 7*s*6 ANTHONY BANNING.

Baltimore County, Maryland, October 26, 1772.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from the ſubſcriber, two convict ſervant men, viz. THOMAS WHEATLEY, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, ſtrait limbed, ſmall featured, ſandy hair and beard, with double teeth, and about 27 years of age; had on a brown coat, white drab breeches, and pumps. The other named DANIEL UNTHANK, near the ſame height, about 20 years of age, has a fair ſmooth face, light brown hair, no beard, or very little: He took from me a great coat, of fine cloth, dove colour, baſket buttons, ſmall wooden buttons to the cape, moth-eaten in the back, under the cape, and one pair of double ſoaled ſhoes. Both of them had fine ſhirts, and felt hats. As they have ſome money, it is likely they will change their clothes. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervants, and ſecures them in any goal, ſo that their maſter may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by* AQUILA PRICE. ¶

WHEREAS JAMES COOPER, Son of JOHN COOPER, living in the Pariſh of Bangor, and County of Down, came over to this Country in the Year 1771. This is to give the ſaid JAMES COOPER Notice to come to me, the Subſcriber, living at William M'Keown's, five Miles from Charles-Town, Cæcil County, where he may have ſome Things to his Advantage. *Nov.* 7, 1772. DANIEL RABB. ¶

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on the premiſes, the 28th day of this inſtant November (if not before diſpoſed of by private ſale) for the benefit of the creditors of Chriſtopher Fenigan,

A PLANTATION, containing 93 acres of LAND, whereon ſaid Chriſtopher Fenigan now lives, ſituate in Cheſterfield, in the county of Burlington, about one mile above Bordentown, adjoining Croſſwick's creek, on which there is a good landing; it commands an agreeable proſpect of the river Delaware, and of the large meadows in Nottingham; there are on ſaid plantation, a good frame houſe, barn, &c. about 60 acres of cleared land, of a kind fertile ſoil, the remainder is good woodland. Alſo to be ſold, at the ſame time and place (and with the above, if it ſuits the purchaſer) 40 acres of meadow, nearly adjoining the above tract, of an excellent quality, 30 acres of which are embanked. The titles are indiſputable. One half the purchaſe money will not be wanted for a number of years. Any perſon, inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to ISAAC PEARSON, ISRAEL WRIGHT, and JACOB LAWRENCE, Aſſignees. ‖ 7*s*6.

WHEREAS in purſuance of an Act of General Aſſembly of this province, intituled, *An Act for granting the ſum of Sixty Thouſand Pounds to the King's uſe, and for ſtriking Fifty-five Thouſand Pounds thereof in bills of credit, and to provide a fund for ſinking the ſame,* the following tracts of located and unimproved land were duly valued and rated by the Aſſeſſors for the county of Northampton, as follows; a tract of land, containing 700 acres, in Mount Bethel townſhip, in the county of Northampton, formerly belonging to William Craig, deceaſed, adjoining William Beard, rated at Five Pounds per hundred. A tract of 100 acres, in the ſame townſhip, in the county aforeſaid, rated at Five Pounds the hundred. A tract of 400 acres, in Penn townſhip, in the county aforeſaid, rated at Five Pounds per hundred, adjoining the lands of Nicholas Waln, Eſq; James Boon, and Samuel Rhoads, the property of William Logan, Eſq; of the city of Philadelphia. Another tract of 300 acres, in Lower Smithfield townſhip, rated at Five Pounds per hundred, for which tract Richard Freeman has paid the tax ſeveral years, but now the ſaid William Logan, Eſq; claims the right of the ſaid tract of land. And whereas the owners of the aforeſaid tracts of land have neglected and refuſed to pay the Collector, the ſum of Five Pounds Twelve Shillings and Six-pence, which according to the ſaid valuation was aſſeſſed and laid upon ſaid lands, as the proportion thereof for one year for ſaid tax, by the ſaid act impoſed: We, the Commiſſioners, of the county of Northampton aforeſaid, in purſuance of the aforeſaid act, do hereby give notice, that on the 8th day of December next, at the houſe of Jacob Emrich, in Mount Bethel townſhip, the two tracts; and on the 9th day of December next, the tract in Lower Smithfield townſhip, at the houſe of Jacob Stroud, in the ſaid townſhip; and the tract in Penn townſhip, on the 10th day of December next, at the houſe of John Everitt, we will expoſe to ſale, by public vendue, the abovementioned tracts of located and unimproved lands, or ſuch part thereof as will be ſufficient to anſwer ſaid tax, and all charges accruing by reaſon of the non-payment or refuſal thereof, to the higheſt bidder. The ſale to begin at ten o'clock in the forenoon. Given under our hands, at Eaſton, this 7th day of September, 1772. JACOB MORRY, SIMON DRIESBACH, HENRY BARNET. ¶ 3*M.*

CAME to the plantation of LAWRENCE GARRET, in Blockley townſhip, about the 22d day of October laſt, a dark brown MARE, about 14 hands high, neither brand nor ear-mark, a ſtar, with a ſmall ſlip in her face. The owner is deſired to come, pay charges, and take her away. ‖

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the paſture of William Hodge, on Paſſyunk road, about 3 miles from Philadelphia, a dark brown HORSE, 14½ hands high, a natural pacer, with a ſtar in his forehead, and white on both ſides of his neck, from being galled with a collar, branded on the near buttock L R, ſwitch tail. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid horſe, or brings him to the ſubſcriber, in Market-ſtreet, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, and if ſtolen ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS for the thief and horſe, and all reaſonable charges, paid by me

November 2, 1772. ‖ HUGH HODGE.

Reading, October 26, 1772.

WHEREAS a certain JOHN BROWN, a Miner, was committed to the goal of Berks county, in Pennſylvania, on the ſecond day of this inſtant, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway ſervant, who afterwards confeſſed himſelf to be an indented ſervant to a certain WILLIAM PETTIT, living in Bucks county, in ſaid province, Miller, and that he abſconded on the firſt day of this inſtant; he is about 15 years of age, ſandy hair, of a fair complexion, has on a light coloured jacket, a pair of tow trowſers, coarſe ſhirt. His maſter is hereby deſired to come within ſix weeks after date, pay the charges, and take him away; otherwiſe he will be ſold out, in order to ſatisfy the ſame, without further notice, by

¶ JOHN WITMAN, junior, Goaler.

MARGARET DUNCAN

HAS removed her STORE, four doors above where ſhe formerly dwelt, and three doors below the corner of Arch-ſtreet, in Second-ſtreet; where ſhe has for ſale, a large aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable to the ſeaſon, imported in the laſt veſſels from Europe, which ſhe is determined to diſpoſe of, on the loweſt terms, for caſh, or the uſual credit.

N. B. Said *Duncan* has a number of LOTS, in Southwark, to LETT, on Groundrent. ¶ 6*W.*

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, ſituate in Saliſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, near Sarah Hopkins's Tavern, and within one mile of Pequea Meeting; late the eſtate of John Miller, deceaſed; containing 120 acres, part thereof cleared, the reſidue well timbered, ten acres of extraordinary meadow, and a great deal more can be made, and the whole well watered; good orchard, all grafted fruit, houſes, barn, and ſtables; the plantation is in very good repair, and the title indiſputable. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſaid tract of land, may know the terms of ſale, by applying to ELIZABETH, JOSEPH, or ALEXANDER MILLER, Executors, living on ſaid place.

October 31, 1772. ¶

IMPORTED, and to be SOLD, by DANIEL WILLIAMS, and SONS, At their ſtore, in Front-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut-ſtreet and the London Coffee-Houſe, Philadelphia,

A LARGE Aſſortment of ſuperfine, fine, middling, and coarſe BOULTING-CLOTHS.---Millers, and others, who are not ſkilled in chuſing them, may be ſupplied with thoſe, ſuitable for any or every branch of the boulting buſineſs, with particular directions reſpecting them, by informing them for which branch they are wanted. They have alſo a few pair of the beſt Cologne mill-ſtones to diſpoſe of. *Tbc.* 2*m.*

Philadelphia, October 30, 1772.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Second-ſtreet, laſt night, a dark brown MARE, about 14 hands high, and about 8 years old; ſhe hath neither brand nor ear-mark, but has had a lump under her near ſhoulder, which, however, is now ſo far gone that it is not obſerved, but by the ſkin's being looſer at that place than the reſt. She is a genteel creature, and a natural pacer. Whoever takes up the ſaid mare and thief, ſo that the owner may have the mare again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward of SIX POUNDS, and for the mare alone THREE POUNDS, and reaſonable charges, paid by me GEORGE SLOSSER. ‖

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Warminſter townſhip, Bucks county, near Nathaniel Ellicott's Tavern, in the night of the 26th of October laſt, a dark grey MARE, 7 years old, 14½ hands high, trots and paces ſwift, carries her head low, and has a lump under her belly, like a large navel. Whoever ſecures the thief and mare, ſo that the owner may have his mare, and the thief be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or THREE POUNDS for the thief, and FORTY SHILLINGS for the mare, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM MAN. ‖

TO BE SOLD,

A SMALL PLANTATION, ſituate in Benſalem townſhip, Bucks county; bounded by lands of Joſeph Galloway, and John Swift, Eſquires, Mr. James Benezet, and Herman Vanſant; containing 73 acres. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may be informed of the terms, by applying to RICHARD GIBBS. ‖

New-Caſtle County, St. George's Hundred, October 6, 1772.

TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

WAS broken open, a deſk, about the hour of 12 o' clock at night, on the 26th of September laſt paſt, and ſtolen out Fourteen Pounds Fifteen Shillings in caſh, a bundle of papers, with ſundry invoices and receipts, ſome notes, and an old leidger book of accounts. Whoever can give any intelligence of the above, ſo that they may be reſtored, and the thief or thieves brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward; or if the above leidger book of accounts, and bundle of papers be returned ſafe, ſhall have a reward of TEN POUNDS caſh, and no queſtions aſked them, paid by JOHN JONES. ‖ 7*s*6.

TO BE SOLD,

A SMALL plantation, or tract of LAND, containing 20 acres, under good fence, with a frame tenement, and ſmall orchard, ſituate in the Northern Liberties, about 4 miles from the city, on Frankford road, and on a two perch lane, by the lands of the heirs of Samuel Coats, deceaſed, to the weſt and northward, by the heirs of Samuel Clark, deceaſed, pleaſantly ſituated for a gentleman's country ſeat; the title indiſputable. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the above, may view the premiſes, and know the terms, by enquiring of the ſubſcriber, living on Mr. George Emlen's place, at the four mile ſtone, on Frankford road. ¶ FREDERICK PAST.

BOULTING-CLOTHS,

A LARGE and complete Aſſortment, of 5 and 6-qr. fine, ſuperfine, middling and coarſe, imported by ELLIS LEWIS, and to be ſold, on the loweſt Terms, at his Houſe, in Second-ſtreet, near Spruce-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

Millers and others, that are not well acquainted with BOULTING-CLOTHS, may depend on being ſupplied with the beſt in Quality, and Directions how to affix them on the Reels.-----A proportionable Diſcount will be made to thoſe that purchaſe to retail.

He has ſeveral Pair of Cologne Mill-ſtones on Hand, four Feet to four Feet four Inches broad, which will be ſold very low for Caſh or ſhort Credit. T. b. c. t. f.

CHINA, GLASS, and LIVERPOOL WARES, Of all Kinds, in Boxes, Hogſheads, and Crates, VARIOUSLY ASSORTED, Now ſelling by the IMPORTER, JOSEPH STANSBURY, Oppoſite CHRIST'S CHURCH, in Second-ſtreet. *T. b. c. t. f.*

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